



# **Enrolment Frequently Asked Questions**

This document contains the most frequently asked questions about enrolments and school zones for Victorian government schools including specialist schools.

**NOTE:** In this document, *your local school* refers to a *designated neighbourhood government school*. Your child has the right to enrol in their local school. This right is set out in the Education and Training Reform Act 2006 (Vic).

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### **General information**

#### Who can I contact if I need more information about school zones?

Call the Victorian School Building Authority (VSBA) hotline on 1800 896 950 or email us at <u>vsba@education.vic.gov.au.</u>

#### Who can I contact if I need more information about enrolments?

Contact your local school. If you require further assistance, you can also <u>contact the Department of</u> <u>Education</u> on <u>1800 338 663</u> or via the <u>online form</u>.

#### How can I help someone who cannot speak English find their local school?

Call 1800 338 663 to speak to the Department of Education about assistance available.

### **School zones**

### Finding your local school and school zone

#### What is a designated neighbourhood school (referred to as your local school)?

Your designated neighbourhood school (local school) is generally the government school closest to your child's permanent residential address. Each residential address has both a local government primary and secondary school.

All children of compulsory school age have a right to be enrolled at their local school.

#### What is a school zone and how are they determined?

A school zone defines an area's designated neighbourhood government school (local school).

For children residing in metropolitan Melbourne, and in Ballarat, Bendigo or Geelong, their local school is usually the nearest government school in a straight line from the child's permanent address. In any other area of Victoria, it is usually the nearest school by the shortest practical route, recognising the additional travel distances often experienced in regional settings.

#### How can I find my local school?

All government primary and secondary schools are presented on the <u>Find my School</u> website. Type in your home address and the website will then find your local school.

#### Which schools have a school zone?

All local primary and secondary schools have a zone. Some campuses of multi-campus schools also have their own school zone.

Schools with different enrolment criteria, such as English language schools and selective entry high schools, do not have a school zone.

Specialist schools (for students with disability) do not have school zones but are included on the <u>Find my School</u> website to support parents and carers to make informed decisions about school options.





#### Why does Find my School show zones for the current and following school year?

School zones are shown for both the current and following school year in case they have been adjusted as part of the department's annual review of zones. When a new school is established, zones for neighbouring schools are adjusted to accommodate the new school.

Note: Most school zones do not change.

#### Why has my school zone changed between the current and following school year?

The department reviews school zones annually. Zones may be adjusted to reflect new schools opening, changing provision at existing schools (e.g., relocating a campus or changing year levels offered), improving school accessibility, or managing enrolment demand.

If your child is already enrolled at a school, they do not need to move schools because the zone has changed.

#### If my school zone is changing, can I enrol my child at either school?

You may apply to enrol at either school, but your child is only guaranteed a place at their local school for the year you are seeking enrolment.

#### Why is my local school not in my suburb?

School zones are not defined by suburban boundaries. For further information on how school zones are defined, refer to 'What is a school zone and how are they determined'.

#### Why am I in a different school zone to my neighbours?

In most instances, school zones are determined based on proximity. This means that you and your neighbour may be closer to different local schools.

#### What happens if Find my School cannot find or correctly locate my address?

In rare cases, an address may be imprecisely located or matched to an incorrect school zone. You can use the <u>Find my School</u> website to zoom in and verify that your address has been correctly matched by referring to the property boundary outlined on the map.

The address search function on <u>Find my School</u> uses your street address to identify the parcel of land that contains your residence. If your unit address doesn't appear on <u>Find my School</u>, your local school is the school designated for the street address.

If you are unable to locate your address, please contact <u>vsba@education.vic.gov.au</u>.

## Why do other mapping websites, such as Google Maps, show that I'm closer to a school that is not my zoned school?

The location point for all government schools is taken from the department's register of school locations. These locations may be different from what is used in other web maps such as Google.

## My child will have to cross a significant road to attend their local school. Why doesn't the zone stop at the main road?

The department recognises that some zones need to be aligned with natural geographical and structural barriers such as rivers and freeways, however, a main road is not usually considered to be a barrier to accessing a school.

#### My property sits across two or more school zones. Which is my local school?

If your property sits across multiple zones or is intersected by a school zone boundary, then your child has the right to attend any of these schools.





### **Non-standard zones**

#### What is a non-standard zone and why have some schools been given them?

A small number of school zones have been adjusted and are referred to as non-standard zones. These adjustments are designed to improve school accessibility or to manage enrolment demand.

If a non-standard zone is in place, then the zones from surrounding schools are adjusted to ensure that all children are designated a local school.

### Other zones and school types

# My address is showing multiple school zones on Find my School (e.g., a co-ed and a single sex secondary school zone). Which one is my local school?

In the example provided, both schools are your local school, and your child has the right to attend either school.

#### Which campus do I attend at a multi-campus school?

Contact the school directly and they will be able to direct you to the right campus for your child. You can see all the campuses on the <u>Find my School</u> website. In some cases, a campus of a multi-campus school may have its own school zone.

#### How have school zones for bilingual schools been determined?

Bilingual schools are local schools and have a zone consistent with the standard methodology.

## My child's local school is bilingual and half of the school curriculum is in a language other than English. Does my child have to attend this school?

If it is your local school, then your child is guaranteed a place at the school.

If you do not want your child to attend the school, you can request enrolment at your preferred government school. Applications are considered in line with the department's <u>Placement policy</u>.

#### Do single-sex schools have school zones?

Most single-sex schools have a school zone.

Zones for single-sex schools are not determined in the same way as other schools, as they do not represent a local school for all children, just a single sex.

#### Do flexible learning or select entry government schools have a zone?

These two types of government schools do not have school zones.

Flexible learning government schools are an important part of Victoria's education landscape. They provide an alternative offering to students and do not just draw from their local area.

Select entry schools do not have a zone because they are open to all students across the state.

#### Is there a map of Catholic and independent schools?

For more information on Catholic schools, you can contact the Catholic Education Office or visit: <u>https://vcea.catholic.edu.au/choosing-a-catholic-school/</u>

For independent schools that are members of Independent Schools Victoria you can visit: <u>https://is.vic.edu.au/</u>





### **Enrolment in a local school**

### **General enrolment queries**

#### How do I enrol my child in school?

Contact your local school or any other schools you are considering. Schools provide enrolment information and offer tours.

A school may ask you to complete either an application form or an enrolment form.

The application form requests the information a school needs to prioritise enrolments according to available places.

If a school offers you a place, you will be asked to complete the enrolment form. It is recommended that you only complete an enrolment form for the school your child will attend.

You may be asked to provide proof of address as a condition of your enrolment. Further information about enrolling in school can be found at: <u>Starting school</u>.

#### What documents do I need to enrol my child in school?

During the enrolment process you will be asked to provide supporting documentation such as your child's birth certificate and Immunisation History Statement.

If you do not have these documents, contact the school for advice and support.

#### I share custody of my child. How do I enrol them in school?

You must consult with all other adults with parental responsibility when enrolling your child in school, unless it is unsafe to do so. If there are reasons why the other parent should not be contacted, please let the school know. Parents and carers can co-sign the same form or complete separate forms.

#### My child has a disability. Can I still enrol them in our local school?

Every child has the right to attend their local school and may be enrolled at another school subject to sufficient accommodation. Children with disability have the same right to enrol in their local school as children without disability. All schools must make reasonable adjustments so that students with disability can learn and achieve on the same basis as other students. As well as local schools, there are a range of government specialist schools and education settings for students with specific disabilities and high needs.

For more information, see:

- Disability rights and adjustments in school
- Starting, attending and leaving school with disability
- Disability support at school
- Enrolling in school (See section: If your child has a disability)

#### What if my child is an international student?

If your child holds a fee-liable visa (for example a student or dependent student visa, visitor or tourist visa, or a bridging visa in some instances) you should apply for enrolment in a government school at <u>study.vic.gov.au</u> or apply directly to your school of choice if non-government (Catholic or independent). Some fee-liable international students, such as those holding most categories of dependent student visas, have the legal entitlement to a place at their designated neighbourhood school. Students who hold a subclass 500 student visa in their own name, however, may only attend a government school that is International Student Program accredited. This means they may not be able to attend their local school.



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If you have any further questions regarding international student enrolments, or wish to confirm whether your child's visa is fee-liable or fee-exempt, you can find further information at the above website, or can contact the International Education Division directly at international@education.vic.gov.au.

### **New schools**

#### How do I know about new schools opening in my area?

You can refer to the <u>VSBA website</u> to see where new schools are opening next year. The zones for these schools are available on the <u>Find my School</u> website.

#### How do I enrol at a new school opening next year?

Visit the <u>VSBA website</u> to find helpful information about new schools opening next year. Information will become available progressively during the year, including principal appointments, when you can attend an information session and how to enrol.

For other questions, contact the VSBA hotline on 1800 896 950.

### Placement policy and priority order of placement

#### How does a school decide who gets a place?

All children have the right to attend their designated neighbourhood school (known as their local school).

Sometimes a school may not have enough space to enrol all students from outside their zone.

In these cases, schools must manage enrolments using the department's Placement policy and priority order of placement. This outlines how to prioritise out of zone applications when limited places are available.

The priority order of placement for out of zone enrolments is:

- students with a sibling at the same permanent address who are attending the school at the same time
- all other students in order of closeness of their home to the school.

In exceptional circumstances, a student may be enrolled on compassionate grounds. Applications on compassionate grounds are considered on a case-by-case basis.

The department's Placement policy does not apply to schools with specific entry criteria, including specialist schools, English language schools, select entry schools, or community schools.

#### Does my child have to attend their local school, or can I choose a different school?

You can seek enrolment at schools other than your local school. Applications are considered in line with the department's Placement policy.

# I can see that siblings who do not live in the school zone are prioritised for enrolment. What is considered a sibling?

A sibling is defined to reflect modern family living arrangements. It includes, but is not limited to:

- younger and older siblings
- stepsiblings living at the same permanent address
- students living at the same permanent address as part of statutory out-of-home care arrangements, including foster care, kinship care, residential care and permanent care
- students permanently living together in the one residence as part of multiple family cohabitation.





# Schools can only enrol students who do not live in the school zone if they have sufficient accommodation. How do I know if a school has enough space to accept my child?

Your child is guaranteed a place at their local school, regardless of the school's capacity.

If you are seeking enrolment at another school, you can reach out to the school directly and ask if they are accepting out of zone students. Schools should be able to indicate if they have limited places available for out of zone students or can only enrol students who live in the school zone and siblings.

## My child attends an early childhood or kindergarten on school grounds. Are they eligible to enrol at the school?

You may seek enrolment at any school, however, attendance at a nearby early childhood facility or kindergarten does not guarantee that your child will be offered a place at the school.

Your child is guaranteed a place if they live within the school zone.

If you do not live in the school zone, you still have the choice to request enrolment at your preferred government school. Applications are considered in line with the Placement policy.

#### My circumstances are challenging and my local school is not suitable, what should I do?

We understand that not everyone's circumstances are the same, and that there are exceptional circumstances where enrolment on compassionate grounds may need to be considered. If this is the case, you should talk to the principal in the first instance. You can also contact a Community Liaison Officer in the Department of Education on 1800 338 663 or via the online form.

#### What evidence do I need to provide if seeking enrolment on compassionate grounds?

You may be asked to provide supporting documentation to demonstrate exceptional circumstances. Supporting documentation may include (but is not limited to):

- legal documentation
- reports from allied health and/or medical professionals, Department of Families, Fairness and Housing Practitioners, Victoria Police and/or family violence service
- court orders.

Each application will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis and schools will let you know what information is needed.

## I want my child to get into an accelerated learning program. Do they need to take an early test?

No, schools may only assess eligibility to participate in accelerated learning programs after you have received a placement offer.

Schools are not allowed to run testing before a placement offer has been made.

#### Can I seek placement or enrolment for my child under 'curriculum grounds'?

No, enrolment of out of zone students cannot be prioritised on curriculum grounds. However, schools have the flexibility to focus on particular learning areas depending on the needs and interests of their community.

In instances where a particular subject is not available, flexible learning opportunities can be explored. For example, <u>Virtual School Victoria</u> allows students to complete subjects not on offer at their school or unavailable due to timetabling clashes.



#### If my child is not offered a place at a school I have applied for, can I appeal the decision?

Yes, you have the right to appeal a non-placement decision with the school.

First, lodge a written appeal with the school. The school will be able to provide you with a template. Your appeal will be considered by the school's placement committee and/or principal.

If your appeal is unsuccessful and you are not satisfied that the school has correctly applied the Placement policy or adequately considered your circumstances in the assessment of your appeal, it can be escalated to the relevant Regional Director. To escalate an enrolment appeal, you should follow the instructions in your letter from the school. For further advice, contact <u>the Department of Education</u> on <u>1800 338 663</u> or via the <u>online form</u>.

### Verifying your address for enrolment

#### What is my child's permanent residence?

Your child's permanent residence is the address at which they permanently live at the time of seeking enrolment. If your child lives at multiple addresses, their permanent residence is the address at which they spend most of their weekdays.

#### How does the school verify my child's permanent residence?

Schools may request supporting documentation, such as copies of rental agreements or exchanged contracts of sale, to verify your permanent residence. To support this, you may be asked to complete a 100-point residential address check. Documents should show the same parent or carer name and address as recorded on the school enrolment application form.

If unsure what you need to provide, ask your local school or refer to 'Residential address check' on the <u>Enrolling in school</u> webpage.

## My child lives some of the time with their other parent, does this mean they have two local schools?

If your child resides at multiple addresses, their permanent residence is the address at which they spend most of their weekdays. If they spend an equal amount of time at two addresses, both addresses will be considered their permanent residence and they will be entitled to enrol at either school. However, that does not mean they can enrol at both schools.

The final choice of which school they attend rests with the parents or carers (or with the student if they are an adult or mature minor for the purpose of making enrolment decisions).

#### Can schools reject an enrolment application if my lease is shorter than 12 months?

It is not acceptable for a school to disregard a rental agreement that is shorter than 12 months if it accurately reflects your residential circumstances. However, the school may seek further information closer to enrolment. If your child's permanent residence changes after a placement offer is made and before they start school, the offer may be withdrawn.

#### I am unable to provide evidence of my child's permanent residence. What should I do?

If you are unable to provide proof of permanent residence because of your individual circumstances, you can seek advice from your local school in the first instance. You can also contact a Community Liaison Officer in <u>the Department of Education</u> on <u>1800 338 663</u> or via the <u>online form</u>.





### **Specialist schools**

#### What is a specialist school?

Specialist schools are education settings for students with disability and high needs. Specialist schools and campuses can be co-located with local schools or operate as standalone facilities.

#### Do specialist schools have school zones?

No, specialist schools do not have school zones. You may choose to seek enrolment at any specialist school, provided your child is eligible for enrolment and there is sufficient accommodation at the school.

#### How do I find my nearest specialist school?

Visit the <u>Find my School</u> website, type in your home address and click on the 'Specialist' schools tab to find your five nearest specialist schools (listed in order of proximity to your home address).

Find my School also provides contact details for each school and their specialisation. The school's specialisation determines their enrolment eligibility criteria.

#### How do I find out if my child is eligible to attend a specialist school?

Specialist schools have specific enrolment eligibility criteria. These eligibility criteria are outlined in the specialist school's enrolment policy, which can be accessed on their website. You can also contact the specialist school directly to find out what their eligibility criteria are, using the details available on the <u>Find my School</u> website. Alternatively, you can contact your <u>regional office</u> who can provide information about various schools' eligibility criteria.

## The specialist school search results include each school's specialisation. What does this mean?

Specialist school programs are designed to meet the education and support needs of students with specific disabilities and are categorised according to the type of disability they cater for. These school categories are called 'specialisations' on the <u>Find my School</u> website.

For more information on the specialisations (specialist school category), click on the information icon next to each specialisation on <u>Find my School</u>. It is important to note that this is only a guide. It is recommended that you contact the school or your <u>regional office</u> to discuss your child's eligibility to enrol.

#### How do I enrol my child in a specialist school?

Contact your chosen specialist school to find out more about their enrolment policy (including eligibility criteria) and how to apply. Regional offices work with specialist schools to support enrolment decisions.

#### Can I get help with transporting my child to a specialist school?

If you enrol your child in a specialist school, you may be able to get support with transport.

Refer to 'Transport of students with disability' FAQs below.





### Transport for students attending a local government school

#### Is there any assistance with travelling to school?

Yes, there are a range of transportation options for eligible young people, including the:

- School Bus Program
- conveyance allowance.

Students may also be eligible for discounted travel through a child myki card or a Victorian Student Pass. For more information, see: <u>Travelling to School</u>.

# Will my child still be able to catch the bus to school if zones change, if they are already attending the school?

Yes, they will be granted an exemption to continue with their existing travel arrangements.

Any child – and their siblings – who currently catches a school bus will still be able to catch a school bus.

While school zones will continue to be reviewed annually, the department will work with schools to identify active travel opportunities.

### Transport for students with disability

#### What is a Designated Transport Area (DTA)?

A DTA is a geographical area in which the department provides travel support to a school. Most specialist schools for students with disability have designated transport areas. If you live in these areas, you may be able to get help with transporting your child to and from the school.

DTAs are not enrolment zones. You may choose to enrol your child at any specialist school, provided they are eligible for enrolment and there is available space at the school. However, only students residing in the DTA of the specialist school they attend are eligible for transport assistance.

For more information, see: Getting to and from school for students with a disability.

#### How are designated transport areas determined?

DTAs are designed to ensure that bus travel times do not exceed 120 minutes in either direction for any student. DTAs are established or amended by the Student Transport Unit of the Department of Education.

#### Which schools have designated transport areas?

Most specialist schools have DTAs. There are a small number of specialist schools that do not have DTAs, generally because they are state-wide providers. This includes deaf education specialist schools. Students attending these schools may still be eligible for transport assistance under the Students with Disabilities Transport Program. Families can contact these schools directly for information about student transport assistance.

#### How can I find out if my address is in the designated transport area for a specialist school?

Enter your address into the <u>Find my transport area</u> search function on the <u>Getting to and from</u> <u>school for students with a disability</u> webpage. Clicking on any result will show a map of the full DTA for that school.

You can also contact schools directly for information about their DTA.





#### Has the designated transport area for my child's specialist school changed?

DTAs are generally only changed when new specialist settings open. Where a student continues to attend the same school, transport arrangements will continue to be supported in line with the DTA when the student was first enrolled.

## If the designated transport area search function says I live in the DTA for a particular school, does this mean my child can enrol at this school?

DTAs are not school zones and do not determine eligibility to enrol at a specialist school. Specialist schools have enrolment criteria that determine a student's eligibility. To learn more about a specialist school's enrolment criteria, visit the school website, contact the school directly or contact the relevant regional office.

# If the designated transport area search function says I live in the DTA for a particular school, does this mean my child is eligible for transport assistance?

The DTA search function allows families to find which specialist school DTAs they live in. Residing in the DTA of the specialist school is only one of the eligibility criteria for the Students with Disabilities Transport Program. For further information on what transport assistance is available, including eligibility see: <u>Getting to and from school for students with disability</u>.

## The designated transport area search function says my address is in the DTA for multiple specialist schools. What does this mean?

If your address is within the DTA for multiple specialist schools, your child may be eligible for transport assistance if you choose to enrol your child at one of these schools.

#### How do I apply for transport assistance to a specialist school?

When enrolling your child at a specialist school, please speak with the school regarding access to transport assistance. The school will provide the relevant information and forms and may assist in completing your application.

#### When do DTAs get updated?

DTAs are reviewed if:

- a new specialist school nearby is established
- an existing school is closed or re-located
- the demographics of an area change significantly.

DTAs are established or amended by the department's Student Transport Unit.