Overview of Measurement Attributes

	1.0		2.0		3.0			4.0		5.0		6.0
Length	• describe informally e.g. taller	rmally informal measure measure length usin		length using	 perimeters of shapes conversion between metric units 			 circumference of circles 		 composites and parts of figures e.g. arc length Pythagoras' theorem 		
Area	• describe informally e.g covers more	ı. inform	sure with al units e.g. with tiles		 calculate area of rectangles 				• calculate area of triangles and parallel'ms	• calculate areas e.g. circles, prisms, cylinders		
Volume and Capacity	describe informally e.g. holds more	measure wi units e.g. sco		• mea and estim using	 convert litres to mL 					ne of of 3-l is and	culate volume D shapes	
Mass	• describe informally e.g. heavier	• measure wi units e.g. brid		• mea and estim using		• con to g,	vert kg etc					
Time and Rates	 measure with informal units e.g. claps order days of the week 	• know calendar	 read clocks use hours a minutes 			• calculate durations			 solve problems involving simple rates (per unit time or area) 		• calculate rates in many contexts involving time (e.g. liquid flow) and not involving time (density, concentration, etc)	
Temperature		describe as hot, cold etc	• use degrees Celsius									
Angle					• estimate angles dynamically (half and quarter turn)	measure and estimate static angles using degrees	5		• measure reflex and obtuse angles		• calculate with degrees, minutes, seconds	• use radians
Metric measurement			• use cm	• use litre, metre, kilogram		to cm mL, e etc •conv		 recog base te signific of metu prefixe (milli, e 	en cance ric s	• use wide range of units and conversions		
	1.0		2.0		3.0			4.0		5.0		6.0