Sharing knowledge What do you already know about refugees and the refugee experience? What do you think is important for others to know?

Activity	Thinking skill
Students brainstorm what they know about the refugee experience and represent their	Fluency
knowledge on slips of paper which can then be bundled or classified in different ways, such	,
as the source of the information, or the stages in a refugee's experience.	
Students brainstorm words and concepts they associate with the word refugee. They	Fluency
create displays or concept maps which can be added to as their knowledge develops	
(Rutter 1991 p 9).	
Students list all the people they can think of who are refugees. These may be people they	Fluency
know personally or famous people. Not a Matter of Choice and Australian Issues Collection	
have some examples.	
Students create and/or play a game of 'Jeopardy' (McGrath and Edwards p 72) with facts	Fluency
and information about refugees and their experiences.	
Students create acronyms or acrostic poems (McGrath and Edwards p 25) using the word	Fluency
refugee or other relevant words like welcome as a way of collating knowledge and ideas.	
Students create and carry out a survey to find out how much their classmates, school	Fluency
community, family or friends know about refugees (Rutter 1991 p 15, 1992 p 52). They then	
follow up by publicising or sharing the opinions or beliefs and the facts with those who	
completed the survey.	
Students complete a quick quiz about refugee statistics in pairs or small groups, making a	Fluency
guess at any answer they don't know. They then compare their answers with the facts and	
reflect on why they were or were not aware of particular information (Not a Matter of	
Choice).	
Students examine a number of pictures of Australians. They complete simple tasks which	Flexibility
require them to make judgements based only on the photograph or picture, such as 'Write	
down three words to describe each person', 'Make a prediction about the occupation of the	
person in the photograph' or 'Identify whether the person in the photograph is Australian-	
born, a migrant, a refugee, a displaced person or an asylum seeker.' They can then	
discuss in groups what their judgements were and how they came about. There is a series	
of photographs in the Not a Matter of Choice materials which can be used for this activity.	
Students could then view the final section of the video to see the occupations of the people	
photographed, who are all refugees.	
Students use plasticine or play dough to model or represent particular words relevant to the	Risk taking
refugee experience. This can be played as a game like Pictionary (Plastiscenery!) where	
other members of the class guess what is being modelled.	
Students work in cooperative groups to organise and create a public display for Refugee	Risk taking
Week, focusing on any aspect of the refugee experience.	