

W

<u>w</u>et

<u>r</u>at

Phonics Patterns (Graphemes)

Note that the 44 sounds (phonemes) have multiple spellings (graphemes) and only the most common ones have been provided in this summary.

Introductory graphemes

а е 0 u c<u>a</u>t l<u>eg</u> s<u>i</u>t top r<u>u</u>b b d k c р t g <u>b</u>et <u>t</u>ip <u>d</u>ip <u>k</u>it <u>c</u>ap <u>p</u>et gap f <u>s</u>ue fan van <u>m</u>et <u>n</u>et <u>z</u>00

> x qu bo<u>x</u> <u>qu</u>it

<u>l</u>eg

У

<u>y</u>ak

j

<u>J</u>ane

h

<u>h</u>at

Basic graphemes

Basic vowel digraphs/trigraphs (long vowels, plus short "oo")





igh h<u>igh</u>

ow fl<u>ow</u>

00 m<u>oo</u>n

00 b<u>oo</u>k

Consonant digraphs (basic)

sh <u>sh</u>ip

ch <u>ch</u>ain

th <u>th</u>in

th <u>th</u>is

ck <u>k</u>it <u>с</u>ар

ng si<u>ng</u>

Doublets (occurs at end of syllable)

ff pu<u>ff</u>

Ш wi<u>ll</u>

SS hi<u>ss</u>

ZZ ja<u>zz</u>

Intermediate graphemes

Magic E



e_e P<u>e</u>t<u>e</u> i_e s<u>i</u>t<u>e</u> o_e c<u>ope</u>

u_e c<u>u</u>b<u>e</u>

Long Vowel Digraphs (intermediate)

ay tr<u>ay</u> ea y b<u>ea</u>t happ<u>y</u> ie y p<u>ie</u> wh<u>y</u> oe t<u>oe</u> ue c<u>ue</u>

ar c<u>ar</u> er ir ur h<u>er</u> b<u>ir</u>d h<u>ur</u>t or c<u>or</u>k

ow ou c<u>ow</u> <u>ou</u>t oy oi b<u>oy</u> v<u>oi</u>d

eer ear d<u>eer</u> n<u>ear</u> air ere h<u>air</u> th<u>ere</u> our t<u>our</u>

Consonant Digraphs/Trigraphs (intermediate)

"zh" si ge s vi<u>si</u>on bei<u>ge</u> trea<u>s</u>ure ch s<u>ch</u>ool ch <u>ch</u>ute wh when

tch wi<u>tch</u>

e<u>dge</u>

dge

Double and triple blends

Initial: e.g. sl-, sk-, tr-, cl-, cr-, str-, spl-Final: e.g. -lt, nk, sp, -sks

Introduction to unstressed syllables

SCHWA

trump<u>e</u>t <u>a</u>cross s<u>u</u>ppose

Advanced graphemes / spelling rules

There are numerous other useful graphemes and spelling rules, but these will not be listed exhaustively. If a grapheme or spelling rule is not listed above, it can be considered more advanced.

See the Literacy Teaching Toolkit for more information.

