Secretary's letter

Creating a world class education system means equal dedication to delivering excellence and equity. The Department of Education and Training is focused on creating a pathway to lifelong learning for all Victorians, from early childhood, in schools and on to higher education and training. Our focus on delivering the Victorian Government's Education State reforms has seen improvements in outcomes for people in all stages of education and training.

The Education State starts in the early years. That's why the Department is continuing to deliver a suite of early childhood education reforms, to make the system bigger, better and fairer. This year, the Department introduced an Australian-first school readiness funding package, to build a more equitable early childhood education system. Since January, the funding has supported 580 kindergarten services in 25 local government areas, along with all Aboriginal Community Controlled Organisations, to address disadvantage and improve outcomes.

There have been significant improvements in the participation of priority groups of children in kindergarten because of our focused efforts and close collaboration with the early childhood education sector. Aboriginal children's participation in the year before school rose from 1,331 children in 2017 to 1,499 children in 2018. This is now comparable in percentage terms with non-Aboriginal children. The number of three-year-old children enrolled in kindergarten through the Early Start Kindergarten and the Access to Early Learning programs also rose from 1,667 in 2017 to 2,048 in 2018.

The Department has delivered programs to support leadership and practice improvements at kindergartens and schools. Leadership support benefited 155 services in 2018–19 and a further 60 received intensive mentoring and professional development support to boost the effectiveness of their educational programs. This year, we continued implementing the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy Phase 2 – a key pillar for our students to continue their learning in these foundational skills.

This strategy was accompanied by the development and implementation of the Middle Years Literacy and Numeracy Support initiative, which recruited 326 improvement and 29 network teachers to provide schools with extra, specialised support. In addition, 830 schools participated in the Department's Professional Learning Communities program and more than 200 Leading Literacy and Numeracy courses were held to improve teacher and leadership capability.

Student health and wellbeing is another key foundational support for lifelong learning excellence. That's why this year, the Department implemented a new health, wellbeing and inclusion model and trialled the Supporting Student Cohorts Affected by Family Violence initiative. Our new data collection processes more clearly identified those students needing additional support.

We are also well on the way to establishing the Mental Health Practitioners initiative, to provide every government secondary school with a suitably qualified on-campus mental health practitioner. To further our world class education system, we are building on the successes of our *Skills First* reforms. In 2018–19, we made significant progress towards ensuring students can access quality training leading to real jobs. This included rolling out the Government's Free TAFE for Priority Courses initiative. This initiative has doubled the number of enrolled students and boosted female participation in training to 59 per cent, from January to March 2019, compared to 51 per cent at the same time in 2018.

We have increased job security for TAFE teachers with a new multi-enterprise agreement that increases the number, scheduling and delivery of teaching hours. We have also strengthened our quality oversight program so contracts are only offered to providers with a demonstrated history of delivering quality training.

The Government's significant \$4.1 billion education investment in the 2019–20 Victorian State Budget will keep lifting outcomes in our early childhood education services, schools, higher education, and training and skills centres.

The budget delivered the largest investment in school and kindergarten infrastructure in Victoria's history. It also commits us to the most profound educational reform in our history of early learning—universal, subsidised kindergarten for three-year-olds.

Of course, none of this would be possible without the hard work, commitment, and responsiveness of our dedicated staff, early childhood educators, teachers, school support staff, principals, and Vocational Education and Training providers. I'd also like to extend my gratitude to our many partner agencies and stakeholders for their support, as we achieve outcomes that influence millions of lives.

This is an exciting time for our Department. It is time to keep building on our foundations and deliver the excellence and equity in education that Victorians seek and deserve.

I look forward to leading the Department into our next phase of reform.

Jenny Atta Secretary

Table of contents

YEAR IN REVIEW	4
STATEMENT OF STRATEGIC INTENT	
PURPOSE AND FUNCTIONS	
CHANGES TO THE DEPARTMENT DURING 2018–19	
ACHIEVEMENTS	
OBJECTIVES, INDICATORS AND OUTPUTS	
PROGRESS TOWARDS ACHIEVING DEPARTMENTAL	
PERFORMANCE AGAINST OUTPUT PERFORMANCE	
FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY	
GOVERNANCE AND ORGANISATIONAL STRU	
THE DEPARTMENT'S MINISTERS	
THE DEPARTMENT'S SENIOR EXECUTIVES	
ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE	
GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE	
STATUTORY AUTHORITIES AND BOARDS	
WORKFORCE DATA	
PUBLIC SECTOR VALUES AND EMPLOYMENT PRINCI	PLES
OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY	
WORKERS' COMPENSATION	
COMPARATIVE WORKFORCE DATA	
WORKFORCE DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION	
INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS	
PECUNIARY INTERESTS SHARES HELD BY SENIOR OFFICERS	
OTHER DISCLOSURES	
VICTORIA'S SOCIAL PROCUREMENT FRAMEWORK	
LOCAL JOBS FIRST	
GOVERNMENT ADVERTISING EXPENDITURE	
CONSULTANCY EXPENDITURE	
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY DISCLOSURE OF MAJOR CONTRACTS	
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION	
COMPLIANCE WITH DATAVIC ACCESS POLICY	
COMPLIANCE WITH THE BUILDING ACT 1993	
COMPETITIVE NEUTRALITY POLICY	
COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROTECTED DISCLOSURE	Аст 2012 106
COMPLIANCE WITH DISABILITY ACT 2006	
COMPLIANCE WITH CARERS RECOGNITION ACT 20	
OFFICE-BASED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS	
DETAILS OF CHANGES IN PRICES, FEES, CHARGES,	
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST	⁻
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST ATTESTATION FOR FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COMP	
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST ATTESTATION FOR FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COMP DIRECTION 5.1.4	
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST ATTESTATION FOR FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COMP DIRECTION 5.1.4 DETAILS OF PUBLICATIONS ABOUT THE DEPARTME	LIANCE WITH MINISTERIAL STANDING 118 NT
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST ATTESTATION FOR FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COMP DIRECTION 5.1.4 DETAILS OF PUBLICATIONS ABOUT THE DEPARTME ABOUT THIS REPORT	LIANCE WITH MINISTERIAL STANDING 118 NT
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST ATTESTATION FOR FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COMP DIRECTION 5.1.4 DETAILS OF PUBLICATIONS ABOUT THE DEPARTME	LIANCE WITH MINISTERIAL STANDING 118 NT

Year in review

The Department of Education and Training is delivering the Victorian Government's commitment to making Victoria the Education State, providing all Victorians with the best learning and development experience, regardless of their background, postcode or circumstances. Education provides all Victorians with the skills and knowledge they need to actively participate in, and contribute to, our rapidly changing economy and society.

The Statement of Strategic Intent outlined in the *Department's Strategic Plan* 2018–22 guides the provision of high-quality education, training, development, and child health and wellbeing services. Following this plan, the Department seeks to meet its objectives, including the Victorian Government's Education State targets.

Statement of Strategic Intent

The Department's Statement of Strategic Intent is:

Together we give every Victorian the best learning and development experience, making our state a smarter, fairer and more prosperous place.

As part of this, our vision is:

- children and young people are confident, optimistic, healthy and resilient
- students reach their potential, regardless of background, place, circumstance or abilities
- Victorians develop knowledge, skills and attributes needed now and for the jobs of the future
- the Department's workforce is high-performing, empowered, valued and supported.

Our objectives in achieving our strategic intent and vision are to:

- ensure Victorians have equitable access to quality education and training
- work with providers and partners to build an integrated birth-to-adulthood education and development system
- support children, young people and adults with well-coordinated universal and targeted services close to where they live
- activate excellence, innovation and economic growth.

In pursuing these objectives, the Department is committed to the Victorian public sector values of:

- responsiveness
- integrity
- impartiality
- accountability
- respect
- leadership
- human rights.

These public sector values underpin the behaviours rightly expected of all public sector employees. Acting consistently with these values strengthens the capacity of the Department to operate effectively and achieve its objectives.

Purpose and functions

The Department is responsible for delivering and regulating statewide learning and development services to at least one-third of all Victorians across the early childhood, school education, and training and skills sectors. The table below outlines the Department's services for 2018–19.

Early childhood	School education	Training and skills
Birth to 8	5 to 18	15 to 65+
More than 400,000 children and families	More than 970,000 students	More than 346,000 participants in government- subsidised vocational education and training (VET)
 Maternal and Child Health (MCH) services Early years learning and development including early childhood education and care (ECEC) services Early childhood intervention services (ECIS) Supported playgroups and parenting supports 	 Primary education Secondary education Special education Health and wellbeing 	 Technical and further education (TAFE) Universities Private registered training providers Learn Locals
We have a diverse range of p	oublic, private and not-for-pr	ofit providers serving
 Victorians of all ages: More than 4,200 approved education and care services providing long day care, kindergarten, outside-school-hours care, and family day care Approximately 380 licensed children's services providing limited-hour services such as occasional care 657 MCH service locations 	 1,539 government schools 715 non- government schools (496 Catholic schools and 219 independent schools) 	 12 TAFE institutes 8 public universities (four of which also provide vocational training), one specialised university, and campuses of the multi-state Australian Catholic University 266 community-owned and managed not-for-profit organisations registered with the Adult Community and Further Education (ACFE) Board as Learn Local organisations eligible to deliver pre-accredited training 321 government-contracted private registered training organisations (RTOs)

The Department's services by sector in 2018–19

Changes to the Department during 2018–19

As part of machinery-of-government changes, effective from 1 January 2019 the MCH services and early parenting services were transferred to the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS).

Discontinued operations

For the early childhood development output group, three measures relating to MCH services were transferred to DHHS.

Direct costs attributable to machinery of government changes

There were no direct costs attributable to the machinery of government change incurred by the Department or its entities that are consolidated into the Department's annual report pursuant to section 53(1)(b) of the *Financial Management Act 1994* (FM Act).

Achievements

The Education State is providing every Victorian with the knowledge, capabilities and attributes they need to thrive throughout their lives, and with the skills employers expect and industry needs. During 2018–19, the Department continued implementing the Government's statewide Education State reforms across early childhood education, school education, and the higher education and training and skills sectors.

Earlier and more connected support

- An estimated 92.1 per cent of eligible children attended four-year-old kindergarten in the year before starting school in 2018. While slightly lower than previous years this is strong by national standards. The numbers of Aboriginal children participating in four-year-old kindergarten increased from 1,331 children in 2017 to 1,499 in 2018. This is now equitable in percentage terms with non-Aboriginal children.
- Through the Pre-Purchased Places program in 2018, the Department reserved 663 kindergarten places across Victoria for vulnerable and disadvantaged children who may present at services outside normal enrolment periods. Pre-Purchased Places are now a permanent part of kindergarten funding, aimed at addressing systemic barriers to kindergarten enrolment.
- In 2018–19, the Department successfully introduced School Readiness funding. This Australian-first initiative aims to address educational disadvantage and improve outcomes for children in kindergarten. Around 580 kindergartens in 25 Local Government Areas (LGAs) and all Aboriginal Community Controlled Organisations benefited from the funding. Commencing in Term 1, 2019, the funding supports children in three priority areas:
 - o communication (language development)
 - wellbeing (social and emotional)
 - o access and inclusion.
- The Department's Online Transition Learning and Development Statement is making it easier for kindergarten services to support a child's transition to government schools, by sharing their learning progress information. For the first time the Online Transition Learning and Development Statement can be linked to the individual child's assessment record as they start school, allowing Prep teachers to better understand the child's educational background and to plan an appropriate learning and teaching program.
- The School-wide Positive Behaviour Support initiative helps schools to improve social, emotional, behavioural and academic outcomes for children and young people. The initiative enables teachers and students to establish a clearly defined set of behaviours to develop a positive, safe and supportive learning environment. The initiative is being implemented in 410 schools (27 per cent of all Victorian government schools). This equates to:
 - o 23 per cent of all primary schools
 - 29 per cent of all secondary schools
 - 35 per cent of all P-12 schools
 - 58 per cent of all special schools
 - 25 per cent of language schools.

- In 2019, the Department provided 181 accredited community language schools with increased per capita funding (from \$215 to \$245 per student) to support students learning their home or heritage language. An additional 2,272 students were funded to learn a language at a community language school, increasing enrolments to 38,730 in 2019.
- The Department designed and implemented a health, wellbeing and inclusion practice model based on international best practice. It provides guidance and support for area-based health, wellbeing and inclusion workforces to:
 - improve collaboration between schools and area multidisciplinary teams
 - build a common language around health and wellbeing
 - improve the quality of interventions and supports provided to schools.
- The Department established the Mental Health Practitioners initiative. By 2022 this initiative will provide every government secondary school campus with a suitably qualified, school-based mental health practitioner.
- The Department partnered with Headspace and Victoria's primary healthcare networks to provide dedicated access to Headspace counselling for government school students. Students can now access Victoria's 24 Headspace centres and a telephone counselling line.
- The Head Start Apprenticeships and Traineeships initiative was established in more than 100 schools, supported by 54 new Head Start staff embedded in schools. Head Start allows students to spend more time undertaking paid, onthe-job training while completing their Victorian Certificate of Education (VCE) or Victorian Certificate of Applied Learning (VCAL) at school.
- On the tenth anniversary of the 2009 Victorian bushfires, the Department delivered the bushfires funding initiative to provide targeted leadership and learning support to affected students and staff. The initiative sought to ensure students' needs were fully identified and staff had the right tools to support their academic progress.
- The Inclusive Education Equipment Boost for Schools initiative delivered \$13.2 million to Victorian government schools to help students with disabilities and additional needs. Initiatives included:
 - flexible funding of \$7.7 million (\$5,000 to each Victorian government school)
 - \$2.4 million of specialised equipment to over 300 schools
 - \$1.5 million to the Statewide Vision Resource Centre's Blind and Low Vision Technology Library
 - \$200,000 of equipment and technology to support visiting teacher caseloads
 - \$579,000 to the Victorian School Building Authority (VSBA) to purchase and install hearing/amplification equipment and develop resource and best practice guidance for using assistive technologies and hearing equipment.
- The Department delivered a \$42 million suite of initiatives under the Additional Supports for Students with Disabilities package to increase their

participation, achievement and wellbeing. This included specialised equipment, scholarships for teachers and staff and funding to ensure government schools are taking an inclusive approach to students at every level.

- This year, the Department continued to deliver Marrung: Aboriginal Education Plan 2016–2026 to improve outcomes for Koorie learners including:
 - overseeing cultural understanding and safety training for all government school staff
 - administering the Marrung Education Scholarship for high-achieving Koorie students
 - developing an online resource package for teachers of students that speak Koorie English
 - developing options for a revised approach to supporting Koorie learners to engage and participate successfully in VET
 - coordinating the Certificate III in Learning an Endangered Aboriginal Language—the first course of its kind in Victoria.

Innovation and quality

- In another Victorian first, around 160 kindergarten services were selected, through an expression of interest, to deliver the Early Childhood Language Program. The program started in 2019 and helps 5,000 children to learn in another language.
- As part of broader Victorian Government drought relief initiatives, more than 30 funded kindergarten services received financial hardship grants of up to \$10,000. More than 600 families also received support through the Drought Kindergarten Fee Subsidy, enabling free or low cost access to kindergarten programs.
- This year, the Department welcomed over 5,500 international students from over 80 different countries into Victorian government schools and hosted 51 delegations from 20 countries and regions. This included 17 teacher delegations from Jiangsu Province, China, with which Victoria celebrated its 40th year sister state anniversary.
- The Department expanded the award-winning Victorian Young Leaders to China program to include India and Indonesia. Over 1,600 Year 9 students were funded to participate, with 25 per cent of places fully-funded for students from low socio-economic backgrounds. A further 1,000 Victorian government school places were provided to students from low socio-economic backgrounds and regional schools to participate in workshops and activities across Victoria. This included building intercultural capability through the Globally Engaged Learners program that provided funding for students to participate in six international education programs.
- The Department led education initiatives in the Victorian Government's India Strategy, including the Women in School Leadership pilot program, a reciprocal program in Victoria and India that builds the leadership capability of female school leaders. Eleven Victorian Government schools also received \$120,000 to connect with Indian communities.
- The Child Information Sharing (CIS) scheme allows authorised organisations and professionals who work with children, young people and their families to

share information to promote wellbeing and safety. The Department is the Whole of Victorian Government lead for the CIS scheme. In September 2018, the Department commenced and implemented the CIS scheme across several secondary and tertiary professional cohorts.

- The Department also completed the implementation of 10 state-of-the-art tech schools, as part of the Government's \$128 million commitment to expand the reach of tech schools. These innovative science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) community hubs are owned and operated by a Victorian tertiary provider and governed in partnership with local schools, industry and other stakeholders. All 10 are fully operational and delivering cutting edge STEM learning programs to students from partner schools.
- In 2018–19, as part of the Music in Schools initiative, 150 schools received grants of \$5,000 to purchase music-related resources including musical instruments. In addition, 158 teachers across 75 schools participated in the DUET school music mentoring professional learning program. The 2018 State Schools Spectacular brought together more than 3,000 students from over 200 schools to perform to total audiences of more than 560,000 people.
- The Department commenced implementation of a suite of initiatives designed to transform career education in Victorian government schools, including My Career Insights, a new career advisory service providing one-on-one diagnostic assessment and career advice, and rollout of My Career Portfolio to Year 9 students. These initiatives will build the self-awareness and decision making skills of students in Years 7–9, so they can make informed, confident course and career choices in Years 10–12 and beyond.
- More than \$3 million in additional funding has been provided to schools to support the delivery of high-quality VET programs. This includes a new TAFE supplement to enable more schools to purchase high-quality programs from TAFE providers.
- The Department strengthened the eligibility and evaluation criteria for VET providers in its 2018–19 VET funding contracts. It also implemented a rigorous program of monitoring, investigating, and auditing VET provider requirements. This new program ensures that only the highest quality providers are selected to offer government subsidised training and education.
- During 2018–19, the Department continued to strengthen the links between Victoria's VET system and industry demand, to create a pipeline of skilled workers to meet current and future demand. In 2018–19, \$29.2 million was provided in Workforce Training and Innovation Fund grants to encourage industry bodies, businesses, TAFEs, and training organisations to form partnerships and explore new approaches to skills development, training methods and product design.
- The Department also reintroduced trade papers for graduating apprentices, to signal to employers and customers that the holder can apply occupational skills and is job ready.
- The Free TAFE for Priority Courses initiative reflects the Department's commitment to improve access to training that leads to real jobs. Fifty

courses are available and the financial barriers to training have been reduced, supporting students to develop skills that respond to industry demands.

• Free TAFE is bringing more people into the VET system, and attracting people who would not otherwise enrol. In the first quarter of 2019, more than 19,000 students began Free TAFE courses, more than twice the number from the same time last year. Free TAFE has also boosted female enrolments. From January to March 2019, 59 per cent of all Free TAFE students were female compared to 51 per cent at the same time in 2018.

World class facilities

- High-quality education and training services require world class facilities. The Department successfully registered nine new government schools for opening in Term 1, 2019 and completed 149 modernisation projects. The Department also carried out 348 school condition assessments as part of a rolling facilities evaluation program to assess each Victorian government school every five years.
- In November 2018 the Department's online School Maintenance Plan portal started helping schools budget, schedule and manage asset maintenance.
- The Department is implementing the Government's TAFE facilities modernisation program, which provides a prioritised pipeline of refurbishment and development projects. The projects upgrade TAFEs with world-class facilities to enhance the learner experience, reflect the values and culture of the local community, and align with the Government's Greener Government Building initiative. In 2018–19, three key redevelopment projects were funded:
 - Gippsland, Morwell—including a Future Skills Training Centre and a Technical Training Centre of Excellence
 - Gippsland, Port of Sale—consolidating facilities and services into a new educational community and industry hub
 - Bendigo Kangan Institute, Bendigo City Campus—developing a mixed-use education, community, arts and commercial precinct.
- The Government's reopening of Box Hill Institute's Lilydale campus resulted in new facilities and courses, including an integrated child care centre, an on-campus business service providing a key venue for corporate conferences and events, and a new off-site construction technologies diploma-level course.

Leadership and our workforces

- The Early Childhood Scholarships Program was launched on 1 October 2018 to fund people to develop a career in early childhood education. Over 231 scholarships have been delivered and 600 beginning teachers supported with grants to move them from provisional to full teacher registration with the Victorian Institute of Teaching (VIT).
- Early Abilities Based Learning and Education Support (ABLES) is an online tool that supports educators to plan and provide a more personalised learning experience for two to five year olds with disabilities or developmental delays. In 2018–19, 2,173 children were assessed, and professional learning provided to 145 nominated early childhood educator champions. Since 2016,

601 services have utilised the tool, with 51 per cent of services engaging directly in 2018–19.

- The Kindergarten Quality Improvement program supported approximately 155 services in 2018–19 to improve their leadership and management. A further 60 services are also being supported to improve educational programs and practices through intensive mentoring and professional development.
- Ninety leaders from primary schools and kindergartens are participating in the Department's Leading Assessment for Learning and Development—a community of practice approach. This program strengthens local decision making and develops a shared dialogue on assessment and transition practices between kindergartens and school leadership teams. The Changing the Climate conference held in March 2019 brought together 1,008 early childhood education, school and departmental staff to improve the development and sustainability of a positive learning climate.
- The Department implemented the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy Phase 2: Achieving Excellence and Equity in Literacy and Numeracy and released a revised school leaders' guide to improving literacy and numeracy outcomes.
- The Department also developed and implemented the Middle Years Literacy and Numeracy Support (MYLNS) initiative. The \$183 million initiative included:
 - recruiting 459 improvement teachers and 29 network teachers to give students additional teaching support to improve their literacy and numeracy
 - recruiting 19 student achievement managers to support and monitor the work of MYLNS teachers in schools
 - the development of a comprehensive suite of professional teaching and learning resources to support the newly recruited literacy and numeracy improvement and network teachers.
- The Professional Learning Communities (PLC) initiative builds a culture of collaborative teaching and continuous learning, and is currently implemented in 830 schools. To grow and implement the initiative quickly the Department:
 - recruited 17 PLC regional managers
 - established 17 PLC link schools
 - published a range of supporting resources on the Department's website.
- Seventeen area School-wide Positive Behaviour Support coaches facilitated professional learning to 1,243 school staff from 272 schools, including ongoing coaching support.
- The Differentiated Support for School Improvement (DSSI) initiative supported 230 schools to strengthen teaching and leadership practices.
- The Bastow Institute of Educational Leadership professional learning programs continue to engage and support teachers and principals. In the 2018 calendar year, there were:
 - 1,448 principals in leadership programs
 - o 999 assistant principals in leadership development
 - 4,981 other staff in leadership development

- o 660 staff in leading literacy and mathematics courses.
- By 2019 more than 2,600 pre-service teachers had completed practicum placements in 146 schools as part of a two-year Teaching Academies of Professional Practice agreement between schools and universities.
- The Department supported Victoria and Deakin universities to place 55 high-performing pre-service teachers into Victorian schools as part of the National Exceptional Teachers for Disadvantaged Schools initiative.
- In June 2019, 4,800 school leaders, school improvement teams and learning specialists attended the Education State School Leadership Conference: Leading Learning for Excellence. Participants had access to 19 leadership workshops with high calibre local and international expert practitioners, as well as reflective and interactive plenary sessions.
- Statewide professional development programs and registrations support for casual relief teachers (CRTs) were delivered through partnerships with the Teacher Learning Network and the VIT. Over 2,300 CRTs benefited from accessing professional development programs through the Teacher Learning Network portal or face-to-face professional development workshops in 2018–19.
- The introduction of a minimum Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) score of 70 for entry into teaching courses was introduced, effective from January 2019. This was promptly exceeded—the first cohort of university applicants offered places had a minimum ATAR of 76.
- The Department is delivering the Primary Maths and Science Specialist initiative training to 299 government school teachers to support whole school improvement in maths, or science or both.
- The Department's focus on reform also included implementing a new TAFE multi-enterprise agreement in October 2018. The agreement includes significant reforms to the number, scheduling and delivery of teaching hours. The reforms increase job security for TAFE employees, and at the same time improve the student experience through greater flexibility in when, where, and how students learn.

Objectives, indicators and outputs

The Department's progress is reported under the objectives, outputs and indicators set out in the 2018–19 State Budget Paper No. 3 Service Delivery (BP3) as shown in the following table.

Progress and performance reporting

The Department's progress towards the BP3 objectives and indicators, and its performance against the output performance measures, is reported on pages 17–53.

Departmental objectives, indicators and linked outputs (BP3)

Objectives	Indicators	Outputs
Achievement Raise standards of learning and development achieved by Victorians using education, training, development and child health services.	 Children developmentally 'on track' on the Australian Early Development Census (AEDC) in the language and cognitive skills domains¹ Proportion of early childhood services meeting or exceeding National Quality Standard Area 1 (NQSA1—educational program and practice) Students meeting the expected standard in national and international literacy and numeracy assessment² Average score in science (Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) 15-year-olds) in Victoria compared to global top performers² Percentage of positive responses to teacher collaboration within school³ Year 12 or equivalent completion rates of young people³ VET course completions Certificate III or above course completions Proportions of graduates with improved employment status after training 	 Strategy, review and regulation Early childhood development School education—primary School education—secondary Training, higher education, workforce development and skills Support services delivery Support for students with disabilities

¹ These indicators refer to government and non-government schools.

² This indicator refers to government schools for the national assessments and both government and non-government

schools for the international assessments.

³ These indicators refer to government schools.

Objectives	Indicators	Outputs
Engagement ⁴ Increase the number of Victorians actively participating in education, training and development.	 Participation in a kindergarten service in the year before school Proportion of ECEC services meeting or exceeding National Quality Standard Area 6 (NQSA6—Collaborative partnerships with families and communities) Mean number of student absent days per full-time equivalent (FTE) a year³ Mean number of unapproved student absence days per FTE per year in secondary schools³ Students with a positive opinion about their school providing a stimulating learning environment³ VET enrolments by age and gender VET enrolments by skills shortage category courses VET enrolments by skills shortage category courses VET participation by learners facing barriers VET participation by unemployed learners Proportion of VET students satisfied with the teaching in their course 	 Strategy, review and regulation Early childhood development School education—prima School education—secondary Training, higher education workforce development and skills Support services delivery Support for students with disabilities

⁴ As a result of the November 2018 Machinery of Government changes, accountability for indicators relating exclusively to MCH services sit with DHHS.

Objectives	Indicators	Outputs
Wellbeing ⁴ Increase the contribution education, training, development and child health services make to good health and quality of life for all Victorians, particularly children and young people.	 Proportion of children who have no behavioural issues on entry into Prep Proportion of children who have no general development issues on entry into Prep Children developmentally 'on track' on the AEDC social competence and emotional maturity domains Students feeling connected to their school Students with a positive opinion about their school providing a safe and orderly environment for learning Level of student satisfaction with VET 	 Strategy, review and regulation Early childhood development School education—primary School education— secondary Training, higher education, workforce development and skills Support services delivery Support for students with disabilities
Productivity ⁴ Increase the productivity of our services.	 \$ per kindergarten student per year (or EICS or MCH) \$ per primary school student per year \$ per secondary school student per year \$ per VET student contact hour 	 Strategy, review and regulation Early childhood development School education—primary School education— secondary Training, higher education, workforce development and skills Support services delivery Support for students with disabilities

Progress towards achieving departmental objectives

The Department monitors the progress of children and young people as they move from early childhood into their school years, and then into further education and work. It also monitors progress of adult learners seeking to re-skill and re-engage with the workforce. Progress is measured through four objectives:

- achievement
- engagement
- wellbeing
- productivity.

The Department's suite of performance indicators shows performance against objectives is strong. Most Victorian children are engaging with early childhood services with high-quality engagement results. Victorian students are among the top performers in national literacy and numeracy and have maintained results in international testing at a time when Australia's overall performance failed to improve or declined.

There are, however, areas where achievement, wellbeing, engagement and productivity outcomes can be further improved. That is why the Government is

focused on making Victoria the Education State, providing excellence and equity in education—from early childhood through to school education, higher education, and the training and TAFE sectors.

Objective 1: Achievement

Raise standards of learning and development achieved by Victorians using education, development and child health services.

High-quality ECEC services set children up to achieve in the future. Implementing the Education State Early Childhood Reform Plan and its associated investments is creating a higher quality, more equitable and inclusive early childhood system. In 2018, 97 per cent of services met or exceeded NQSA1 (educational program and practice).

Most Victorian children enter school developmentally on track. Results from the 2018 AEDC show that 85 per cent of Victorian children are 'on track' in their language and cognitive development.

Victoria has an integrated system to support school improvement and improve student outcomes. Disadvantaged students and those who need more classroom assistance are being funded so schools can better target improvements according to their students' needs, the school, and the local community.

Positive teacher collaboration is pivotal in building the Education State. The school staff survey of government school teachers indicates teacher perceptions of collaboration within their school are stable, with around 61 per cent responding positively to questions about it. Practice change across the education system is being supported through PLCs which help teachers to work more collaboratively by focusing on continuous improvement and linking the learning needs of students with the professional learning and practice of teachers.

More support to promote greater achievement, announced in the State Budget in May 2018, includes:

- investments in health and wellbeing reform
- careers education in government schools
- extra primary maths and science specialists to further strengthen STEM
- additional funding for the Navigator program to help disengaged students.

The STEM in the Education State plan provides schools with access to leading-edge resources and excellent teaching. This includes extra investments in primary maths and science specialists through the 2018–19 Budget to help Victorian learners acquire the STEM skills they need.

In June 2018, the Department released the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy Phase 2: Achieving Excellence and Equity in Literacy and Numeracy. Phase 2 included key actions for schools and regions to improve teaching and learning of literacy and numeracy, and information about new resources and professional learning to support schools. The strategy was implemented in collaboration with school leaders and teachers, and literacy and numeracy experts.

Victoria's national testing performance remains strong. Since 2014, Victoria's performance above the bottom three bands of the National Assessment Program—Literacy and Numeracy (NAPLAN) has improved for reading and numeracy in all year levels. Excellence in literacy and numeracy is also high with

increases in the proportion of students in the top two bands of reading and numeracy in every year level (except year 7 and 9 reading) since 2014.

Overall, government-funded VET activity in Victoria has decreased since a 2012 peak. Initiatives such as the Quality Assurance review blitz that started in July 2015 have considerably improved previous quality issues, and helped restore certainty and stability in Victoria's training system. The Department cancelled the contracts of several low-quality private training providers thereby reducing training activity numbers. The *Skills First* reforms, (implemented from 2017) continue to maintain a quality benchmark for providers and create stronger links between training and job outcomes.

In 2018, 90,300 students completed a VET course, with most completions (over 80 per cent) at Certificate III and above. This is 4.2 per cent less than the 2017 outcome, reflecting:

- a moderation of the downward trend in commencement
- shifts towards high-quality longer duration courses
- improving student retention rates.

Between 2014–2018, students with improved employment status after training was stable, with around four in ten reporting improvement. This should be interpreted alongside related output performance measures that show more students are achieving their main reason for training, and students and employers are more satisfied with their training.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Early childhood development								
Children developmentally 'on track' on the Australian Early Development Census language and cognitive skills domains								
Proportion of children developmentally 'on track' on the AEDC language and cognitive skills domains ⁵	per cent	-	84.7	-	-	84.6		
Proportion of early childhood services meeting or exceeding NQSA1—Educational program and practice								
Proportion of early childhood services meeting or exceeding NQSA1	per cent	85.4	87.0	87.5	88.8	89.4		

Departmental indicators against achievement

⁵ The AEDC is held every three years, with the 2018 AEDC data collection being the fourth collection.

Indicators School education	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Students meeting the ex numeracy assessments		dard in nat	ional and ir	iternational	literacy an	d
NAPLAN Proportion of st	udents above	the bottom	three bands	:		
Year 3—Literacy	per cent	73.7	76.2	75.6	78.3	79.9
Year 3—Numeracy	per cent	69.1	66.4	67.8	71.7	71.6
Year 5—Literacy	per cent	64.1	62.2	66.2	66.9	70.4
Year 5—Numeracy	per cent	57.6	61.2	61.0	61.8	62.2
Year 7—Literacy	per cent	59.2	59.5	56.9	60.8	59.7
Year 7—Numeracy	per cent	56.4	56.4	62.1	64.2	61.1
Year 9—Literacy	per cent	50.6	50.2	48.9	50.4	53.0
Year 9—Numeracy	per cent	51.5	54.0	51.5	53.6	57.5
NAPLAN Proportion of st	udents in the t	op two ban	ds:			
Year 3—Literacy	per cent	51.2	53.6	54.1	56.5	58.3
Year 3—Numeracy	per cent	41.1	38.4	40.7	44.3	43.8
Year 5—Literacy	per cent	37.3	36.9	38.3	39.7	43.0
Year 5—Numeracy	per cent	28.7	31.9	31.7	30.6	31.1
Year 7—Literacy	per cent	29.8	30.1	27.4	30.9	28.5
Year 7—Numeracy	per cent	29.2	27.8	32.4	35.0	31.1
Year 9—Literacy	per cent	22.6	22.8	20.7	20.5	21.7
Year 9—Numeracy	per cent	25.3	26.1	23.3	23.8	27.2
Proportion of Year 4 students reaching international benchmarks (PIRLS) ⁷ — Reading	per cent	_	_	86.0	_	_
Proportion of Year 4 students reaching international benchmarks (TIMSS)— Mathematics ⁸	per cent	_	-	75.0		-

 ⁶ Victorian government and non-government schools.
 ⁷ Source: Progress in International Reading Literacy Study, 2016. Data collected every five years.
 ⁸ Source: Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 2015. Data collected every four years.
 Source: Thomson, Wernert, N and O'Grady, S (2015). TIMSS 2015: Reporting Australia's Results.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Proportion of Year 8 students reaching international benchmarks (TIMSS)— Mathematics ⁸	per cent	-	_	69.0	-	-
Proportion of 15-year- old students achieving at or above proficient standard (level 3) in PISA reading literacy ⁹	per cent	_	63.0	_	-	_
Proportion of 15-year- old students achieving at or above proficient standard (level 3) in PISA mathematical literacy ⁹	per cent	-	58.0	-	-	-
Average score in scienc performers	e (PISA 15-ye	ear-olds) in	Victoria co	ompared to	global top	
Average score in science (PISA 15-year-olds) in Victoria compared to global top performers ¹⁰	mean score	_	-14	_	_	_
Percentage of positive re	esponses to	teacher co	llaboration	within scho	ol	
Percentage of positive responses to teacher collaboration within school	per cent	62.4	60.9	60.6	61.2	60.9
Higher education and sk	ills					
VET course completions	i					
VET completions ¹¹	number	_	149,800	107,900	94,300	90,300
Year 12 or equivalent co	mpletion rate	es of young	g people			
Year 12 or a non-school qualification at Certificate II level or above of young people 20–24 years ¹²	per cent	89.0	89.5	92.6	87.7	90.5

 ⁹ PISA data collected every three years. In Australia, the national agreed baseline, as agreed in the Measurement Framework for Schooling in Australia (May 2015), is at or above the National Proficient Standard (Level 3).
 ¹⁰ Top performing PISA jurisdictions are defined as the top 25 per cent of jurisdictions by mean score (both countries and economic areas) undertaking the PISA test in that cycle. Country/economic area rankings may shift over time.
 ¹¹ Source: Internal Departmental administrative data from the Skills Victoria Training System (SVTS) database. Data are not available for this measure prior to 2015. In addition, this measure should be interpreted with care because completion reported in any particular year relates to training which may have commenced either in that year or in previous years.

¹² Source: ABS Survey of Education and Work (cat.no. 6227.0). These are survey estimates and hence are subject to statistical error. Outcomes reported for 2014–2017 are consistent with previous Annual Reports but differ slightly from those reported in the May 2018 ABS publication, as ABS revises this time series for various reasons, as described at https://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/Lookup/6227.0Explanatory%20Notes1May%202018?OpenDocument.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Certificate III or above completions ¹³								
Certificate III or above completions	number	-	120,700	87,100	75,000	72,900		
Other	number	_	29,100	20,800	19,400	17,300		
All qualifications	number	-	149,800	107,900	94,300	90,300		
Proportion of graduates	Proportion of graduates with improved employment status after training							
Proportion of graduates with improved employment status after training ¹⁴	per cent	51.0	50.6	47.1	51.4	50.1		

Objective 2: Engagement

Increase the number of Victorians actively participating in education, development and child health services.

The Education State is focused on providing all Victorian children, young people, and adults access to high-quality education and development. Early childhood sector reforms are making early childhood services more accessible and inclusive, and supporting higher-quality education.

Kindergarten programs have well documented long-term academic and social benefits for children. More than 90 per cent of Victoria's children were enrolled in kindergarten in the year before school. Following the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) *Census of Population and Housing* in 2016, population estimates were revised contributing to a decrease in the participation rate in 2017 and 2018¹⁵. Notwithstanding these revisions, enrolment data indicates a small decrease in participation in 2018. The reasons for this small decrease are complex and varied, with some parents choosing not to send their children to kindergarten and others facing barriers to participation.

The Productivity Commission's *Report on Government Services* in 2019 shows that Victoria has a high pre-school (kindergarten) participation rate of 93.9 per cent against a national average of 90.1 per cent¹⁶.

So that all children reap the benefits of kindergarten, the Department is focusing on cohorts most likely to miss out on kindergarten, such as:

- children in out-of-home-care
- newly-arrived immigrants
- refugees
- Aboriginal children and Koorie families

¹⁵ Kindergarten enrolment rates for 2017 and 2018 are not directly comparable with previous years as they are calculated using rebased ABS population estimates following release of the 2016 Census of Population and Housing.

¹³ Source: Internal Departmental administrative data from the SVTS database.

¹⁴ Source: Victorian Student Satisfaction Survey (multiple years). The increase from 2016 to 2017 is partly due to a change in the methodology used to construct the measure in the 2018 Survey. Specifically, respondents were given an extra response option to the question asking about the job-related benefits gained from training. Data for 2014 to 2017 have been revised from those reported in the 2016–17 and 2017–18 Annual Reports to ensure that the indicator includes only students who completed their training in the reporting year. The previous methodology also included students who withdrew without completing their course.

¹⁶ Source: Productivity Commission Report on Government Services 2019, Table 3A.18

- children in long and family day care
- faith schools or language schools without a kindergarten program.

Dedicated efforts in recent years have seen significant improvements in participation by certain cohorts, particularly Aboriginal children and three-yearolds known to Child Protection and eligible for Early Start Kindergarten. The challenge is to replicate this success for other cohorts that may be more difficult to define or reach. This requires further analysis of data, alongside engagement with local communities.

Three-year-old kindergarten reform will see a record investment of \$5 billion over ten years into initiatives to create a high-quality, more equitable and inclusive early childhood system to give Victorian children the best start in life. Along with core subsidies to enable all three-year-old children to access a local, teacher-delivered kindergarten program, this funding will also enable targeted supports to be proportionally scaled up to ensure quality and inclusivity for children who have a disability, developmental delay, or are experiencing vulnerability or disadvantage.

Victoria's ECEC sector continues to provide high levels of care with most service providers performing strongly against national standards. In 2018, 96.9 per cent of Victorian ECEC services met or exceeded NQSA6—collaborative partnerships with families and communities. This high-quality level has remained stable across the past five years.

There is a strong correlation between student attendance and learning outcomes. Improving engagement can reduce absenteeism, and vice versa. Nationally, Victoria is the only jurisdiction where average government school attendance across Years 1 to 10 remains above 90 per cent, at 92.2 per cent.¹⁷ Between 2017 and 2018, the average days absent per full time equivalent student in government schools remained stable. Importantly, unapproved absences for Years 7 to 12 students have decreased since 2014. This is partially attributable to an increased focus on absence within government schools, with anecdotal evidence suggesting better monitoring has increased reporting.

The importance of increasing student engagement is recognised not only through the Education State target to increase the proportion of students staying in education but also through programs like Navigator, LOOKOUT education support centres and the 'positive climate for student learning' priority area of the Framework for Improving Student Outcomes (FISO). Recently announced student health and wellbeing reforms will deliver system-wide improvements to help students get the support they need to stay engaged.

Positive engagement with schooling leads to improved student achievement. Since 2014, secondary students who agree or strongly agree their school provides a stimulating learning environment has increased, though there are improvements to be made in the primary years.

VET enrolments continued to decline between 2017 and 2018, but there is evidence the training system is stabilising as a result of reforms over recent years. The contraction in the Victorian government-funded VET market is attributable to several factors, including:

¹⁷ Source: Productivity Commission Report on Government Services (RoGS) 2019, Table 4A.18

- the Skills First reforms, which are among a wide range of actions taken to
 ensure Victoria has a high-quality training and TAFE system. This includes
 the \$9 million Quality Assurance review blitz in 2015 which removed lowquality training providers from the government-funded training system. The
 continuing Skills First reforms are explicitly designed to continue this
 refocusing of the government-funded training system to ensure that training is
 targeted to job outcomes and the skills needs of Victorian industry
- a deliberate shift to high-quality training providers—for example, 68 per cent of the decline in government-subsidised course enrolments from 2016 to 2017 related to providers that had their funding removed between 2016 and 2017
- stronger targeting to courses linked to government priorities—*Skills First* limits training that does not lead to employment or that exceeds workforce demands
- substitution towards university education—the share of the Victorian population with a university degree continues to increase, from 32.7 per cent in 2016 to 33.9 per cent in 2017 and 34.1 per cent in 2018
- fewer enrolments continuing from previous years—39 per cent of the decline in government-subsidised course enrolments in 2018 related to continuing enrolments (rather than new commencements), up from 29 per cent between 2016 and 2017. This reflects historic declines associated with previous policy settings that reduced subsidies.

Satisfaction with the quality of VET remains high, at 85.2 per cent for 2017, and averaging 84.6 per cent over the last four years. Improvements in training quality over recent years reflect the success of initiatives lead by the quality blitz from July 2015 and continuing *Skills First* reforms.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Early childhood development								
Participation in a kinde	Participation in a kindergarten service in the year before school							
Participation in a kindergarten service in the year before school ¹⁸	per cent	96.4	98.1	96.2	93.4	92.1 ¹⁹		
Proportion of ECEC services meeting or exceeding NQSA6 –Collaborative partnerships with families and communities								
Proportion of ECEC services meeting or exceeding NQSA6	per cent	96.3	96.8	95.9	96.2	96.9		

Departmental indicators against engagement

¹⁸ In 2014, the methodology changed slightly due to an improvement in available data and analysis methods. The method of identifying and excluding second year enrolments has been improved and the participation rate is now based on a child count rather than an enrolment count. In 2016, an improved methodology was developed for estimating the kindergarten participation rate to more accurately reflect the actual age distribution of children enrolled in kindergarten and for alignment with school/kindergarten entry age.

¹⁹ Kindergarten participation is measured as the number of children enrolled in kindergarten divided by an estimated ratio of the number of four and five year old children eligible to enrol in kindergarten in the year before school. This is a function of updates to the estimated residential population following the 2016 ABS Survey of Housing and Population and enhancements to the estimated ratio of four and five year old children likely to be participating in kindergarten.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
School education								
Mean number of student absent days per full-time equivalent (FTE) a year ²⁰								
Year 5	number	14.1	14.4	15.1	15.5	15.6		
Year 6	number	14.6	15.1	15.6	16.3	16.3		
Years 7–10	number	19.5	19.3	19.7	20.2	20.4		
Years 11–12	number	16.0	16.8	16.6	16.6	16.9		
Mean number of unapp schools ²¹	proved stude	ent absence	days per FT	E per year i	n secondary	1		
Year 7–12	number	7.7	7.9	8.0	7.8	6.6		
Students with a positiv environment ²²	e opinion a	bout their so	hool provid:	ing a stimul	ating learnin	ıg		
Proportion of students w learning environment:	ho agree or s	strongly agre	e that their s	chool provide	es a stimulati	ng		
Years 5–6	per cent	63.5	61.1	59.1	57.7 ²³	56.6		
Years 7–10	per cent	21.7	20.9	20.5	21.8	24.9		
Years 11–12	per cent	20.0	19.8	18.8	26.5	26.1		
Higher education and s	kills							
VET enrolments by stu	dents' age a	and gender ²⁴	1					
15–19 years	number	85,300	69,900	59,300	53,500	49,900		
20–24 years	number	93,100	80,200	69,700	65,200	60,700		
25–44 years	number	167,100	141,600	121,500	110,800	100,000		
45–64 years	number	87,400	75,100	62,900	56,100	49,500		
Under 15, over 64 and not stated	number	10,700	11,000	7,700	6,800	5,900		
Female	number	208,100	177,100	153,400	144,600	133,500		
Male	number	234,900	199,600	166,900	147,000	131,800		

 $^{^{\}rm 20}\,\rm Victorian$ government schools. Data extracted on 11 June 2019.

²¹ Victorian government schools. Data extracted on 11 June 2019. Unapproved categories include unexplained and parent choice unauthorised only.

²² Victorian government schools. Derived from multiple questions. Only students who responded 'agree' or 'strongly agree' on all relevant questions are included. Other students gave mixed or opposing views. Source: Department of Education and Training Attitudes to School Survey.

²³ The introduction of a new survey instrument and delivery mode from 2017 onwards means that time series data may not be directly comparable.

²⁴ Source: Internal Departmental administrative data from the SVTS database.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
VET enrolments by adr	ninistrative	region ²⁴				
South western	number	230,500	178,600	144,300	129,500	114,000
North western	number	105,400	97,900	82,600	76,300	72,700
North eastern	number	86,100	70,800	64,700	60,600	55,700
South eastern	number	130,900	116,300	92,500	81,300	73,500
VET enrolments by cou	urses by ski	lls shortage	category co	ourses ²⁴		
Government- subsidised enrolments in skill demand occupations	number	166,600	148,100	124,800	111,500	99,900
VET enrolments by spe	ecialised cat	tegory cours	ses ²⁴			
Government- subsidised enrolments in specialist occupations	number	88,900	83,800	74,400	69,800	68,400
VET participation by le	arners facir	ng barriers ²⁵				
Women seeking to return to work (aged 35–64)	number	20,600	19,400	17,600	17,300	15,500
People with no prior Certificate III (aged 20–64)	number	259,800	209,800	169,100	150,200	133,300
Early school leavers (aged 15–19)	number	28,800	23,900	21,400	19,300	18,200
Indigenous people	number	6,200	5,500	5,100	5,000	4,900
People with a disability barrier	number	41,300	38,200	34,400	31,100	29,100
VET participation by un	nemployed	learners ²⁵				
VET participation by unemployed learners	number	135,900	113,200	87,900	75,400	62,800
Proportion of VET stud	lents satisfi	ed with the t	teaching in t	heir course		
Proportion of VET students satisfied with the teaching in their course ²⁶	per cent	87.3	83.3	85.6	85.6	n/a ²⁷

²⁵ Source: Internal Departmental administrative data from the SVTS database.

²⁶ Source: National Centre for Vocational Education Research (NCVER) National Student Outcomes survey. From 2017, the survey excludes students aged under 18 years of age. Data from previous years have been revised by NCVER to exclude students aged under 18 years of age to ensure comparability with the survey outcomes from 2017 onward.

²⁷ NCVER National Student Outcomes Survey data for training in 2018 will not be available before December 2019.

Objective 3: Wellbeing

Increase the contribution that education, development and child health services make to Victorians' good health and quality of life, particularly for children and young people.

The Education State agenda prioritises the best possible education system that promotes and nurtures health and wellbeing. Reforms seek to develop happy, healthy and resilient children and young people who are engaged with their learning and development journey, regardless of their social or economic background.

Wellbeing indicators are positive for most Victorian children starting school. As identified by parents through the school entrant health questionnaire, more than 80 per cent of children start with a low risk of behavioural problems, and more than three-quarters are assessed by their teachers as 'on track' against the AEDC social competence or emotional maturity domains (77.7 per cent). School readiness funding in kindergarten programs is improving children's social and emotional wellbeing through a number of programs such as Bridges out of Poverty and Emerging Minds. This funding is supporting children in kindergarten in 25 LGAs and all Aboriginal Community Controlled Kindergarten services in 2019.

Around 46 per cent of children entering Prep had no parent-identified general development issues, up from a low of 44 per cent in 2017. Parent awareness of developmental issues may be a contributor to this result and means more families can discuss developmental concerns with schools and access further support.

Student wellbeing factors, such as feeling safe and connected to school, are important to student happiness and other aspects of school life. Most Victorian government school students feel connected to their school. Over the past five years, the proportion of students who agree or strongly agree that they feel connected remained largely stable at just over 60 per cent of primary school students and 30 per cent of secondary students. The 2018 results were similar to the results in 2017.

The Attitude to Schools survey measures students' perceptions of school safety. In 2017, the survey was revised to characterise perceptions of safety as the absence of bullying. Due to these changes, results prior to 2017 may not be directly comparable. In 2018, the survey showed that approximately 60 per cent of primary and secondary students felt their school was safe. This result was an improvement in comparison to 2017 results.

From 2017, the Attitude to School survey also introduced a more accurate classroom behaviour measure. The 2018 data indicates that nearly all (94 per cent) Years 5–6 students believe their teacher sets clear rules. Just over half of secondary school students believe misbehaving students are managed effectively (55.4 per cent of Years 7–10 and 59.2 per cent of Years 11–12). This is a small improvements since 2017, particularly with secondary school students.

Additional investment in student health and wellbeing, announced in the 2018–19 State Budget, provides additional school nurses, allied health services extra mental health support.

Departmental indicators against wellbeing

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Early childhood develo	pment					
Proportion of children	who have no b	ehavioural i	ssues on e	entry into Pro	əp	
Proportion of children who have no behavioural issues on entry into Prep	per cent	86.1	83.9	83.9	82.7	80.3
Proportion of children who have no general developmental issues identified by parents on entry into Prep	per cent	48.2	46.9	45.6	43.8	46.0
Children developmenta competence and emotio			alian Early	Developmer	nt Census se	ocial
Social competence domain	per cent	_	77.2	_	_	77.3
Emotional maturity domain	per cent	_	77.5	_	_	77.7
School education ²⁸						
Students feeling conne	cted to their s	chool				
Proportion of students wh	no agree or stro	ongly agree t	hat they fee	l connected t	o their schoo	bl
Years 5–6	per cent	66.6	65.8	64.7	62.6 ²⁹	61.4
Years 7–10	per cent	33.4	34.0	33.2	32.4	32.7
Years 11–12	per cent	26.0	25.4	23.6	31.4	32.6
Students with a positive environment for learning		ut their scho	ol providin	ig a safe and	d orderly	
Proportion of students wh	no agree or stro	ongly agree t	hat their sch	iool is 'safe'		
Years 5–6	per cent	64.1	60.3	60.1	57.0 ³⁰	59.4
Years 7–10	per cent	60.0	58.7	58.1	59.5 ³⁰	61.0

²⁸ These school education measures relate to Victorian government schools and are derived from multiple questions. Only students who responded 'agree' or 'strongly agree' on all relevant questions are included. Other students gave mixed or opposing views. Source: Department of Education and Training, Attitudes to School Survey.

²⁹ The introduction of a new survey instrument and delivery mode from 2017 onwards means that time series data may not be directly comparable.

³⁰ The introduction of a new survey instrument and delivery mode from 2017 onwards means that time series data may not be directly comparable. For 2017, students who feel safe are those that do not report that they have been bullied, teased, left out of things on purpose/had rumours spread about them or been hit, kicked, hurt or threatened this term.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Years 11–12	per cent	66.3	64.9	64.6	76.4 ³⁰	77.3
Proportion of students w effectively ³¹	ho believe theii	r teacher sets	s clear rules ,	/ manages n	nisbehaviour	
Years 5–6	per cent	-	-	-	93.2	94.0
Years 7–10	per cent	-	-	-	53.3	55.4
Years 11–12	per cent	-	-	-	57.7	59.2
Higher education and s	kills					
Level of student satisfa	ction with VE	т				
Proportion of graduates satisfied with the overall quality of training ³²	per cent	83.7	84.3	85.3	85.2	n/a ³³

Objective 4: Productivity

Increase the economic and social return on expenditure of the Department of Education and Training's services.

In 2017–18, the Victorian Government increased the standard per-capita rate paid in the early childhood sector for kindergarten services.

The unit cost per primary and secondary school student increased between 2014–15 (reported as 2014) and 2016–17 (reported as 2016) with higher unit costs for secondary schools.

The unit cost per VET student contact hour (in 2017 dollars) has increased from \$9.89 an hour in 2014 to \$15.09 an hour in 2017, averaging \$11.98 an hour over this period.

Departmental indicators against productivity

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
Early childhood development											
Dollar per kindergarter MCH ³⁴)	n student pe	r financial y	ear in the ye	ear prior to s	school (or E	CIS or					
Minimum funding available to the majority of children (approximately 93 per cent in 2017) who	\$ per child	2,112.0	2,175.3	2,260.0	2,336.7	2,366.0					

³¹ From 2017, the revised Attitude to School survey asks students about the way their teacher manages the classroom and misbehaviour in the classroom. This measure replaces the 'students who are disruptive in class measure'.
 ³² Source: National Centre for Vocational Education Research (NCVER) National Student Outcomes survey. From 2017, the survey excludes students aged under 18 years. Data from previous years have been revised by NCVER to exclude students aged under 18 years to ensure comparability with the survey outcomes from 2017 onward.
 ³³ NCVER National Student Outcomes Survey data for training in 2018 will not be available before December 2019.
 ³⁴ As a result of the November 2018 Machinery of Government changes, accountability for indicators relating

³⁴ As a result of the November 2018 Machinery of Government changes, accountability for indicators relating exclusively to MCH services sit with DHHS.

Indicators	Unit	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
access a kindergarten program in the year prior to school ³⁵						
School education—pri	mary and se	condary ³⁶				
Dollar per primary sch	ool student _l	per financia	l year			
Government real recurrent expenditure (including user cost of capital) per FTE student in primary schools (2016–17 dollars) ³⁷	\$ per FTE student	13,139.3	13,917.7	14,134.1	n/a ³⁸	n/a ³⁸
Dollar per secondary s	school stude	nt per finan	cial year			
Government real recurrent expenditure (including user cost of capital) per FTE student in secondary schools (2016–17 dollars) ³⁷	\$ per FTE student	16,544.2	17,318.6	17,632.2	n/a ³⁸	n/a ³⁸
Higher Education and	Skills					
Dollar per VET studen	t contact hou	ır per calene	dar year ³⁹			
Victorian Government real recurrent expenditure per annual hour (2017 dollars)	\$ per hour	9.89	10.69	12.24	15.09	n/a ⁴⁰

³⁵ A small proportion of children who access a kindergarten program in a non-government school (around five per cent) receive less (State Government component between \$368 and \$1,194 in 2016–17). Additional loadings are provided for children based on characteristics including living in a rural area, Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander status, or being holders of health care or pension cards or refugee or humanitarian visas. Additional resourcing for delivery of the program is provided through parental fees and service fundraising.

³⁶ Victorian government schools. Source: Productivity Commission RoGS 2019, Table 4A.15. 2014–15 data is published under 2014, 2015–16 under 2015, and 2016–17 under 2016.

³⁷ Government expenditure refers to Australian and Victorian government expenditure. Time series financial data are adjusted to 2015–16 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator.

³⁸ RoGS are published in early February each year. There is a time lag in reporting financial data. 2017–18 results will be released in the 2020 RoGS and 2018–19 data will be published in the 2021 RoGS.

³⁹ Source: Productivity Commission RoGS 2019, Table 5A.2. The figures for 2014–2017 have been updated to 2017 dollars and hence do not align with the corresponding time series in the 2016–17 Annual Report (which was denominated in 2016 dollars).

⁴⁰ RoGS is published in early February each year. There is a time lag in reporting financial data. 2018 results will be released in the 2020 RoGS.

Performance against output performance measures

The Department's outputs are reported in seven groups. These are:

- Strategy, review and regulation
- Early childhood development
- School education–primary
- School education–secondary
- Training, higher education and workforce development
- Support services delivery
- Support for students with disabilities.

These output measures refer to the financial year unless indicated.

Strategy, review and regulation

This output group develops, plans and monitors strategic policy settings across all stages of learning. It includes inter-governmental negotiations as well as research, data and performance evaluations. This output group also measures regulation to ensure quality education and training is delivered and contributes to the Department's objectives.

Strategy, review and regulation performance measures

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Quantity					
Number of RTOs quality audits and school reviews undertaken annually	number	102	87	-14.7	-

The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to a small number of RTOs scheduled for audit moving to the national regulator or voluntarily cancelling registration after ceasing operations.

Quality					
Education peak bodies that rate the Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority (VRQA) effective or highly effective in performing its regulatory function	per cent	90	90	0.0	✓
No footnote required.					
Regulated schools and RTOs that rate the VRQA effective or highly effective in performing its regulatory function	per cent	90	94	4.4	V
The 2018–19 actual is higher than with the VRQA.	n the 2018–19	target due to s	chools and RTO	s reporting higher sa	tisfaction
Percentage of government schools where an enrolment audit is conducted	per cent	32.8	32.7	-0.3	0
This performance measure relates	s to the calend	ar year.			

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Cost					
Total output cost	\$ million	116.8	123.2	5.5	

The higher 2018–19 actual compared with the 2018–19 target is primarily due to the impact of higher investment in the Department's development, planning and monitoring of strategic policy settings in 2018–19 in order to implement the new operating model in the regions.

Key: ✓ Target achieved or exceeded	O Target not achieved—less than 5% variance	■ Target not achieved—more than 5% variance
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Early childhood development

This output involves the provision of kindergarten and children's services. Services include the monitoring of education and care services and specialist services to improve access to kindergartens for disadvantaged children. This output provides early intervention and parenting support. It also includes a range of services and support for children with a developmental delay or disability and their families. This output group also supports regulation that ensures quality education is delivered and contributes to the Department's objectives of achievement, engagement, wellbeing and productivity.

Early childhood development performance measures

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Timeliness					
Contribution to National Disability Insurance Scheme costs paid on time	per cent	100	100	0.0	~

This performance measure is proposed to be discontinued as funding associated with State contributions to the NDIS is complete and funding for ongoing support packages is now reflected in the measure 'Total number of children receiving Early Childhood Intervention Services'.

Timely transfer of client data that complies with the agreed schedule and the NDIA data standard to the NDIA	per cent	100	100	0.0	~
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This performance measure is proposed to be discontinued as all scheduled data transfers have been completed.

Quantity					
Children funded to participate in kindergarten in the year before school	number	78,000	78,406	0.5	~

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure includes first and second year kindergarten participants.

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Aboriginal children funded to participate in kindergarten in the year before school	number	1,300	1,499	15.3	~
This performance measure relates year Aboriginal kindergarten partic population estimate based on the mid-2019, rebased using data coll	ipants. The 20 2011 census.	018–19 actual This populatio	is higher than the	e 2018–19 target due	
Kindergarten participation rate in the year before school	per cent	96.0	92.1	-4.1	C
This performance measure relates year of the four-year-old kindergar increased population estimates for enrolments in 2018.	ten program. T	The 2018–19 a	actual is lower tha	an the 2018–19 targe	et due to
Kindergarten participation rate for Aboriginal children in the year before school	per cent	90.0	92.4	2.7	v
This performance measure relates participate in a second year of the 2018–19 target, and as forecast a as published in State Budget Pape ABS census and will be footnoted	four-year-old t the time, repr er 3. This upda	kindergarten p resenting an u ite reflects the	rogram. The 201 pdate of the 2018 rebased populati	8–19 actual is highe 3–19 actual from 100 ion estimates from th	r than th) per cen
Children funded to participate in kindergarten in the two years before school	number	1,500	1,922	28.1	v
This performance measure relates target due to the sustained focus of Early Years Compact, Koorie Kids Out-of-Home Care. This performa participants.	on initiatives de Shine at Kind	esigned to imp lergarten, and	roving early learr the Early Childho	ning participation, su bod Agreement for C	ch as the hildren ir
Total number of children receiving Early Childhood Intervention Services	number	4,300	5,700	32.6	v

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This relates to an initiative to reduce the statewide waiting list until full scheme implementation of the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS). The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to the slower transition of children into the NDIS than expected.

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Quality					
Education and care services offering a funded kindergarten program assessed as exceeding the National Quality Standard	per cent	45	46	2.2	V
This performance measure relate	s to the calend	ar year.			
Education and care services offering a funded kindergarten program assessed as meeting or exceeding the National Quality Standard	per cent	91	90	-1.1	0
This performance measure relate	s to the calend	ar year.			
Families who are satisfied with the Early Childhood Intervention Services provided	per cent	90	90	0.0	V
This performance measure includ	es internal and	l external prov	iders.		
Parent satisfaction with kindergarten services	per cent	85	93	9.4	✓
This performance measure relate kindergarten providers. The 2018 outperformance.		•			
Cost					
Total output cost	\$ million	544.4	650.1	19.4	-
The higher 2018–19 actual comp Commonwealth Funding for Univ decisions during 2018–19. This is 19 target.	ersal Access, N	Aachinery of G	overnment chang	ges and new funding	1
	wed or even		O Target p		arget pet

Key: ✓ Target achieved or exceeded	O Target not achieved—less than 5% variance	■ Target not achieved—more than 5% variance
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School education

The school education output group comprises two outputs:

- i. the school education—primary output provides services to develop essential skills and learning experiences to engage young minds in the primary sector
- ii. the school education—secondary output consolidates literacy and numeracy competencies including creative and critical thinking, as well as physical, social, emotional and intellectual development in adolescence. It also provides education services as well as varied pathways and support for transition to further study.

This output group contributes to providing and improving services that support all the Department's objectives of achievement, engagement, wellbeing and productivity.

The Government sets high aspirations for all students. These are reflected in BP3 NAPLAN measures, introduced in 2015, which shift the focus from national minimum standards. The specific BP3 targets for Koorie students at Years 3, 5, 7 and 9 measures the percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three NAPLAN bands in reading and numeracy. NAPLAN results for Victorian Koorie students are above the national Aboriginal cohort across most domains and year levels.

School education-primary

The School education–primary output includes education and other associated services designed to improve the quality of learning of students in Prep to Year 6 in government and non-government schools. This output group also supports regulation that ensures quality education is delivered and contributes to all the Department's objectives of achievement, engagement, wellbeing and productivity.

School education-primary performance measures

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Quantity					
Average days lost due to absence at Year 5	number	14.1	15.6	-10.6	•

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to a continuing emphasis on reporting to identify student absence and identified reasons for absence reflecting parent choice. A lower figure is more desirable, as it indicates that students are having fewer days away from school. The attendance rate covers all absences, including those due to illness and approved family holidays.

Average days lost due to	number	14.5	16.3	-12.4	-
absence at Year 6					

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to a continuing emphasis on reporting to identify student absence. A lower figure is more desirable, as it indicates that students are having fewer days away from school. The attendance rate covers all absences, including those due to illness and approved family holidays.

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Average days lost due to absence for Aboriginal students in Years Prep to 6	number	24.0	24.6	-2.5	0

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The attendance rate covers all absences, including those due to illness and approved family holidays. This cohort is small in number and data is subject to volatility.

Investment in non- government schools (primary)	\$ million	409.0	399.2	-2.4	0
No footnote required.					
Percentage of government primary school students receiving equity funding	per cent	28	26	-7.1	•

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target as the demographic profile of Victorian parents improved, making fewer students eligible, while preserving total expenditure.

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due partly to teacher attrition over the course of the professional learning.

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to the Bastow Institute delivering new courses: the 'Data Literacy for School Leaders' and 'Leading Literacy for Networks' courses since 2018.

Number of principals num participating in statewide, centrally funded leadership development programs, including the Expert Leaders of Education program		1,100	29.4	
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This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to the Bastow Institute delivering new courses: the 'Data Literacy for School Leaders' and 'Leading Literacy for Networks' courses since 2018.

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Number of school staff who are not principals or assistant principals participating in leadership development programs, ncluding the Aspiring Principals program and the _ocal Leaders program	number	2 600	4,000	53.8	V
This performance measure relate: schools only. This performance m 2018–19 actual is higher than the Data Literacy for School Leaders	easure include 2018–19 targe	s all school st t due to the B	aff (teaching and astow Institute de	education support). livering new course	The
Number of teachers completing mentoring raining	number	950	895	-5.8	-
The performance measure relates o government and non-governme he 2018–19 target due to the der	ent schools and	early childho	od teachers. The	2018–19 actual is lo	ower than
Number of Victorian schools participating as a lead school for the Respectful Relationships initiative	number	151	151	0.0	v
This performance measure relates	s to Victorian pi	rimary and se	condary schools.		
Number of school-based staff who have participated n whole-school Respectful Relationships professional earning initiative	number	20,000	20,000	0.0	v
This performance measure relate: teaching and education support). government and non-governmen	This performa				
Number of schools able to access the Digital Assessment Library	number	2,413	n/a	-	
This performance measure relate: government schools. The 2018–1 nitiation, procurement, item devel	9 outcome was	not measure	d due to longer th		
Number of Digital Assessment Library items	number	1,590	n/a	-	

initiation and procurement.
Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Number of schools supported with strategic business and financial support	number	300	404	34.7	~

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target as the uptake of expanded support services by schools was greater than anticipated.

Number of school staff attending strategic business	number	2,250	2,485	10.4	✓
and financial support training					

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target as the uptake of expanded support services by schools was greater than anticipated.

Quality					
Parent satisfaction with primary schooling on a 100-point scale	100-point scale	83	81	-2.4	0
This performance measure relates schools.	to the calendar ye	ear. This perfo	rmance measure re	efers to governmen	t
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 3 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	44.0	44.9	2.0	~
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results are s	ubject to a sm	all margin of error,	common to any	
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 5 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	33.4	31.8	4.9	✓
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The testing for this cohort. NAPLAN re program, reflected in a confidence assessment year.	2018–19 outcome sults are subject to	e is within the a small marg	margin of error ass in of error, commol	ociated with NAPLA n to any assessmer	٩N
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 3 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	53.3	56.1	5.3	~
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. NAI	PLAN results are s	ubject to a sm	all margin of error,	common to any	

and non-government schools. NAPLAN results are subject to a small margin of error, common to any assessment program, reflected in a confidence interval of \pm 3.67 percentage points which is specific to the 2018 assessment year.

Derfermenen mener	linit of	204.0 40	2010 10	Deufeumenee	Decult
Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 5 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	40.0	41.3	3.3	✓
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results a	are subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	ıy
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 3 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	73.1	71.6	-2.1	0
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results a	are subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	iy
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 5 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	63.2	62.2	0.1	✓
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. The testing for this cohort. NAPLAN re program, reflected in a confidence assessment year.	e 2018–19 outo esults are subje	come is within act to a small n	the margin of erro nargin of error, co	or associated with N ommon to any asses	APLAN
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 3 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	79.7	79.9	0.3	√
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results a	are subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	iy
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 5 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	68.3	70.4	3.1	✓
This performance measure relate government and non-government common to any assessment prog points which is specific to the 201	schools. NAPI ram, reflected i	AN results an	e subject to a sm	all margin of error,	
Percentage of students in the top two bands for numeracy in Year 3 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	45.7	43.8	-4.2	0
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year	PLAN results a	are subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	iy

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Resul
Percentage of students in the top two bands for numeracy in Year 5 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	32.9	31.1	-5.5	
This performance measure relat and non-government schools. N. assessment program, reflected i 2018 assessment year.	APLAN results a	are subject to a	small margin of	error, common to an	iy
Percentage of students in the top two bands for reading in Year 3 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	57.9	58.3	0.7	v
This performance measure relat and non-government schools. N. assessment program, reflected i 2018 assessment year.	APLAN results a	are subject to a	small margin of	error, common to an	<i>y</i>
Percentage of students in the top two bands for reading in Year 5 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	41.1	43.0	4.6	v
This performance measure relat and non-government schools. N. assessment program, reflected i 2018 assessment year.	APLAN results a	are subject to a	small margin of	error, common to an	<i>y</i>
Years 5–6 students' opinion of their connectedness with the school	5-point scale	4.4	4.2	-4.5	C
This performance measure relates schools only.	es to the calend	ar year. This p	erformance meas	ure refers to govern	ment
Proportion of identified schools that subsequently improved their performance	per cent	54.0	65.0	20.4	v
This performance measure relat schools (only) identified to receiv measure 'Schools that underwer threshold standards met' for incr measure. The 2018–19 actual is across both primary and second	ve support to imp nt a priority revie eased clarity, bu higher than the	prove performa w increase the it reports on a 2018–19 targe	nce in 2017. It re proportion of Sc comparable cohc	names the performa hool Improvement N ort of schools as the	ance leasure previous
Cost					
Total output cost	\$ million	5,697.1	5,614.1	-1.5	~
No footnote required.					
•					

School education-secondary

The School education–secondary output involves provision of education and support services designed to improve student learning, development and wellbeing in Years 7 to 12 in government and non-government schools. It covers the provision of services to improve pathways to further education, training and employment. This output group also supports regulation that ensures quality education is delivered and contributes to all the Department's objectives of achievement, engagement, wellbeing and productivity.

School education-secondary performance measures

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Quantity					
Investment in non- government schools (secondary)	\$ million	419.2	409.0	-2.4	~
No footnote required.					
Number of school students enrolled in VCAL	number	20,000	20,316	1.6	V
The performance measure relates non-government schools. The 20 proportion of students undertaking established as an alternative qual	18–19 actual is g VCAL at Inter	higher than th mediate and S	ne 2018–19 targe	t due to an increasir	ng
Number of school students participating in accredited vocational programs	number	47,000	47,622	1.3	~
. 2					
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The	e 2018–19 actu	ual is higher the	an the 2018–19 t		
	e 2018–19 actu	ual is higher the	an the 2018–19 t		
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The proportion of students undertaking Number of school-based	2 2018–19 actu g VET as part o number s to the calend 2 2018–19 actu atterns and var	ual is higher the of their VCAL of 3,638 ar year. This p ual is lower tha riable school S	an the 2018–19 to or VCE. 2,946 erformance mea: n the 2018–19 ta BAT data reporti	arget due to an incre -19.0 sure includes govern rget due to volatility ng practices reducin	easing ■ nment in g DET's
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The proportion of students undertaking Number of school-based apprentices/trainees This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The apprenticeship commencement pa	2 2018–19 actu g VET as part o number s to the calend 2 2018–19 actu atterns and var	ual is higher the of their VCAL of 3,638 ar year. This p ual is lower tha riable school S	an the 2018–19 to or VCE. 2,946 erformance mea: n the 2018–19 ta BAT data reporti	arget due to an incre -19.0 sure includes govern rget due to volatility ng practices reducin	easing nment in g DET's uracy.
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The proportion of students undertaking Number of school-based apprentices/trainees This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The apprenticeship commencement per capacity to accurately set annual to Proportion of all secondary schools offering vocational options to students as part of their secondary school	e 2018–19 actu g VET as part o number s to the calend e 2018–19 actu atterns and var targets. In 2010 per cent	ual is higher tha of their VCAL of 3,638 ar year. This p ual is lower tha iable school S 8 DET implemo 95.0	an the 2018–19 to or VCE. 2,946 erformance meas n the 2018–19 ta BAT data reportin ented a strategy to 94.6	arget due to an incre -19.0 sure includes govern rrget due to volatility ng practices reducin to improve data acco -0.4	easing ■ nment in g DET's uracy. ○

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Percentage of government secondary school students receiving equity funding	per cent	35	32	-8.6	•

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target as the demographic profile of Victorian parents improved, making fewer students eligible, while preserving total expenditure.

Number of students participating in the Victorian Young Leaders program	per cent	230	201	-12.6	•
realing for a for grain					

The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to the recruitment of a lower number of students due to two selected schools being late withdrawals from the program leaving insufficient time to recruit other schools onto the program.

Quality					
Average days lost due to absence in Years 11 and 12	number	16.1	16.8	-4.3	0

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to a continuing emphasis on reporting to identify student absence. A lower figure is more desirable, as it indicates that students are having fewer days away from school. Average days lost covers all student absences, including those due to illness, approved family holidays and unapproved absences.

Average days lost due to absence in Years 7–10	number	19.0	20.4	-7.4	
This performance measure rela schools only. The 2018–19 actu		• •		•	

schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target due to a continuing emphasis on reporting to identify student absence. A lower figure is more desirable, as it indicates that students are having fewer days away from school. Average days lost covers all student absences, including those due to illness, approved family holidays and unapproved absences.

Average days lost due to	number	35.0	36.1	-3.1	0
absence for Aboriginal					
students in Years 7 to 12					

This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018– 19 target due to a continuing emphasis on reporting to identify student absence. Average days lost covers all student absences, including those due to illness, approved family holidays and unapproved absences. This cohort is small in number and data is subject to volatility.

Median VCE study score	number	29	29	0.0	\checkmark

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only.

Parent satisfaction with secondary schooling on a	100-point scale	76	80	5.3	✓
100-point scale					

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target but consistent with recent trend performance.

Performance measures	Unit of	2018–19	2018–19	Performance	Result
	measure	target	actual	variation (%)	
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 7 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	29.7	25.5	-14.1	•
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results a	re subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	ıy
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 9 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	25.2	27.5	9.1	~
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results a	re subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	ıy
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 7 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	29.2	26.1	1.0	V
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The testing for this cohort. NAPLAN re program, reflected in a confidence assessment year.	e 2018–19 actu sults are subje	al is within the ct to a small n	e margin of error a nargin of error, co	associated with NAF ommon to any asses	PLAN
Percentage of Aboriginal students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 9 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	26.3	25.1	7.8	~
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The NAPLAN results are subject to a s confidence interval of ± 3.26 perce	e 2018–19 actu small margin of	al is within the error, commo	e margin of error and to any assessing	associated with this nent program, reflect	cohort.
Percentage of school leavers completing a VCE VET program in a school progressing to further education, training or work	per cent	95.0	96.0	1.1	~
This performance measure relates and non-government schools. The completing VCAL. Data for the 20 secondary school completers' con	e 2018–19 actu 18–19 outcom	al is higher the is derived from	an the 2018–19 t	arget due to more st	udents
Percentage of school leavers completing an intermediate or senior Victorian Certificate of Applied Learning in a school progressing to further education, training or work	per cent	85.0	86.0	1.2	~
This performance measure relates and non-government schools.	s to the calenda	ar year. This p	performance mea	sure includes goverr	nment

	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Resu
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 7 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	64.6	61.1	-5.4	
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected ir 2018 assessment year.	APLAN results a	re subject to a	small margin of	error, common to an	<i>y</i>
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for numeracy in Year 9 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	54.3	57.5	5.9	
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected ir 2018 assessment year.	APLAN results a	re subject to a	small margin of	error, common to an	<i>y</i>
Percentage of students above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 7 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	61.1	59.7	0.4	
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. Th testing for this cohort. NAPLAN n program, reflected in a confidenc assessment year.	e 2018–19 actu esults are subje	al is within the ct to a small n	e margin of error a nargin of error, co	associated with NAP mmon to any asses	PLAN
	per cent				
above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 9	per cent	50.7	53.0	4.5	
above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 9 (NAPLAN testing) This performance measure related	s to the calenda	ar year. This p re subject to a	erformance meas small margin of	sure includes govern error, common to an	iy
above the bottom three bands for reading in Year 9 (NAPLAN testing) This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year. Percentage of students in the top two bands for numeracy in Year 7	s to the calenda	ar year. This p re subject to a	erformance meas small margin of	sure includes govern error, common to an	iy
and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected ir	es to the calenda APLAN results a a confidence in per cent per cent es to the calenda APLAN results a	ar year. This p re subject to a nterval of ± 1.7 35.4 ar year. This p re subject to a	erformance meas small margin of 7 percentage po 31.1 erformance meas small margin of	sure includes govern error, common to an ints which is specific -12.1 sure includes govern error, common to an	ny to the ment

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Percentage of students in the top two bands for reading in Year 7 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	31.2	28.5	-8.7	•
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. NA assessment program, reflected in 2018 assessment year.	PLAN results a	are subject to a	a small margin of	error, common to ar	iy
Percentage of students in the top two bands for reading in Year 9 (NAPLAN testing)	per cent	23.0	21.7	1.0	~
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. The testing for this cohort. NAPLAN re program, reflected in a confidence assessment year.	e 2018–19 actu sults are subje	al is within the	e margin of error a margin of error, co	associated with NAF ommon to any asses	PLAN
Percentage of students who remain at school from Year 7 to Year 12	per cent	93.0	92.5	-0.5	0
This performance measure relates and non-government schools.	s to the calend	ar year. This p	performance meas	sure includes goverr	nment
Percentage of VCAL certificates satisfactorily completed by school students	per cent	76.9	76.5	-0.5	0
This performance measure relate and non-government schools.	s to the calend	ar year. This p	performance meas	sure includes goverr	nment
Years 7–9 students' opinion of their connectedness with the school	5-point scale	3.7	3.5	-5.4	
This performance measure relate schools only. The 2018–19 actual performance. Data are drawn fror level of connectedness (that is, st	' is lower than t n the Attitudes	he 2018–19 ta to School Sur	arget but consiste vey, where a high	nt with recent trend her score represents	
Percentage of students in out of home care receiving targeted supports in school (LOOKOUT education support centres)	per cent	75.0	82.0	9.3	~
This performance measure relate and non-government schools. The capacity building in schools (throu collection techniques.	e 2018–19 acti	ial is higher th	an the 2018–19 t	arget due to increas	ed
Proportion of Navigator program participants re- engaged in schooling	per cent	70.0	68.0	-2.9	0

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target		Performance variation (%)	Result			
This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government								

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government and non-government schools. Participants of the Navigator program are generally re-engaged in education over the course of 18 months. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target but represents a cumulative improvement on the 2017–18 actual, signifying stable progress towards the 2018–19 and 2019–20 targets.

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 outcome was not measured due to re-phased program implementation resulting in the program now having an effective commencement date of calendar year 2019.

Cost						
Total outp	out cost	\$ million	4,546.8	4,453.1	-2.1	\checkmark
No footnot	e required.					
Key: ✓ Target achieved or exceeded				O Target not ed—less than 5% variance	■ Targ achieved—more 5% var	e than

Training, higher education and workforce development

This output helps Victorians gain the skills and capabilities essential for success in employment and further training or study. The Victorian Government expects the TAFE and training sector to deliver quality training that:

- strongly supports industry to meet the evolving needs of the economy
- provides Victorians with the skills needed for initial and continuing employment
- promotes equity and addresses disadvantage
- aligns with government priorities, with an emphasis on economic growth sectors
- implementing *Ending Family Violence: Victoria's Plan for Change* and the National Disability Insurance Scheme.

An innovative, dynamic, sustainable and stable TAFE and training system that works effectively with other education sectors is critical to achieving the Government's vision of establishing Victoria as the Education State.

Except where indicated, these performance measures relate to the 2018 calendar year rather than the 2018–19 financial year.

Training, higher education and workforce development performance measures

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Quantity					
Number of government subsidised course enrolments	number	390,000	316,512	-18.8	
This performance measure relate target due to lower enrolments re Government priorities and substit	sulting from mo	ore rigorous co			
Number of students enrolled in government subsidised courses	number	322,000	265,974	-17.4	
This performance measure relate target due to the continuing effect continuing enrolments.					
Number of government subsidised enrolments in the TAFE Network	number	142,600	139,177	-2.4	C
This performance measure relate target due to the continuing effect continuing enrolments.					
Number of students enrolled in government subsidised courses in the TAFE Network	number	126,000	124,729	-1.0	С
This performance measure relate target due to the continuing effect continuing enrolments.					
Number of government subsidised pre-accredited module enrolments funded through the ACFE Board	number	45,000	50,926	13.2	v
This performance measure relate target due to additional investmer					8–19
Number of students without Year 12, Certificate II or above enrolled in foundation courses	number	14,700	11,527	-21.6	
This performance measure relate target due to the continuing effect continuing enrolments.					
Grants to support workforce development, skills sector reform, structural adjustment	number	10	10	0.0	v
and job creation initiatives					

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Participation rate of 15–24-year-olds in government subsidised training and further education in Victoria	per cent	15.9	12.7	-20.1	■

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to the continuing effects of lower training commencements in previous years impacting on continuing enrolments.

Participation rate of 25–64-year-olds in	per cent	5.6	4.3	-23.2	
government subsidised training and further education in Victoria					

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to the continuing effects of lower training commencements in previous years impacting on continuing enrolments.

Number of government subsidised apprenticeship course enrolments	number	49,900	48,604	-2.6	0

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to the continuing effects of lower training commencements in previous years impacting on continuing enrolments.

Proportion of government subsidised enrolments related to qualifications that will lead to jobs and economic growth	per cent	83.0	81.0	-2.4	0			
This performance measure relates to the calendar year								

This performance measure relates to the calendar year.

Number of government subsidised enrolments by	number	104,000	81,106	-22.0	
students living in regional Victoria					

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to lower enrolments resulting from more rigorous contract allocation, targeting of training to Government priorities and substitution to university education.

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to lower enrolments resulting from more rigorous contract allocation, targeting of training to Government priorities and substitution to university education.

Proportion of government	per cent	21.3	22.4	5.2	\checkmark
subsidised course					
enrolments by students					
eligible for fee concession					

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Resul
This performance measure relate target due to the benefits of the S training system.					
Quality					
Proportion of employers of apprentices and trainees who are satisfied with training	per cent	76.5	77.6	1.4	v
This performance measure relate Victorian Employer Satisfaction S				omes relate to the 20	18
Proportion of VET completers who are satisfied with their training	per cent	83.7	84.6	1.1	v
This performance measure relate Victorian Student Satisfaction Sur				omes relate to the 20	18
Proportion of VET completers with an improved employment status after training	per cent	51.8	51.4	-0.8	C
This performance measure relate Victorian Student Satisfaction Sur				omes relate to the 20	18
Proportion of VET completers who achieved their main reason for training	per cent	78.7	83.4	6.0	v
This performance measure relate Student Satisfaction Survey of 20 target due to the benefits of the S the Victorian training market.	17 training exp	eriences. The	2018–19 actual i	s higher than the 20 ⁻	18–19
Number of government subsidised course completions	number	108,000	90,267	-16.4	I
This performance measure relate completions reported in the 2018 the continuing effects of lower tra	calendar year.	The 2018–19	actual is lower th		et due to
Cost					
Total output cost	\$ million	2,448.1	2,195.7	-10.3	v
The lower 2018–19 actual compa budget re-phasing into out-years.	red with the 20	18–19 target p	rimarily reflects l	ower third party reve	nue and
Key: ✓ Target achiev	ed or exceede		O Target not d—less than 5% variance	■ Targe achieved—more 5% var	than

Support services delivery

The support services delivery output group primarily covers the Department's Regional Services group (RS). It provides student welfare and support, student transport (excluding transport for special needs students) and health services. This output group contributes to providing and improving services that support the Department's objectives of achievement, engagement, wellbeing and productivity.

Except where indicated, these performance measures relate to the 2018 calendar year rather than the 2018–19 financial year.

Support services delivery pe	rformance measures

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result			
Quantity								
Eligible primary school students in receipt of camps, sports and excursions fund	number	134,200	132,827	-1.0	0			
This performance measure relates to the calendar year.								
Eligible secondary school students in receipt of camps, sports and excursions fund	number	85,800	90,047	4.9	~			
This performance measure relates target due to a higher number of a a concession card).								
Investment in student welfare and support	\$ million	321.4	344.6	7.2	•			
The higher 2018–19 actual compa 2018–19 and higher carryover from				new funding decisic	ns during			
Investment in travelling allowances and transport support (excluding special needs students)	\$ million	47.4	43.1	-9.1	~			
This performance measure include	es government	and non-gove	ernment schools.					
Health assessments of Prep aged students by school nurses	number	62,000	63,842	3.0	1			
This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure includes government and non-government schools. This performance measure replaces the former measure 'Prep-aged students assessed by school nurses' but reports the same activity.								
School students (government) supported by conveyance allowance	number	8,972	8,698	-3.1	0			
This performance measure relates target due to a lower number of ap allowance boundary.								

Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result	
School students (non- government) supported by conveyance allowance	number	28,315	28,396	0.3	~	
This performance measure relates to the calendar year.						
Schools allocated a nurse through the secondary school nursing program	number	193	198	2.6	V	
This performance measure relate schools only.	es to the calenda	ar year. This p	erformance mea	sure refers to goverr	nment	

Schools funded for primary number 803 799 -0.5 O welfare officers

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only.

Quality					
School satisfaction with student support services	per cent	85.0	71.3	-16.1	•

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target and reflects strong enrolment growth placing pressure on the Student Support Services (SSS) workforce. To address this, 50 new FTE positions will be added to the workforce from 2018–19 to improve the ability of SSS to provide services to schools. In addition, a statewide practice model is being implemented in 2019 to ensure SSS provide support to students who need it most.

Cost					
Total output cost	\$ million	368.8	387.7	5.1	

The higher 2018–19 actual compared with the 2018–19 target primarily reflects new funding decisions during 2018–19 and higher carryover from 2017–18 into 2018–19 than budgeted.

Key: ✓ Target achieved or exceeded	O Target not achieved—less than 5% variance	■ Target not achieved—more than 5% variance
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Support for students with disabilities

The support for students with disabilities output group oversees the program for students with disabilities, as well as transport, welfare and support services for students with special needs. This output group improves services that support the Department's objectives of achievement, engagement, wellbeing and productivity.

Except where indicated, these performance measures relate to the 2018 calendar year rather than the 2018–19 financial year. These performance measures relate to government schools.

Support for students with dis	sabilities performance measures
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Performance measures	Unit of measure	2018–19 target	2018–19 actual	Performance variation (%)	Result
Quantity					
Eligible special school students provided with appropriate travel	number	9,000	8,812	-2.1	0

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. The 2018–19 actual is lower than the 2018–19 target due to a continued slower than anticipated growth rate in enrolments at specialist schools.

Students funded under the disabilities program in	per cent	4.3	4.4	2.3	\checkmark
government schools as a proportion of the total student population					

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only. The 2018–19 actual is higher than the 2018–19 target and 2017–18 actual due to annual growth in the proportion of students funded under the disabilities program.

Quality					
Parent satisfaction with special education on a 100-point scale	100 point scale	85	85	0.0	~

This performance measure relates to the calendar year. This performance measure refers to government schools only.

Cost										
Total output cost		\$ million	1,106.9	1,092.7	-1.3	\checkmark				
No footnote required.										
Key: ✓ Target achieved or exceeded				O Target not ed—less than 5% variance	■ Target achieved—more t 5% varia	han				

Discontinued measures for 2018–19

There were no discontinued performance measures in 2018–19.

Five-year financial summary

The financial statements presented in this annual report relate to the controlled operations of the Department, including government schools.

Other agencies within the portfolio report separately and therefore their results are not included within the controlled financial transactions of the Department. These entities include the ACFE Board, Adult Multicultural Education Services (AMES), the Victorian Curriculum and Assessment Authority (VCAA), VIT, VRQA, and TAFE institutes.

The following table provides information on the Department's financial results for the financial year just completed and comparative information for the previous four years.

Five-year financial summary	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17	2015–16	2014–15
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Operating revenue					
Revenue from State Government	13,815.7	12,816.0	12,197.3	11,194.0	10,683.5
Other revenue	927.6	834.7	751.1	776.9	777.2
Total income from transactions	14,743.3	13,650.7	12,948.4	11,970.9	11,460.7
Total expenses from transactions	14,073.5	13,328.5	12,626.2	11,740.0	11,280.3
Net results from transactions	669.8	322.2	322.2	230.9	180.5
Total other economic flows	(98.1)	(10.3)	86	(48.4)	(21.7)
Net results for period	571.7	311.9	408.2	182.5	158.8
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,047.4	790.0	638.5	455.4	187.8
Total assets	27,846.8	27,771.7	23,818.6	22,955.5	19,608.5
Total liabilities	3,022.0	2,809.3	2,607.1	2,166.9	1,940.8
Net assets	24,824.8	24,962.4	21,211.5	20,788.6	17,667.7

Five-year financial summary

Current year financial summary

Financial performance

The Department's net result from transactions for financial year ended 30 June 2019 is a surplus of \$669.8 million, compared with a surplus of \$322.2 million in 2018. With the inclusion of other economic flows of a \$98.1 million loss, the net result for the financial year is a surplus of \$571.7 million, compared to a surplus of \$311.9 million in 2018.

The growth in revenue primarily reflects increased government funding for delivery of output initiatives on its behalf and investment in government schools including grant revenue from the Growth Areas Infrastructure Contribution fund to buy land for new schools and general inflation-related indexation.

The Department's growth in expenditure mainly reflects increased employee benefits expenditure flowing from the employment of additional teachers and allied health staff in schools and regional offices, together with increases under the Victorian Government Schools Agreement 2017. Other increases in expenditure include:

- additional depreciation and capital asset charge due to the revaluation of the Department's assets and the completion of new schools in 2018
- additional support for schools.

Balance sheet

The Department's net asset base as at 30 June 2019 was \$24.8 billion, comprising total assets of \$27.8 billion and total liabilities of \$3.0 billion.

The major assets of the Department are schools' property, plant and equipment. These represent 87 per cent (\$24.1 billion) of total assets. In 2019, the value of the Department's property, plant and equipment decreased by \$319 million, due to formal managerial revaluation of the Department's land holdings offset by the Government's continued investment in schools as part of its commitment to make Victoria the Education State. The Department's assets include an increase in cash and deposits, largely reflecting the reclassification of term deposits from Other Financial Assets due to the implementation of the Whole of Victorian Government Central Banking System.

Liabilities totalling \$3.0 billion mainly consist of payables, borrowings and employee benefit provisions. The \$212.7 million increase in 2019 reflects increased payables and operating accruals, due to the timing of payments and increases in employee entitlements such as long service leave.

Cash flows

The increase in net cash flows from operations is mainly due to increased Government receipts and changes in receivables, payables and provisions, arising from the timing of cash payments and receipts against these items.

Disclosure of grants and transfer payments

Appendix 5 outlines the Department's assistance to certain companies and organisations in 2018–19.

Capital projects

The Department and its related portfolio entities manage a range of capital projects to deliver government services.

Budget Paper No. 4 State Capital Program—available at <u>www.dtf.vic.gov.au/State-Budget/2017–18-State-Budget/State-Capital-Program</u> —outlines new and existing capital projects for departments and the broader Victorian public sector.

During 2018–19, the Department completed several capital projects with a \$10 million or greater Total Estimated Investment (TEI). The details of these projects are detailed below.

Project name	Original completion date	Latest approved completion date	Actual completion date	Reason for variance in completion dates	Original approved TEI budget \$M	Latest approved TEI budget \$M	Actual TEI cost \$M	Variation between actual cost and latest approved TEI budget	Reason for variance from latest approved TEI budget
Aitken Hill Primary School 2017–18 (Craigieburn)	qtr 1 2019–20	qtr 1 2019–20	qtr 1 2019–20	N/A	13.806	13.806	13.806	0.000	N/A
Brunswick Secondary College 2015–16 (Brunswick)	qtr 2 2017–18	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	Initial scope agreement was extended to consider site constraints.	10.000	10.062	10.046	0.016	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but contingency expenditure is expected in future years.
Burnside Primary School 2017–18 (Burnside)	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	N/A	13.806	13.806	13.806	0.000	N/A
Essendon East Keilor District College 2015–16 (Keilor East)	qtr 2 2017–18	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	The contracted builder for the project was placed into voluntary administration, delaying completion.	10.000	10.390	10.390	0.000	N/A
Keysborough Secondary College 2016–17 (Springvale South)	qtr 1 2018–19	qtr 1 2018–19	qtr 1 2018–19	N/A	10.000	13.251	13.251	0.000	N/A
Maroondah Education Plan 2015–16 (Croydon/Ringwood)	qtr 4 2017–18	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	N/A	10.000	11.641	10.525	1.116	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but underspend is contributing to next stage of works.
Maroondah Education Plan 2016–17 (Croydon/Ringwood)	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	N/A	17.900	18.023	17.680	0.343	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but contingency expenditure is expected in future years.

Capital projects with a TEI of \$10 million or greater completed during the financial year ended 30 June 2019

Project name	Original completion date	Latest approved completion date	Actual completion date	Reason for variance in completion dates	Original approved TEI budget \$M	Latest approved TEI budget \$M	Actual TEI cost \$M	Variation between actual cost and latest approved TEI budget	Reason for variance from latest approved TEI budget
Montmorency Secondary College 2016–17 (Montmorency)	qtr 2 2017–18	qtr 1 2018–19	qtr 1 2018–19	Construction was delivered in three stages to accommodate the end design and to minimise disruption to the school.	12.600	12.600	12.436	0.164	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but underspend is contributing to next stage of works.
Pakenham North East Primary School 2017–18 (Pakenham)	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	N/A	13.806	13.806	13.806	0.000	N/A
Phoenix P-12 Community College 2015–16 (Sebastopol)	qtr 1 2017–18	qtr 1 2018–19	qtr 1 2018–19	Scope change to include competition grade gym was accommodated. Construction was delivered in stages to maintain school operations.	10.000	11.156	11.102	0.054	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but contingency expenditure is expected in future years.
Prahran High School 2017–18 (Prahran)	qtr 3 2018–19	qtr 3 2018–19	qtr 3 2018–19	N/A	37.206	36.824	34.554	2.270	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but contingency expenditure is expected in future years.
Richmond High School 2016–17 (Richmond)	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	N/A	42.000	41.461	41.461	0.000	N/A

Project name	Original completion date	Latest approved completion date	Actual completion date	Reason for variance in completion dates	Original approved TEI budget \$M	Latest approved TEI budget \$M	Actual TEI cost \$M	Variation between actual cost and latest approved TEI budget	Reason for variance from latest approved TEI budget
Sanctuary Lakes South P9 2017–18 (Point Cook)	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	N/A	13.806	13.806	13.806	0.000	N/A
South Melbourne Park Primary School 2017–18 (Albert Park)	qtr 3 2018–19	qtr 3 2018–19	qtr 3 2018–19	N/A	21.686	21.607	21.607	0.000	N/A
Sunshine College 2016–17 (Sunshine)	qtr 4 2017–18	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	The planning phase was extended to accommodate consultation across four campuses.	9.900	10.370	10.370	0.000	N/A
Tarneit Senior Secondary College 2016–17 – Stage 2 (Tarneit)	qtr 4 2017–18	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	Construction was delivered in stages to maintain school operations.	11.600	12.131	11.952	0.179	Project was completed FY 18–19, but contingency expenditu is expected in future years.
Truganina East P9 2017–18 (Tarneit)	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	N/A	13.806	13.806	13.806	0.000	N/A
Viewbank College 2015–16 (Rosanna)	qtr 2 2017–18	qtr 2 2018–19	qtr 2 2018–19	Construction was delivered in three stages to maintain school operations.	11.500	12.050	11.960	0.090	Project was completed FY 18–19, but contingency expenditu is expected in future years.

Project name	Original completion date	Latest approved completion date	Actual completion date	Reason for variance in completion dates	Original approved TEI budget \$M	Latest approved TEI budget \$M	Actual TEI cost \$M	Variation between actual cost and latest approved TEI budget	Reason for variance from latest approved TEI budget
William Ruthven Secondary College 2015–16 (Reservoir)	qtr 1 2017–18	qtr 1 2018–19	qtr 1 2018–19	The tender phase was delayed allowing locally funded works to be consolidated into a single package.	10.000	11.212	10.340	0.872	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but contingency expenditure is expected in future years.
Yarrambat Park Primary School 2017–18 (Yarrambat)	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	qtr 4 2018–19	N/A	13.806	13.806	13.031	0.775	Project was completed in FY 18–19, but contingency expenditure is expected in future years.

Governance and organisational structure

The Department's ministers

The Department supports two ministers: the Hon. James Merlino MP, Deputy Premier and Minister for Education; and the Hon. Gayle Tierney MP, Minister for Higher Education and Minister for Training and Skills.

Deputy Premier and Minister for Education – The Hon. James Merlino MP

James Merlino MP is the Deputy Premier of Victoria and Minister for Education. As Minister for Education, Minister Merlino is behind the drive to make Victoria the Education State, providing 970,000 Victorian students with access to a great school and the opportunity to thrive.

The Education State reforms are designed to lift outcomes in a number of key areas, including literacy, numeracy, science and the arts, as well as student wellbeing and engagement. This starts with early childhood education and continues throughout childhood by including funding to address disadvantage and help primary and secondary students who have fallen behind.

Minister Merlino is also responsible for record levels of investment in early childhood education and school infrastructure and has introduced programs to extend kinder to all three-year-olds by 2020, raise the quality of teaching, provide more local support to schools, and help make all schools inclusive.

Minister for Higher Education and Minister for Training and Skills – The Hon. Gayle Tierney MP

Gayle Tierney MP is the Minister for Higher Education and Minister for Training and Skills. Minister Tierney is responsible for overseeing and implementing significant vocational training system reforms, ensuring Victoria's VET system is of the highest quality, meets the needs of individuals, industry and employers, and gets more Victorians into work. This includes rebuilding TAFEs to strengthen their reputation and give industry a real voice in the training and skills sector.

The vocational training system reforms are also bringing innovation to training curriculum and delivery, and providing support for training in regional areas, niche industries, and to high-needs learners.

Minister Tierney is committed to ensuring all Victorians have access to quality training that equips them with the skills they need to obtain and keep a job, and that industry has the skills required to boost productivity and help grow the Victorian economy.

The Department's senior executives

Secretary – Ms Jenny Atta

Jenny Atta has been Secretary of the Department of Education and Training since March 2019. Prior to this, Jenny was Acting Secretary from November 2018.

Jenny is directly responsible for the management of the Department and for ensuring the education and training portfolio Ministers are supported in the management and administration of their portfolios.

Jenny joined the Department in December 2015 as Deputy Secretary, Infrastructure and Finance Services Group. In this role, she was responsible for the management and oversight of the Department's financial, procurement and information technology services, along with strategic advice and planning for State Budget processes, and infrastructure policy and delivery.

This followed a range of senior roles in the Victorian Public Service (VPS), including with the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) and the Department of Human Services.

Jenny holds a Bachelor degree in Applied Science and a Masters of Public Policy.

Deputy Secretary, Financial Policy and Information Services – Mr Tony Bates

Tony Bates joined the Department of Education and Training in April 2019 as Deputy Secretary – Financial Policy and Information Services (FPIS).

Prior to joining the Department, Tony worked at the Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions (DJPR), the Department of Premier and Cabinet (DPC), DTFand Victoria Police.

Tony has a breadth of experience leading significant strategic reforms to public sector governance, corporate services, fiscal strategy, and performance measurement.

Tony holds a Bachelor of Science (Honours) and Master of Science degree from the University of Melbourne, is a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and an alumni of the Australia and New Zealand School of Government (ANZSOG) Executive Fellows program. Tony was awarded a Public Service Medal in January 2016 for outstanding public service to fiscal management in Victoria.

Deputy Secretary, People and Executive Services – Ms Kate Rattigan

Kate Rattigan commenced as Deputy Secretary, People and Executive Services (PES) in October 2015.

Kate oversees a range of functions including legal services, human resources, people and culture, workplace safety, operational policy reform, communications and media, integrity reform, cabinet and ministerial support, executive services, knowledge and records management, freedom of information (FOI), privacy, and audit and assurance.

Kate has worked in various departmental capacities providing strategic oversight over complex operational matters including specialist and technical advice to ministers, the Secretary, executives, managers, regional directors, school principals, and school councils.

Kate is currently the Secretary's nominee on the VRQA Board.

Kate holds a Bachelor of Law (with Honours), a Bachelor of Arts, and a Masters in Employment and Labour Relations Law, each from the University of Melbourne.

Deputy Secretary, Policy, Strategy and Performance – Ms Katherine Whetton

Katherine Whetton is the Deputy Secretary, Policy, Strategy and Performance (PSP). The group supports the Department to maintain its intensive focus on delivery, performance and engagement to achieve the Education State reform agenda and the Department's strategic intent.

Before joining the Department, Katherine worked at DPC for more than 10 years, most recently as Executive Director, Economic Strategy, and as Director, Health and Human Services. She has extensive central agency policy development and advisory experience across social and economic policy areas, working across portfolios and intergovernmental contexts.

Katherine holds a Bachelor of Arts (with Honours) from the University of Melbourne and an Executive Master in Public Administration from ANZSOG. She is also a graduate of AICD.

Deputy Secretary, Early Childhood Education – Ms Kim Little

Kim leads the Education State Early Childhood Reform Plan, Ready for kinder, Ready for school, Ready for life, and on delivery of the landmark Government commitment to introduce funded kindergarten programs for three-year-olds. Kim's group is home to the critical work of the ECEC regulator, and the Whole Of Government effort on better information sharing to promote the safety and wellbeing of children and young people.

The Early Childhood Education (ECE) group plays a key role in policy development, service program design and commissioning to ensure a child and family centred, outcomes focused and integrated early childhood and education system. Together with other groups, the ECE group works to ensure that every child has the best start in life.

Working with partners across Government, Kim and her team also work on the delivery of CIS scheme and Child Link.

Prior to this appointment, Kim was the Assistant Deputy Secretary, Early Childhood Portfolio in Early Childhood and School Education Group. She has also worked in the Higher Education and Skills (HES) Group with a focus on tertiary education policy matters, including market design and intervention. Before joining the Department, Kim worked in DPC on education and social policy issues. Kim has also worked as a philosopher at Monash University and as a corporate lawyer. Deputy Secretary, Higher Education and Skills – Mr Simon Hollingsworth

Simon Hollingsworth joined the Department of Education and Training in January 2019 as Deputy Secretary for the HES Group. This role is responsible for overseeing the effectiveness and sustainability of tertiary education, including VET, higher education, adult education and lifelong learning.

Prior to joining the Department, Simon was Deputy Secretary Budget and Finance in the Department of Treasury and Finance. From 2011–2016, Simon was the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Australian Sports Commission, the Australian Government's peak sporting agency which included oversight of the Australian Institute of Sport. Between 2002–2010 Simon worked in various senior roles in DPC including as Executive Director Economic, Resources, Infrastructure and Planning. He also worked extensively on inter-governmental reform in education. In 2005 he worked on secondment with the UK Department of Education and Skills as a strategy advisor. Prior to joining government, Simon worked as a consultant with the Boston Consulting Group and as a solicitor at Minter Ellison.

Simon has a Bachelor of Commerce and Laws (with Honours) from the University of Tasmania and a Masters of Arts from the University of Oxford, where he studied as a Rhodes Scholar.

Deputy Secretary, School Education Programs and Support – Ms Katy Haire

Katy Haire was appointed as a Deputy Secretary of the Department of Education and Training in September 2015 and has been the Deputy Secretary, School Education Programs and Support (SEPS) since April 2019.

The Deputy Secretary, SEPS is responsible for designing a learning, development and wellbeing system that provides every student with the knowledge, capabilities and attributes that will see them thrive throughout their lives.

Before joining the Department, Katy held senior management and executive roles in the Victorian public sector, including Deputy Secretary of Service Design and Operations at DHHS, and Director of Social Policy in DPC.

Katy holds a Graduate Diploma of Education (Secondary) from Monash University, a Bachelor of Arts (with Honours) in political science and history and a Master of Arts in the history of education both from the University of Melbourne. She also holds an Executive Master of Public Administration from the University of Melbourne, is a Senior Executive Fellow of the Harvard Kennedy School and a graduate of the AICD.

Acting Deputy Secretary, Regional Services – Mr Stephen Gniel

Stephen's career spans more than 20 years in the Australian Capital Territory and Victorian public education sectors as a teacher, principal and department executive.

As Acting Deputy Secretary, Regional Services (RS), Stephen leads key Education State reforms, and the implementation of FISO, the Learning Places model, school workforce reform, and performance improvements to lift student outcomes. The group is the face of the Department across Victoria with regional and area teams leading place-based approaches to service delivery through Victorian government schools and early childhood providers. It ensures that policy intent and outcomes are delivered on the ground.

Stephen holds a Bachelor of Education and Masters of Business Administration and has undertaken further study through Harvard University, the ANZSOG Executive Fellowship Program and AICD. He is currently president of the Australian Council for Educational Leaders.

CEO, Victorian School Building Authority – Mr Chris Keating

Chris Keating is the CEO of the VSBA, which was established in August 2016. Chris leads the planning and delivery of Victoria's record investment in schools and early childhood centres. In 2019, Chris oversaw the delivery and opening of nine new state-of-the-art schools, with a further 23 due for completion in the next 12 months.

Before being appointed CEO of the VSBA soon after its establishment, Chris led the Department's Infrastructure and Sustainability Division, and has more than 10 years' experience delivering public school building projects in Victoria.

Chris holds a Bachelor of Arts and a Masters in Computer Science.

Assistant Deputy Secretary, Quality and Implementation – Ms Lee Watts

Lee Watts joined the Department of Education and Training as the Executive Director of Training Market Operations, HES. Lee was appointed to the role of the Assistant Deputy Secretary, HES in 2016.

Focusing on quality and implementation, Lee is responsible for the overarching key government initiatives and coordinated delivery of priority projects within the training and skills and higher education portfolios.

Lee has extensive experience in the skills and higher education portfolios including VET contract and program management, information system design, and provider quality. She has responsibility for the design and implementation of a more managed, stable and competitive training system.

Prior to joining the Department, Lee was a senior consultant at a consulting firm. She has held senior teaching and research positions at several Australian universities, with a focus on workplace relations, alternative dispute resolution and change management.

Lee holds a Master of Arts and a Bachelor of Arts (with Honours) from the University of Melbourne and has authored several books.

Assistant Deputy Secretary, Schools – Ms Sharyn Donald

Sharyn Donald was appointed Assistant Deputy Secretary, Schools in February 2018 and has oversight of learning, teaching and pathways, international education, literacy and numeracy, and the Principal Medical Advisor. The Assistant Deputy Secretary also supports the work of the parliamentary secretaries.

Sharyn was previously with the Queensland Department of Education and Training as Lead Teaching and Learning Auditor and as the Regional Director South East Queensland, before taking on the role of Regional Director, South West Victoria at the Department.

Sharyn has been a teacher, principal and senior public servant across many communities and is passionate about ensuring a high-quality education for all children and young people regardless of circumstances.

Sharyn holds a Bachelor of Human Movement Studies (Education) from the University of Queensland and a Masters of Education from the Queensland University of Technology.

Assistant Deputy Secretary, Regional Services – Mr Chris Thompson

Chris Thompson is Assistant Deputy Secretary, RS. The position is responsible for supporting the strategy and operations of Victoria's government school and early childhood systems, including coordinating the Department's four regions.

Previously, Chris was the Executive Director for North East Melbourne Area, one of Victoria's 17 education areas. He led a large multidisciplinary team responsible for supporting the operations and improvement of 130 government schools and approximately 350 early childhood services. This followed a period acting as the Deputy Regional Director for North-Western Victoria Region.

Chris previously held executive roles in the Department's Office of the Secretary, the Policy and Strategy Group and as the Director of Priority Cohorts, responsible for education policy relating to languages and sport, and multicultural, Koorie, and rural students. He has also worked at DPC, Department of Planning and Community Development and Department of Human Services.

Chris holds a Bachelor of Laws and a Bachelor of Arts (with Honours) from Monash University and an Executive Masters of Public Administration from ANZSOG.

Organisational structure

Organisational structure at 30 June 2019



Financial Policy and Information Services

FPIS is a crucial corporate service delivery arm of the Department. Its primary purpose is to provide strategic and technical advice in finance and resourcing, information technology and procurement. It plays a key role in financial management, oversight and reporting across the education and training portfolios.

People and Executive Services

PES provides specialist advice and expertise to lead and shape the Department's direction and to enhance our culture and people capabilities. PES provides critical support to the corporate and schools workforce including legal services, people services, health and safety, operational policy reform, communications and media, Cabinet, ministerial support, knowledge and records management, privacy, FOI, integrity, audit and assurance.

Policy, Strategy and Performance

PSP supports the Department to maintain its intensive focus on delivery, performance and engagement to achieve the Education State reform agenda and the Department's strategic intent. It aligns policy leadership with strategy, planning, risk, governance and performance to enable evidence-informed decisions that drive current and future system-wide reforms and improve outcomes for all Victorians.

Early Childhood Education

ECE has lead responsibility for the Education State Early Childhood Reform Plan, Ready for kinder, Ready for school, Ready for life, and major early childhood reform commitments, such as the progressive implementation of kindergarten for three-year-olds, school readiness funding, and the kindergarten quality improvement program. ECE group provides oversight of the early childhood service system, regulates early childhood services (as required by the Education and *Care Services National Law Act 2010* and the *Children's Services Act 1996*) and leads implementation of relevant legislative reforms such as Child Link and the CIS scheme.

Higher Education and Skills

HES oversees tertiary education in Victoria, including VET, higher education, adult education, and lifelong learning.

HES contributes to the Victorian Government's Education State objectives by ensuring Victorians have equitable access to high-quality and relevant postschool education and training, enabling individuals to develop deep knowledge, skills and attributes needed now and for the jobs of the future.

School Education Programs and Support

SEPS has a lead responsibility to shape the Education State to ensure that we build a system that provides every student with the knowledge, capabilities and attributes that will see them thrive throughout their lives. Its four key roles are as policy lead, system architect, commissioner, and program designer. This ensures better outcomes for all students regardless of their start in life and promotes excellence and equity.

Regional Services

RS provides central, regional, and local expertise, as well as critical support to driving improved learning and development outcomes. With a functionally and geographically diverse workforce, RS delivers better outcomes where education, health and development professionals directly interact with children and young people.

RS has four regions that includes 17 areas, supported by four divisions in central office, all working together to deliver better outcomes for early childhood services, schools, communities, learners and other stakeholders, and delivering on the Education State commitments. The 17 areas align with DHHS' regional and area structure.

The four regions provide an interface between the Department's central office, schools and service providers, ensuring that learners move seamlessly through the education system, achieve better outcomes, and meet the Department's ambitious Education State targets.

Regions also inform policy and program design and implementation. Each region has a School Improvement Division and an Early Childhood and School Support Division which provide region-wide expertise in school improvement and early childhood. These divisions work with area-based teams to support local interventions, practice and implementation.

The 17 areas provide a deeper understanding of the trends and issues of local communities. Their input into policy and program development is pivotal in ensuring new initiatives 'hit the ground running'. At a local level, areas are responsible for driving child and learner outcomes across all services and programs.

Victorian School Building Authority

The VSBA helps to deliver the Victorian Government's vision of building a world-class education system and transforming Victoria into the Education State. It designs and builds new schools and early childhood centres to cater for Victoria's rapidly growing student population. It also maintains and upgrades existing facilities to be positive learning environments, allocates resources, and manages educational infrastructure assets.

Governance structure

The Department is led by the Secretary who reports to the Minister for Education, the Minister for Higher Education and the Minister for Training and Skills.

Executive Board

The Department is managed by the Executive Board, chaired by the Secretary. It provides stewardship by giving the Secretary a whole-of-organisation perspective. It is responsible for support to ministers and government, together with oversight of departmental committees.

The Executive Board plays a central coordinating and authorising role for wholeof-department issues, prioritises organisational resources, and monitors performance. It assists the Secretary with strategic leadership of the Department and its agencies and portfolios. It also:

- oversees the portfolio's financial and operational performance
- monitors delivery of key priorities
- ensures integration and alignment across groups and agencies
- drives strong leadership and a high-performing culture across the Department's portfolios.

The Executive Board comprises the heads of the Department's seven groups, the CEOs of VSBA and VCAA, and an assistant deputy secretary on a rotational basis.

Education State Board

The Education State Board is the Department's key advisory body for progressing the Education State agenda. It is chaired by the Secretary and comprises the head of each of the Department's seven groups, the CEO of the VSBA, all assistant deputy secretaries and the Department's four regional directors. It shapes the policies and implementation of the Education State reform agenda and oversees:

- Education State priority reform areas and related stakeholder engagement
- key election commitments
- reform design, business case development, and work program implementation and monitoring
- departmental continuous improvement that has material impact on the design and delivery of reform directions.

Committee structure

Three committees report to the Secretary:

- the Integrity Committee (IC)
- the Audit and Risk Committee (ARC)
- the Executive Development and Remuneration Committee (EDRC).

Six committees report to the Executive Board:

- the Budget and Financial Management Committee (BFMC)
- the Information Management and Technology Committee (IMTC)
- the Policy and Implementation Committee (PIC)
- the Performance and Evaluation Committee (PEC)
- the Procurement and Probity Committee (PPC)
- the Workforce Development and Culture Committee (WDCC).

Integrity Committee

The IC provides assurance to the Secretary that the Department has a robust framework for managing integrity risks and lifting integrity performance. It does this by approving and overseeing the development and delivery of integrity reforms which strengthen the Department's three lines of defence for risk management. The IC leads the Department's efforts to support all corporate and school staff to strive for the highest standards of integrity and public trust.

In relation to portfolio statutory entities (the TAFE sector and funded services), the committee undertakes a stewardship role that reflects the Department's governance responsibilities and operational relationships.

Independent member – Ms Fiona Bennett

Fiona Bennett is a director of a number of entities including Hills Limited, BWX Limited and Select Harvests Limited. She is also the Chairperson of the Victorian Legal Services Board.

She is a chartered accountant with extensive experience in commercial and financial management, governance, risk management and audit. She has held senior executive positions at BHP Ltd and Coles Group Ltd, and has been Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of several organisations in the health sector.

Fiona is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants and the AICD.

Independent member – Professor Robert Wood

Professor Wood is a distinguished professor, and Director of the Futures Academy at the University of Technology Sydney, Honorary Professor at the Florey Institute of Neuroscience and Mental Health and former Director of the Centre for Ethical Leadership. In this latter capacity, Professor Wood has been involved in the Vincent Fairfax Fellowship, which develops the ethical leadership capabilities of senior executive leaders in the public and private sectors. Professor Wood has advised many Australian and overseas corporations, including the Australian Defence Forces, Westpac Institutional Bank, and Santos.

Independent member – Ms Maria Peters

Maria Peters is the Chair of the ACFE Board, and a member of the VRQA Board. Ms Peters has extensive experience in the vocational and tertiary sector, working in management, leadership and governance roles for more than 30 years, including as CEO of Chisholm Institute of TAFE from 2010–17. In 2017, Ms Peters received the Lynne Kosky Lifetime Achievement Award for leading significant educational innovation within the VET sector, and was awarded an Honorary Doctor of Education from Swinburne University in 2018.

Audit and Risk Committee

The ARC assists the Secretary to fulfil governance responsibilities and obligations under the FM Act.

The ARC was established in 2003 to meet the Standing Directions of the Minister for Finance under the FM Act, which require 'each public sector agency to appoint an audit committee to oversee and advise the public sector agency on matters of accountability and internal control affecting the operations of the agency'.

The ARC directly advises the Secretary on governance, risk management, audit and control assurance activities. Its four independent members are appointed by the Secretary and there are two executive officers from the Department. The Chief Finance Officer and Chief Audit Executive also attend all committee meetings.

Independent member - Ms Fiona Bennett, Chair

3 December 2013 - 31 December 2019

Independent member - Mr Stuart Alford, Deputy Chair

9 July 2015 - 31 July 2021

Stuart Alford previously had 40 years in professional practice with Ernst & Young, including 27 as a partner. He is a non-executive director with extensive experience in governance, risk management and auditing.

Stuart currently serves on the boards of Eastern Health Foundation, and AMES Australia. He also has audit, risk and finance committee roles with a number of organisations, including the VCAA, the Office of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Office of the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the Metropolitan Fire and Emergency Services Board. Stuart is also the independent chair of the Network Audit Review Panel for Pitcher Partners.

Stuart is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and an Associate member of the AICD.

Independent member – Ms Kerrie Parker

1 December 2015 – 30 June 2019

Kerrie Parker has held CEO, CFO and executive leadership roles in fast moving consumer goods, agriculture, manufacturing, financial services and state government. With more than thirty years' experience, Kerrie has led through growth, turnaround and crisis situations. Kerrie has strong financial and

operational experience in driving improvements by process optimisation, business improvements and structural change.

She has been involved in several successful business transformations and gained experience in the Australian Securities Exchange publically listed, multinational and private equity companies, state government bodies and the higher education sector.

Kerrie also spent time within the Victorian Government, managing large scale change projects during a time of transformation and reform, focused on adding value through strong and proper financial management practices, and innovative business solutions.

She is currently CFO at Deakin University and is also a company director, a Fellow of Certified Practising Accountants Australia and a Graduate of the AICD.

Independent member – Ms Helen Thornton

1 March 2017– 28 February 2020

Helen Thornton is an experienced non-executive director and is currently on the boards of Treasury Corporation Victoria, ISPT Pty Ltd, Ansvar Insurance Pty Ltd, Yarra Valley Water, Austin Health and the Legal Practitioners Liability Committee.

Helen is also an independent member of the Audit and Risk Committees for the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning and DHHS.

She is a Chartered Accountant with extensive experience in finance, risk management, governance and both internal and external auditing. Helen was the Vice President Risk Management at BlueScope Steel Ltd and has held senior positions at BHP Billiton Ltd, KPMG and Deloitte.

Helen is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants and the AICD.

Department executive members

Ms Kate Rattigan, Deputy Secretary, PES 8 December 2015 – 31 December 2021

Ms Lee Watts, Assistant Deputy Secretary, HES 1 March 2017 – 28 February 2020

Executive Development and Remuneration Committee

The EDRC ensures a consistent and rigorous approach to setting and adjusting executive officer remuneration as well as addressing their individual development needs.

Independent member - Ms Pam White

Pam has had more than 30 years' experience in VPS senior management and leadership positions in both policy development and operations. She has worked in child protection, disability, housing, youth justice and emergency management. For two years, she led the State Services Authority (now the Victorian Public Sector Commission), the body responsible for public sector administration, governance, service delivery, and workforce management and development. In 2012, Pam was awarded the Public Service Medal for her work improving services for vulnerable children and emergency management recovery services.

Pam appreciates and understands the roles and workings of all government levels, including the importance of good governance in delivering effective and integrated public services.

Budget and Financial Management Committee

The BFMC advises the Secretary on budget priorities and oversees effective strategic development and coordination of departmental finances and physical assets.

The BFMC leads the Department's drive to improve financial sustainability and ensures effective oversight and allocation of financial resources in alignment with the Department's objectives.

Independent member – Mr Peter Fuhrmann

Peter has more than 32 years' experience in budget and financial management with the VPS, mostly as an executive officer, encompassing all facets of financial and public account management and budgeting.

Peter came to the VPS following an extensive period in the banking industry, including six years as Budget Manager, State Bank of Victoria.

From 2006 to 2012, he was the Treasurer's representative on the Finance Committee and the Audit Committee of the Cancer Council of Victoria. The committees were responsible for the Council's substantial investment program during the global financial crisis, and for developing and monitoring its operating budget, accommodation, risk management, fund raising strategies and statutory reporting. Peter is a Fellow of Certified Practising Accountants and, in 2010, was awarded the Australian Public Service Medal.

Information Management and Technology Committee

The IMTC oversees the Department's information management and technology functions, priorities and systems, including information security. All departmental information management and technology initiatives must be presented to IMTC for endorsement prior to submission to the PPC, or BFMC, or the Executive Board for approval. The IMTC comprises 12 members and is chaired by a deputy secretary.

Policy and Implementation Committee

The PIC oversees the development and implementation of strategically significant policy initiatives to strengthen Victoria's education services and assets. It draws on the expertise of all groups to bring a whole-of-lifecycle approach to policy development and execution. The PIC comprises 12 members and is chaired by a deputy secretary.
Performance and Evaluation Committee

The PEC provides oversight and assurance of performance monitoring, reporting and evaluation activities across the Department, monitors the implementation of these activities and identifies appropriate responses that help in the application of findings. It comprises 12 members and is chaired by a deputy secretary.

Independent member – Ms Fiona Dowsley

Fiona Dowsley is the founding Chief Statistician of the Crime Statistics Agency at the Department of Justice and Community Safety. Established in 2014, the Crime Statistics Agency is responsible for processing, analysing and publishing Victorian crime statistics, independent of Victoria Police. It conducts research into crime and criminal justice trends and undertakes evaluation activities.

Fiona is also a Director of the Victorian Sentencing Advisory Council, an independent statutory body which aims to bridge the gap between the community, the courts and government by informing, educating and advising on sentencing issues.

Fiona previously worked at the Australian Bureau of Statistics in various roles. As Director, Social and Progress Reporting, Fiona led the Measures of Australia's Progress and Australian Social Trends flagship programs. At the National Centre for Crime and Justice Statistics, Fiona was a member of the Victorian Office Executive team and project managed a consultancy to identify a 5–10 year vision for the crime and justice sector to drive and coordinate investment and evidence development to support future policy.

Procurement and Probity Committee

The PPC oversees procurement activities within the Department to ensure appropriate rigour is exercised in accordance with procurement policies. In doing so, it supports the Secretary's obligations in accordance with Victorian Government Purchasing Board policy, as set out by the FM Act. The PPC considers procurement of goods and services in statutory authorities (VCAA, VRQA and the Merit Protection Board). It does not consider procurement related to construction or property. The PPC comprises 13 members and is chaired by a deputy secretary.

Workforce Development and Culture Committee

The WDCC monitors and oversees the development, implementation and evaluation of strategies and activities to promote exceptional organisational culture and capability across all head office, regional, statutory authority activities, and the teaching workforce. The WDCC comprises nine members and is chaired by a deputy secretary.

Statutory authorities and boards

The Department works in conjunction with the following statutory authorities and boards:

- ACFE Board
- AMES Australia
- Centre for Adult Education
- Children's Services Coordination Board
- Disciplinary Appeals Board
- Independent Office for School Dispute Resolution
- Merit Protection Board
- TAFE institutes
- VCAA
- Victorian Children's Council
- VIT
- VRQA.

Statutory authorities and boards produce their own annual reports for financial years (1 July–30 June) or calendar years (1 January–31 December).

The statutory authorities and boards that produce financial year reports (1 July 2018–30 June 2019) are:

- ACFE Board
- AMES Australia
- VCAA
- VIT
- VRQA.

The statutory authorities and boards that produce calendar year reports (1 January 2019–31 December 2019)

- Centre for Adult Education
- TAFE institutes.

Reports of the Children's Services Coordination Board, Disciplinary Appeals Board, Independent Office for School Dispute Resolution, Merit Protection Board and Victorian Children's Council are included as Appendix 3 of this report.

Workforce data

Public sector values and employment principles

The Department adopts the public sector values set out in the Code of Conduct for Victorian Public Sector Employees. The Department's values underpin how we interact with colleagues, learners and families, members of the community, suppliers and Government.

When employees act in accordance with the Department's values, the Department is more effective, achieves outcomes and ensures the public has trust and confidence in the education system. It also builds trust between employees and leaders, with everyone operating from the same principles, and confident they are doing the right thing.

A suite of materials developed for use across the Department ensures consistent interpretation, strong engagement and connection with the values. These materials inform, educate and guide people on what each of the seven values means in the Department's context, and how employees can demonstrate them every day through their actions and decisions.

Occupational health and safety

The Department communicates its commitment to Health, Safety and Wellbeing (HSW) to all employees as part of its HSW policy, which was endorsed by the Secretary in January 2018. The HSW policy communicates the Department's commitment to continuously improving HSW, recognising legal and moral commitments, and enhancing workplace culture.

As Victoria's largest employer, with approximately 80,000 staff, the Department needs to continually adapt to its environment, and build on existing policies and support systems to address psychological and physical health and safety risks.

The Safe and Well in Education Strategy 2019–2024 (the SWE strategy) and Safe and Well in Education Framework (the SWE framework) build on the success of the Principal Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2018–2021 (PHW Strategy).

The SWE strategy outlines the Department's systematic and sustainable approach to improving health, safety and wellbeing. It starts a five-year journey towards embedding health, safety and wellbeing in everything we do through five key focus areas. The SWE strategy brings together existing systems and supports with the employee wellbeing and operational policy reforms to provide a clear roadmap of initiatives to further strengthen departmental supports for all school and corporate employees.

The SWE framework will help employees understand their health, safety and wellbeing accountabilities and responsibilities, and the supports available to acquit those, to ultimately improve the performance of Victorian government schools. The SWE strategy and framework provide an opportunity to improve employee wellbeing outcomes and build the desired safety culture with smarter systems and stronger structures of support that reduce administrative burden.

The Department is investing \$51 million over four years (2019–2022) and \$16 million in ongoing funding to reform employee HSW and operational policy in line with the Education State agenda to:

- reform how occupational health and safety (OHS) and workers' compensation operates in Victorian schools to address the administrative burden faced by school leaders in meeting OHS requirements by creating clarity, increasing support and streamlining systems
- embed and expand the successful Principal Health and Wellbeing services
- reduce 'red tape' through a new Operational Policy Framework and a policy library which will deliver a one-stop shop for all policy guidance and supporting materials for schools and corporate employees.

The Department continues to implement and develop its OHS management system (OHSMS) through local action plans to enhance safety performance and maintain safe systems of work. Schools are provided with advisory support to implement the OHSMS and are periodically audited against its requirements. The audit and other indicators, are reviewed locally and centrally with corrective actions identified, closed and reported. The Department's OHSMS is available to corporate workplaces, including regional and central offices, and there are plans to promote its implementation and audit these areas.

HSW consultation forums and mechanisms are established at school and corporate locations. Schools are encouraged and expected to establish their own OHS committees, headed by principal and management OHS nominees. The Department has established consultative forums chaired by senior leaders and attended by key stakeholders including the Employee HSW Reference Group, the Occupational Health and Safety Baseline Evaluation Reference Group, the Student Support Services OHS State-Wide Committee and the Victorian School Building Authority (VSBA).

During 2018–19, the Department:

- completed 468 scheduled OHS school audits
- continued the Regional OHS Engagement Model, to support schools' preparation for an OHS audit and completion of audit corrective actions
- provided support and advice on implementing and maintaining the OHSMS in Department schools and workplaces, including 9,416 phone and email communications and 1,155 site visits
- supported 160 participants to complete the Bastow Institute's *Safety Management for School Leaders* training program
- provided access to an online health and wellbeing portal for all employees, receiving 4,784 hits from 922 site visitors
- enabled employees to access 7,454 hours of sessional Employee Assistance Program counselling, manager assist contacts, and critical incident response counselling services
- enabled department workplaces to access 1,008 hours of conflict resolution services including mediation, conflict coaching and team facilitations
- conducted extensive OHS stakeholder consultation via forums including the Employee Health Safety and Wellbeing Stakeholder Reference Group, and the School Support Services OHS Statewide Committee
- provided \$1.64 million (up to \$20,000 per school) for resources, tools and equipment in selected categories to support the health, safety and wellbeing of staff at specialist schools as part of the Safety for Specialist Schools Initiative Agreement.

The Department has developed and implemented multiple programs and initiatives in line with the Mental Health and Wellbeing Charter:

- developed and delivered 15 *Building a Mentally Healthy and Respectful Workplace* training sessions for VPS managers and human resources staff, attended by over 251 managers and human resources staff
- delivered Mental Health and Wellbeing training to 82 per cent of executive staff.

Principal health and wellbeing strategy

The PHW Strategy defines an integrated framework of supports and services, both proactive and reactive, that work together to promote and sustain the health and wellbeing of school leaders. Several services, such as the Complex Matter Support Team, relieve workload pressure for principals, while others such as Principal Health Checks directly support wellbeing.

As at June 2019, the:

- school policy templates portal had over 300,000 page views, helping to reduce workload by providing clear policy templates and guidelines
- principal health checks had been accessed by 464 principals to proactively identify potential physical or mental health risks
- Complex Matter Support team had supported almost 250 matters, reducing stress and workload associated with managing complex matters involving parents and advocates
- Early Intervention Program had over 434 principal referrals to identify and support early signs of health and wellbeing issues through psychological services, physical therapy and dietetics
- proactive wellbeing supervision program had a 42 per cent uptake (across four pilot school networks) to allow reflective practice through psychological debrief sessions
- Principal Mentor Program matched 105 mentees with 60 trained mentors to provide operational support and reduce isolation
- regional capability development program trained almost 150 regional department leaders to support principals and cultivate a culture of care.

The PHW Strategy was a finalist in the Australian Psychological Society's Workplace Excellence Awards as a leading example of a strategic health and wellbeing initiative.

An independent evaluation of the PHW Strategy and pilot initiatives for 2018 found it had been well-received. The evaluation also noted that the PHW Strategy:

- shows a strong commitment by the Department to the health and wellbeing of principals
- is supporting new and aspiring principals through several initiatives
- has been widely endorsed, based on utilisation.

Funding provided for the employee wellbeing and operational policy reforms will ensure continuity of the PHW Strategy's services and allow a statewide expansion of the proactive wellbeing supervision service from Term 3, 2019.

Incident management

Incidents, including injuries and other hazard-related outcomes, increased from 19.87 per 100 FTE in 2017–18 to 23.24 per 100 FTE in 2018–19. This equates to an additional 2,701 reported incidents, totalling 15,835 in 2018–19 compared with 13,134 in 2017–18.



Number of incidents and rate per 100 FTE 2016–17 to 2018–19

Workers' compensation

The Department has been working to improve the return-to-work process for injured employees, resulting in less time away. The Department continues to reduce the human and financial costs of workplace injuries, provide support and sound advice to workplace managers and injured workers, build the organisation's capability to effectively manage workers' compensation and return-to-work responsibilities, and comply with legislation.

The main activities during 2018–19 were:

- launching the return to work portal with guides, templates and resources to support managers to develop safe and sustainable return-to-work programs for injured employees
- supporting claims administration for schools through a team of experienced business managers
- delivering statewide face-to-face workers' compensation training to return-to-work coordinators and workplace managers
- improving the Department's workers' compensation management through employee and stakeholder consultation
- reviewing existing workers' compensation claims data and processes for improvement opportunities
- implementing improved reconciliation processes and procedures
- supporting and advising offices and schools through the Workers' Compensation Unit's dedicated team of specialist subject matter experts dedicated to each region
- supporting departmental workplaces and external stakeholders in dispute resolution matters including conciliation and workers' compensation legal proceedings
- managing the Department's Medical Advisory Service provider.

There were 867 standard workers' compensation claims in 2018–19, compared with 806 in 2017–18. The rate per 100 FTE increased from 1.22 per 100 in 2017–18 to 1.27 in 2018–19.

Number of standard claims and rate per 100 FTE 2016–17 to 2018–19



The number of lost time claims increased to 419 in 2018–19 compared with 396 in 2017–18.

Lost time claims and rate per 100 FTE 2016–17 to 2018–19



The number of claims exceeding 13 weeks increased to 202 in 2018–19 compared with 166 in 2017–18.

Claims exceeding 13 weeks and rate per 100 FTE 2016–17 to 2018–19



The Department's workers' compensation premium is a function of the premium rate as calculated by WorkSafe and the Department's remuneration. Further, the Department's premium rate is determined by adjusting the industry's premium rate with the Employer's Performance Rating (EPR). The EPR is a measure of the Department's claims cost relative to the industry's claims costs.

The Department's premium increased from \$69.18 million (excluding GST) in 2017–18 to \$71.87 million (excluding GST) in 2018–19. This increase was the net effect of an increase in the Department's remuneration. Its impact was partially offset by a reduction in the premium rate from 1.17 per cent in 2017–18 to 1.15 per cent in 2018–19. The reduction in the Department's premium rate was driven by a reduction in the industry's premium rate from 1.09 per cent in 2017–18 to 1.07 per cent in 2018–19.



Premium rate 2016–17 to 2018–19

The Department's EPR reflects the employer's claim experience compared to employers across the industry. An EPR greater than one reflects higher claim costs experience when compared to the employer's industry. The EPR has very slightly increased from 1.070 in 2017–18 to 1.076 in 2018–19 and did not contribute to the year-on-year premium rate reduction.

Employer performance 2016–17 to 2018–19



•			-				
Measure	Key performance indicator	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19			
Incidents	Number of incidents ⁴¹	11,359	12,382	14,923			
	Rate per 100 FTE ⁴²	18.12	18.73	21.90			
	Number of incidents requiring first aid and/or medical treatment	5,073	5,712	6,346			
Hazards	Total number of hazards reported	708	752	912			
	Rate per 100 FTE	1.13	1.14	1.34			
Claims	Number of standard claims	825	806	867			
	Rate per 100 FTE ⁴²	1.32	1.22	1.27			
	Number of lost time claims	371	396	419			
	Rate per 100 FTE ⁴²	0.590	0.599	0.615			
	Number of claims exceeding 13 weeks	183	166	202			
	Rate per 100 FTE ⁴²	0.292	0.251	0.296			
Fatalities	Fatality claims	0	0	0			
Claim costs	Average cost per standard claim (\$)	63,212	66,810	73,124			
Return to work (RTW) ⁴³	Per cent of claims with RTW plan <30 days	N/A	N/A	N/A			
OHSMS development and implementation/ review and improvement	Number of policies, procedures, guidelines and templates reviewed and/or updated	-	-	309			
	School audits completed	390	405	468			
	Average OHSMS audit score (schools)	74	70	78			

Performance against OHS and workers' compensation management measures

⁴¹ In the 2017–18 annual report, the number of incidents for 2016–17 included hazards while the number of incidents for 2017–18 excluded hazards. To ensure consistency for all three years, in this report, the number of incidents for 2016–17 excludes hazards. The number of hazards have now been provided separately in the table above.

⁴² The FTE figure used in the 2017–18 annual report to calculate rates per 100 FTE for the 2017–18 year was incorrect. These figures have been restated in this report using the correct FTE in their calculation.

⁴³ The Department is unable to report on this indicator because RTW plans are developed locally and the data is not collected centrally. The Department will determine the processes required to report on this measure as part of its EWOP reforms, with an initial plan to report in 2020–21.

Measure	Key performance indicator	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19
	Per cent of corrective actions completed – Incident reports	43	55	58
Management commitment	Evidence of OHS policy statement, objectives, regular reporting to senior management and plans (signed by CEO or equivalent)	Complete	Complete	Complete
	Evidence of OHS criteria in purchasing guidelines (including goods, services and personnel)	Complete	Complete	Complete
	Management engagement in audits ⁴⁴	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Senior management commitment – OHSMS review ⁴⁵	-	-	Yes
Consultation and participation	Evidence of agreed structure of designated workgroups, health and safety representatives, and issue resolution procedures	Complete	Complete	Complete
	Per cent of schools who were reported to have health and safety representatives and OHS committees based on audit results	92	66	68
	Senior management involvement in consultation and communication ⁴⁶	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Compliance with agreed structure of above	Completed	Completed	Completed
Risk management	Per cent of internal audits/inspections conducted as planned	100	100	100

⁴⁴ School principals engage with OHS auditors and take the lead for addressing any corrective actions. Currently, data is not collected centrally for the Department to report on this measure. The Department will consider how to report on this measure with an initial plan to begin reporting in 2021.

 ⁴⁵ Senior management review the OHSMS, its performance and relevant development actions periodically, as part of the OHS Baseline Evaluation Reference Group and the Workforce Development and Culture Committee.
 ⁴⁶ Senior executives, executives, principals and management OHS nominees attend periodic OHS committees.

⁴⁶ Senior executives, executives, principals and management OHS nominees attend periodic OHS committees. Currently, the data needed to determine the percentage of participation is not centrally captured. The Department will consider how to report on this indicator with an initial plan to begin reporting in 2021.

Measure	Key performance indicator	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19
	Per cent of reported incidents investigated	-	-	59
	Number of Improvement notices issued by WorkSafe inspector	-	-	105
	Per cent of issues actioned as part of the total issues identified in:			
	• internal audits ⁴⁷	100	64	69
	 health and safety representatives Provisional Improvement Notices⁴⁸ 	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WorkSafe notices	-	-	100
Training	Per cent of managers and staff that have received OHS training:			
	• induction	70	67	72
	 management training (OHS for principals) 	-	-	70
	 contractors and temps⁴⁹ 	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Per cent of health and safety representatives trained:			
	 acceptance of role (initial training) 	86	73	75
	 re-training (annual refresher) 	50	37	53

⁴⁷ 2017–18 data is not comparable to previous years because the measure changed. A new OHS audit program was established in July 2016, which provides more accurate data and enables improved monitoring and verification of action items for all internal audits (including schools). In this program, schools have up to nine months to complete their corrective actions and this is the first financial year where new data is available.

⁴⁸ The Department is unable to report on this indicator in 2019 because data relating to Provisional Improvement Notices are not collected centrally. The Department will determine the processes needed to report on this indicator as part of its EWOP reforms with an intention to report in 2020–21.

⁴⁹ Currently, the Department does not maintain contractor training records centrally to be able to report on this measure. The Department will consider how to report on this indicator with an initial plan to begin reporting in 2021.

Measure	Key performance indicator	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19
	 Total number of mental health training sessions 	-	-	15 people managers and human resources staff
				3 executives
Absenteeism	 Total number of days of absence due to injury or illness 	590,519	605,155	639,518
	• Rate per 100 FTE	941	916	939
People Matter survey results	• Response rate (%)	71	79	79
	 Per cent of respondents who think the Department provides a safe work environment 	83	83	81
Prosecutions	Total number of prosecutions	-	-	0
Mental health and wellbeing	 Mental health audit⁵⁰ 	N/A	N/A	N/A
	 Calendar of mental health and wellbeing activities⁵¹ 	N/A	N/A	N/A

 ⁵⁰ The Department has updated the mental health and wellbeing procedure and guide, which is a step towards planning for future mental health audits in the workplace.
 ⁵¹ Mental health and wellbeing activities have been organised centrally such as the promotion of R U OK? Day in the Departments all staff forum. Other wellbeing workshops were delivered to corporate staff (Thriving at work). Also, other activities which are independently organised include wellbeing activities such as celebrating harmony day

Comparative workforce data

The following tables disclose the headcount and FTE of all active public service employees of the Department ^{52 53 54 55 56}

VPS staff employment levels June 2018 and 2019

			June 2019						June 2018						
		All emp	loyees		Ongoing			term asual	All emp	loyees	(Ongoing		Fixed term and casual	
		Number (head count)	FTE	Full-time (head count)	Part-time (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE	Full-time (head count)	Part-time (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE
	Gender														
	Women	3,147	2,812.8	1,612	789	2,138.3	746	674.5	3,031	2,676.2	1,568	807	2,094.5	656	581.7
	Men	1,028	998.9	728	55	765.5	245	233.5	951	922.4	701	54	737.8	196	184.6
ta	Self-described	9	9.0	8	-	8.0	1	1.0	2	2.0	1	-	1.0	1	1.0
Demographic data	Age														
raph	Under 25	82	72.7	41	3	42.9	38	29.8	81	75.4	32	1	32.5	48	42.9
mog	25-34	959	900.1	554	100	617.6	305	282.5	881	821.7	460	94	518.8	327	302.9
De	35-44	1,205	1,070.6	567	330	786.7	308	283.9	1,110	976.7	548	329	766.6	233	210.1
	45-54	947	880.0	560	186	690.5	201	189.6	912	840.6	603	178	724.4	131	116.2
	55-64	823	752.2	529	166	639.1	128	113.1	847	758.3	542	202	669.4	103	89.0
	65+	168	145.1	97	59	135.1	12	10.0	153	127.9	85	57	121.7	11	6.2

⁵² This table includes employees of the VCAA and the VRQA who are also reported in those authorities' annual reports

⁵³ 'Headcount' refers to the number of people employed where each person counts as an employee regardless of the number of hours engaged to work

⁵⁴ 'Casual' means a person who is subject to clause 25, casual employees—loading of the VPS Agreement 2006, or similar clauses in other relevant agreements. It includes a person employed on a seasonal basis where such provision is made under an applicable industrial agreement.

 $^{^{\}rm 55}$ Age of staff is calculated as at 30 June each year.

⁵⁶ The category VPSG2 includes graduate recruits.

					June 2019							June 2018			
		All emp	loyees		Ongoing		Fixed and ca		All emp	loyees	(Ongoing		Fixed to and cas	
		Number (head count)	FTE	Full-time (head count)	Part-time (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE	Full-time (head count)	Part-time (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE
	VPS 1–6 grades	3,192	3,002.9	1,886	429	2,188.9	877	814.0	2,960	2,777.3	1,853	418	2,144.7	689	632.6
	VPS 1	14	13.8	1	-	1.0	13	12.8	7	7.0	-	-	-	7	7.0
	VPS 2	141	118.8	83	22	98.1	36	20.7	135	117.3	82	25	98.0	28	19.3
	VPS 3	438	406.5	268	72	317.3	98	89.2	413	375.2	248	65	290.2	100	85.0
	VPS 4	625	595.3	394	63	435.9	168	159.4	597	569.4	370	66	416.3	161	153.1
	VPS 5	1,317	1,237.3	712	196	849.4	409	387.8	1,233	1,156.2	763	189	894.5	281	261.7
data	VPS 6	657	631.2	428	76	487.2	153	144.0	575	552.1	390	73	445.5	112	106.6
Classification	Senior employees	114	112.2	100	10	108.3	4	3.9	118	115.8	105	10	112.8	3	3.0
issifi	STS	26	25.0	17	5	21.1	4	3.9	26	25.3	19	4	22.3	3	3.0
C	Executive Officers ⁵⁷	88	87.2	83	5	87.2	-	-	92	90.5	86	6	90.5	-	-
	SMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other	878	705.6	362	405	614.6	111	91.1	906	707.6	312	433	575.9	161	131.7
	Allied health	644	531.2	293	265	457.6	86	73.6	645	522.4	239	267	407.5	139	114.9
	Nurses	234	174.5	69	140	157.0	25	17.5	261	185.2	73	166	168.4	22	16.8
	Total employees	4,184	3,820.7	2,348	844	2,911.8	992	908.9	3,984	3,600.6	2,270	861	2,833.4	853	767.3

⁵⁷ Executive officers includes EO1–3 and the Secretary.

					June 2019						June 2018				
		All emp	loyees		Ongoing		Fixed and c		All emp	loyees		Ongoing		Fixed and ca	
		Number (head count)	FTE	Full-time (head count)	Part-time (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE	Full-time (head count)	Part-time (head count)	FTE	Number (head count)	FTE
	Gender														
	Women	57,841	48,387.3	25,609	21,898	39,611.1	10,334	8,776.3	56,141	46,993.7	25,563	21,378	39,184.7	9,200	7,809.1
	Men	17,145	15,907.3	11,300	2,623	13,046.2	3,222	2,861.1	16,690	15,501.6	11,333	2,481	12,979.8	2,876	2,521.8
זומ	Self-described	24	20.5	11	7	15.9	6	4.6	2	2.0	1	-	1.0	1	1.0
	Age														
Demographic data	Under 25	3,369	3,016.8	725	518	1,075.0	2,126	1,941.8	3,414	3,075.3	831	510	1,170.7	2,073	1,904.6
bom	25-34	19,933	18,353.7	11,369	2,896	13,127.7	5,668	5,226.0	19,153	17,653.3	11,439	2,791	13,122.2	4,923	4,531.1
ne	35-44	17,716	14,661.1	8,345	6,659	12,510.3	2,712	2,150.8	16,759	13,883.9	8,085	6,281	11,990.9	2,393	1,892.9
	45-54	17,564	14,768.4	8,519	7,064	13,222.3	1,981	1,546.0	17,206	14,446.4	8,482	7,033	13,147.0	1,691	1,299.4
	55-64	14,092	11,762.2	7,036	6,141	11,076.3	915	685.9	14,155	11,828.1	7,212	6,095	11,207.5	848	620.6
	65+	2,336	1,752.8	926	1,250	1,661.5	160	91.4	2,146	1,610.5	848	1,149	1,527.1	149	83.4
_	Executive class	150	148.6	104	2	105.4	44	43.2	141	139.9	128	3	129.9	10	10.0
data	Principal class58	3,230	3,200.7	3,127	103	3,200.7	-	-	3,135	3,108.6	3,044	91	3,108.6	-	-
tion	Teacher class ⁵⁹	48,345	43,483.0	27,642	10,823	34,426.5	9,880	9,056.5	47,445	42,686.8	27,860	10,629	34,490.0	8,956	8,196.8
Classification data	Education support class	23,285	17,482.8	6,047	13,600	14,940.5	3,638	2,542.2	22,112	16,562.1	5,865	13,136	14,437.0	3,111	2,125.1
Ö	Total employees	75,010	64,315.0	36,920	24,528	52,673.1	13,562	11,641.9	72,833	62,497.3	36,897	23,859	52,165.4	12,077	10,331.9

Government Teaching Service staff employment levels in June 2018 and 2019

⁵⁸ Principal class includes principals, assistant principals and liaison principals

⁵⁹ Teacher class includes classroom teachers and paraprofessionals

The following table discloses the annualised total salary for Department senior employees, categorised by classification. The salary amount is reported as the full-time annualised salary excluding superannuation.

Annualised total salary, by \$20,000 bands, for executives and other senior non-	
executive staff	

Income band (salary)	Executives	STS	PS	SMA	SRA	Other
< \$160,000						
\$160,000 – \$179,999	260	10 ⁶¹				
\$180,000 - \$199,999	32 ⁶²	10 ⁶³				
\$200,000 - \$219,999	6 ⁶⁴	6 ⁶⁵				
\$220,000 - \$239,999	14					
\$240,000 – \$259,999	6					
\$260,000 - \$279,999	6					
\$280,000 – \$299,999	11					
\$300,000 – \$319,999	3					
\$320,000 – \$339,999	3					
\$340,000 – \$359,999						
\$360,000 – \$379,999	1					
\$380,000 – \$399,999	2					
\$400,000 - \$419,999						
\$420,000 - \$439,999						
\$440,000 – \$459,999	1					
\$460,000 - \$479,999						
\$480,000 - \$499,999						
Total	87	26				

⁶⁰ This band includes one employee at 44/52 employment mode.

⁶¹ This band includes one employee on a part-time basis at a 0.8 FTE rate and one employee at 51/52 employment mode.

 ⁶² This band includes two employees on a part-time basis at a 0.8 FTE rate, two employees at a 0.9 FTE rate and one employee at 44/52 employment mode.
 ⁶³ This band includes one employee on a part-time basis at a 0.7 FTE rate, one employee at a 0.8 FTE rate and one employee at a 0.8 FTE rate.

employee at a 0.9 FTE rate.

⁶⁴ This band includes one employee on a part-time basis at a 0.8 FTE rate.

⁶⁵ This band includes two employees on a part-time basis at a 0.9 FTE rate.

Workforce diversity and inclusion

The Department is working to create safe, inclusive and respectful workplaces, where staff are valued and supported. The Department's policies and practices encourage people of all backgrounds to pursue challenging and rewarding public sector careers at all levels.

Government employment targets are one way to ensure that the Victorian community is represented in the workforce. The Department's corporate workforce targets include:

- 50 per cent women and 50 per cent men on the executives' gender profile by 2019
- two per cent Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander employees
- six per cent people with disability by 2020, and 12 per cent by 2025.

Workforce inclusion initiative	Target	Actual progress in 2018–2019	Actual progress in 2017–2018
Gender profile at executive levels ⁶⁶	50 per cent women; 50 per cent men by 2019	53.1 per cent women; 46.9 per cent men	52.6 per cent women; 47.4 per cent men

Department's progress against gender targets

The Department is reducing barriers for underrepresented groups and promoting safe and inclusive workplaces by raising awareness and improving workplace culture. It is doing this through the implementation of the Department's cultural change strategies and by refreshing the Department's <u>diversity and inclusion</u> policies for employees.

The focus this year has been on setting strong foundations around diversity and inclusion so that future initiatives are underpinned by strong policies and processes that support cultural change. This involved making inclusion central to workforce actions in the Department's Cultural Diversity Plan, Wirnalung Ganai (the Aboriginal Inclusion Plan), and the Disability Action Plan. The Department maintains a respectful workplaces program, strong policies around flexible work and sexual harassment, and fosters awareness of gender equality.

In addition, the Department supported inclusion through staff networks including the Koorie Staff Network, the DET Pride Network and the DET Enablers Network.

The Department's work continues to build a workplace culture grounded in respect, that fosters inclusion, promotes diversity and embraces everyone's unique skills and qualities. This is supported by evidence-based actions to raise awareness, provide guidance and support, and build skills and capabilities to address specific workforce challenges and achieve safe and inclusive workplaces.

⁶⁶ The self-described category is nil for this entry

Industrial relations

Department employees, other than executive officers, are covered by industrial agreements. Industrial action is not permitted on matters within industrial agreements prior to their nominal expiry dates.

The Victorian government schools Agreement 2017 commenced on 22 August 2017 with a nominal expiry date of 30 April 2021. This agreement applies to the Government teaching service, including executives, principals, teachers, paraprofessionals and education support staff.

The Victorian Public Service Agreement 2016 came into effect on 18 May 2016 and expires on 31 December 2019.

The Nurses (Department of Education and Training) Agreement came into effect on 28 December 2016 and expires on 31 December 2019.

No time was lost due to industrial action during 2018–19.

Executive officer data

The following tables disclose the executive officers of the Department and its portfolio agencies for 30 June 2019.

	A		Men		Woi	men	Self-described		
Class	No.	Var.	No.	Var.	No.	Var.	No.	Var.	
EO-1	7.0	+3.0	3.0	+1.0	4.0	+2.0	-	-	
EO-2	41.6	-2.4	20.0	-1.9	21.6	-0.5	-	-	
EO-3	37.6	+1.1	17.9	+1.9	19.7	-0.8	-	-	
Total	86.2	+1.7	40.9	+1.0	45.3	+0.7	-	-	

Total number of executive officers (FTE) for the Department by gender

Reconciliation of executive officer numbers (headcount) excluding statutory authorities

	2019	2018
Executives	91	94
Accountable officer (Secretary)	1	1
Less separations ⁶⁷	(11)	(8)
Total executive officer numbers at 30 June 2019	81	87

Number of executive officers (FTE) for the Department's statutory authorities

	A	.11	M	en	Woi	men	Self-de	scribed
Class	No.	Var.	No.	Var.	No.	Var.	No.	Var.
VCAA	5.0	+2.0	2.0	-	3.0	+2.0	-	-
VRQA	2.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	-	-
Total	7.0	+2.0	3.0	-	4.0	+2.0	-	-

⁶⁷ Includes all executive officers separating from the Department including those transferring to another government department.

	2019			2018			Change					
Portfolio agency	Female	Male	Self- described	Total	Female	Male	Self- described	Total	Female	Male	Self- described	Total
AMES Australia	5	3	0	8	5	3	0	8	0	0	0	0
Bendigo Kangan Institute	5	6	0	11	6	6	0	12	-1	0	0	-1
Box Hill Institute	9	6	0	15	9	6	0	15	0	0	0	0
Chisholm Institute	6	3	0	9	8	9	0	17	-2	-6	0	-8
Gordon Institute of TAFE	0	1	0	1	5	4	0	9	-5	-3	0	-8
Goulburn Ovens Institute of TAFE	1	1	0	2	6	2	0	8	-5	-1	0	-6
Holmesglen Institute	9	4	0	13	11	8	0	19	-2	-4	0	-6
Melbourne Polytechnic	9	11	0	20	10	13	0	23	-1	-2	0	-3
South West Institute of TAFE	0	1	0	1	1	3	0	4	-1	-2	0	-3
Sunraysia Institute of TAFE	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
TAFE Gippsland	0	3	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	2
VET Development Centre	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Victorian Institute of Teaching	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
William Angliss Institute of TAFE	1	2	0	3	0	4	0	4	1	-2	0	-1
Wodonga Institute of TAFE	0	2	0	2	2	4	0	6	-2	-2	0	-4
Total	45	46	0	91	63	66	0	129	-18	-20	0	-38

Number of executive officers for the Department's portfolio entities as at 30 June 2019

For the purposes of this table, executive officers are employees who have significant management responsibility with a total remuneration package of \$182,070 or more. Employees on leave without pay or absent on secondment, external contracts, consultants and temporary staff employed by employment agencies are excluded. The Centre for Adult Education is now part of Box Hill Institute.

Pecuniary interests

All relevant officers have completed declarations of pecuniary interests.

Shares held by senior officers

No shares are held by a senior officer as nominee or held beneficially in a statutory authority or subsidiary.

Other disclosures

Victoria's social procurement framework

The Department implemented its Social Procurement Strategy in February 2019. It prioritises the social procurement objectives of:

- opportunities for Victorian Aboriginal people
- women's equality and safety
- opportunities for disadvantaged Victorians
- supporting safe and fair workplaces
- environmentally sustainable outputs.

The Department's corporate procurement procedure and documentation now align all procurements with these social procurement requirements. Similar updates for construction works procurement are expected to be completed in October 2019. A capability development plan is being drafted to establish a pathway for the maturing of social procurement capability over three years.

Local jobs first

The *Local Jobs First Act 2003* introduced in August 2018 brings together the Victorian Industry Participation Policy (VIPP) and Major Project Skills Guarantee (MPSG) policy, which were previously administered separately.

Departments and public sector bodies are required to apply the Local Jobs First policy to all metropolitan Melbourne and statewide projects valued at \$3 million or more, or \$1 million or more in regional Victoria.

MPSG applies to all construction projects valued at \$20 million or more. The MPSG guidelines and VIPP guidelines continue to apply to MPSG applicable and VIPP applicable projects respectively, where contracts have been entered prior to 15 August 2018.

Projects commenced – Local jobs first standard

During 2018–19, the Department commenced 46 Local Jobs First standard projects valued at \$336 million. The projects based in metropolitan Victoria averaged 87 per cent local content. The projects based in regional Victoria averaged 88 per cent local content.

The expected outcomes from the implementation of Local Jobs First, based on the reported and extrapolated information are as follows:

- an average of 87 per cent local content
- an estimated total of 284 positions were created
- an estimated 84 new apprenticeships and traineeships were created
- an estimated 200 existing apprenticeships and traineeships were retained.

MPSG projects provided an estimated total of 95,000 hours to 38 apprentices, trainees, and cadets.

Projects completed – Local jobs first standard

During 2018–19, the Department completed 87 Local Jobs First Standard Projects, valued at \$555 million. The projects based in metropolitan Victoria

averaged 87 per cent local content. The projects based in regional Victoria averaged 86 per cent local content.

The expected outcomes from the implementation of Local Jobs First, based on the reported and extrapolated information are as follows:

- an average of 86 per cent local content
- an estimated total of 945 positions were created
- an estimated 260 new apprenticeships and traineeships were created
- an estimated 764 existing apprenticeships and traineeships were retained.

MPSG projects provided an estimated total of 289,000 hours to 121 apprentices, trainees, and cadets.

Projects commenced – Local jobs first strategic

During 2018–19, the Department commenced three Local Jobs First Strategic Projects, valued at \$92 million. The projects based in metropolitan Victoria averaged 89 per cent local content. The projects based in regional Victoria averaged 86 per cent local content.

The expected outcomes from the implementation of Local Jobs First, based on the reported and extrapolated information are as follows:

- an average of 88 per cent local content
- an estimated total of 22 positions were created
- an estimated 7 new apprenticeships and traineeships were created
- an estimated 23 existing apprenticeships and traineeships were retained.

MPSG projects provided an estimated total of 52,000 hours to 16 apprentices, trainees, and cadets.

Projects completed – Local jobs first strategic

During 2018–19, the Department completed six Local Jobs First Strategic Projects, valued at \$118 million. The projects based in metropolitan Victoria averaged 89 per cent local content.

The expected outcomes from the implementation of Local Jobs First, based on the reported and extrapolated information are as follows:

- an average of 89 per cent local content
- an estimated total of 36 positions were created
- an estimated 12 new apprenticeships and traineeships were created
- an estimated 42 existing apprenticeships and traineeships were retained.

MPSG projects provided an estimated total of 24,000 hours to 14 apprentices, trainees, and cadets.

Reporting requirements – all projects

During 2018–19, there were 4,031 small to medium businesses engaged through the supply chain on these projects.

Reporting requirements – grants

No grants provided during 2018-19 required a conversation with the Industry Capability Network (Victoria) Ltd.

Government advertising expenditure

Campaigns with a media spend of \$100,000 or greater 2018–19 (excluding GST)

Campaign	Summary	Start/end	Advertising (media)	Creative and campaign development	Research and evaluation	Print and collateral	Other	Total
Never Leave Kids in Cars	Raised awareness of the dangers of leaving children unattended in cars on hot days, and the speed at which temperature doubles inside a parked car.	2 December 2018 to 28 February 2019	\$188,312	-	-	-	\$16,363	\$204,675
	Campaign was delivered in partnership with DHHS, Ambulance Victoria and KidSafe.							
Public School. Our School.	This promoted Victorian government schools as great places to study and work, aimed at parents and carers and those interested in a teaching career.	27 August 2018 to 30 June 2019	\$2,358,349	\$749,934	\$20,000	\$43,826	\$125,114	\$3,297,223
Our Fair Share	Raised Victorian public awareness and understanding of a Commonwealth funding deal which meant Victorian public schools would miss out on \$500 million in federal funding every year.	24 February to 25 June 2019	\$427,874	\$169,311	-	-	\$4,190	\$601,375
Tech schools	Victoria's 10 tech schools opened their doors to the community during Education Week 2019.	13 to 31 May 2019	\$139,000	-	-	\$10,000	\$30,000	\$179,000
	The campaign aimed to inform the public about tech schools and encourage people to attend their open days.							

Campaign	Summary	Start/end	Advertising (media)	Creative and campaign development	Research and evaluation	Print and collateral	Other	Total
TAFE Will Take You There	Promote the state's TAFE network under one united brand. Increase public confidence in TAFEs. Promote TAFE Victoria as a provider of courses that help Victorians get real jobs.	4 Nov 2018 to 16 Dec 2018 and 30 Dec 2018 to 24 Feb 2019	\$940,402	-	-	-	-	\$940,402
Free TAFE	A marketing campaign to motivate and encourage prospective students to enrol in free TAFE courses. Continue to build the TAFE Victoria brand. Communicate breadth and depth of TAFE offering.	29 July 2018 to 21 Oct 2018 and 14 April 2019 to 30 June 2019	\$2,269,422	\$129,731	\$16,500	\$13,363	\$122,322	\$2,551,338

Consultancy expenditure

Details of consultancies valued at \$10,000 or greater

In 2018–19, there were 44 consultancies where the total fees were \$10,000 or greater. During 2018–19 these totalled \$5.84 million (excluding GST). Consultancies of \$10,000 or greater are listed in the *Department of Education and Training Annual Report 2018–19 Additional Information*, available at www.education.vic.gov.au.

Details of consultancies valued at less than \$10,000 In 2018–19, there were two consultancies where the consultant's total fees were less than \$10,000. The total expenditure incurred during 2018–19 in relation to these consultancies was \$7,546.

Information and communication technology expenditure

In accordance with the VPS information and communication technology (ICT) reporting standard, the Department's ICT expenditure is reported below.

ICT expenditure

Measure	\$m
Business as Usual (BAU) ICT expenditure	352.966
Non-Business as Usual (non-BAU) ICT expenditure	
Operating expenditure	4.258
Capital expenditure	33.601
Total ICT non-BAU expenditure	37.859
Total ICT expenditure	390.825

Disclosure of major contracts

The Department disclosed, in accordance with the requirements of government policy and accompanying guidelines, all contracts greater than \$10 million entered into during the year ended 30 June 2019. Details of contracts disclosed in the Victorian Government contracts' publishing system can be viewed on the internet at <u>www.procurement.vic.gov.au</u>.

Contractual details have not been disclosed for contracts exempted under the *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (the FOI Act), and/or government guidelines.

Freedom of information

The FOI Act allows the public a right to access documents held by the Department. The purpose of the FOI Act is to extend as far as possible the community's right to access information held by government departments, local councils, ministers and other bodies.

People can apply to access documents both created by the Department or supplied to it. They may also get access to maps, films, microfiche, photographs, computer printouts, computer discs, tape recordings and videotapes. Information about the type of material produced by the Department is available at <u>www.education.vic.gov.au/about/working/Pages/foi.aspx</u>.

Under the FOI Act a department can refuse access to certain documents or information, either fully or partially. Examples of documents that may not be accessed include:

- cabinet documents
- some internal working documents
- law enforcement documents
- documents covered by legal professional privilege, such as legal advice; personal information about other people
- information provided to the Department in confidence.

Under section 49A of the FOI Act, applicants not satisfied by a decision made by the Department can seek a review by the Office of the Victorian Information Commissioner (OVIC) within 28 days of receiving a decision letter.

FOI Statistics

During 2018–19, the Department received 479 applications. Of these:

- 382 were from individuals seeking access to their own records
- 15 were requests from members of parliament
- 30 from media organisations
- 52 from members of the public seeking policy-related and other miscellaneous documents.

Mostly, the Department provided full or partial access to the requested documents. OVIC were asked to review 27 applications, and 13 went on appeal to the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

This report contains the information required to be published pursuant to section 7 of the FOI Act. Further information is available at: www.education.vic.gov.au/about/working/Pages/foi.aspx.

Making a request

Access to documents is via written request to the Department's Freedom of Information unit as detailed in section 17 of the FOI Act. In summary, a request must:

- be in writing
- identify as clearly as possible the document(s) being requested
- be accompanied by the appropriate application fee (the fee may be waived in certain circumstances).

Agency	Postal address	Email	Telephone
Department of Education and Training	Manager, Freedom of Information Department of Education and Training GPO Box 4367 Melbourne 3001	foi@edumail.vic.gov.au	(03) 7022 0078
Victorian Curriculum and Assessment Authority	Level 7 2 Lonsdale Street Melbourne 3000	vcaa.foi@edumail.vic.gov.au	(03) 9032 1700
Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority	Level 4 2 Lonsdale Street Melbourne 3000	vrqa@edumail.vic.gov.au	(03) 9032 1554
Merit Protection Boards	Level 4 2 Lonsdale Street Melbourne 3000	meritboards@edumail.vic.gov.au	(03) 9032 1701
Victorian Institute of Teaching	PO Box 531 Collins Street West Victoria 8007	<u>vit@vit.vic.edu.au</u>	(03) 8601 6100
Disciplinary Appeals Boards	Level 4 2 Lonsdale Street Melbourne 3000	dab@edumail.vic.gov.au	(03) 9032 1701
Office of the Victorian Skills Commissioner	PO Box 354 Flinders Lane 8009	enquiries@vsc.vic.gov.au	(03) 8892 1602

Freedom of information contacts

Further information regarding freedom of information can be found at <u>www.foi.vic.gov.au</u>.

Access charges may apply once documents have been processed and a decision made on access; for example, for photocopying, and search and retrieval charges.

Compliance with DataVic access policy

Consistent with the DataVic Access policy issued by the Victorian Government in 2012, the Department made 16 data sets available on the DataVic website in 2018–19. The information listed below, and in this Annual Report, will be available at <u>www.data.vic.gov.au</u> in electronic readable format:

- progress towards achieving departmental objectives
- performance against output performance measures
- five-year financial summary
- performance management of OHS and workers compensation management measures
- comparative workforce data
- executive officers' data
- government advertising expenditure
- financial statements (key financial information)
- Appendix 2 Budget portfolio outcomes.

Compliance with the Building Act 1993

Mechanisms to ensure that buildings conform to the building standards

The Department complies with the *Building Act 1993*, the National Construction Code and other statutory obligations related to constructing and modernising educational facilities. The school modernisation and building compliance programs progressively ensure that existing buildings comply with relevant legislative requirements.

Major works projects (greater than \$50,000)

For details of all such projects, see the 2018–19 Budget Paper No. 4: State Capital Program.

During 2018–19, major works (greater than \$50,000) not subject to certification of plans, mandatory inspections of works, and issue of occupancy permits or certificates of final inspection, were undertaken at the following schools.

School ⁶⁸	School	School	School
Albany Rise PS	Deans Marsh PS	Lara Lake PS	Sandringham PS
Albert Park PS	Deepdene PS	Lara PS	Sassafras PS
Albion North PS	Derinya PS	Lara SC	Seabrook PS
Albion PS	Diggers Rest PS	Lardner and District PS	Seaford PS
Aldercourt PS	Don Valley PS	Launching Place PS	Seaholme PS
Alfredton PS	Donburn PS	Lemnos PS	Seaspray PS
Altona Greens PS	Donvale PS	Lilydale PS	Selby PS
Altona P-9 College	Doreen PS	Lilydale West PS	Seville PS
Altona PS	Dromana SC	Lindenow PS	Silvan PS
Anakie PS	Dunkeld CS	Little Bendigo PS	Silverton PS
Andersons Creek PS	Eaglehawk SC	Lockington CS	Skye PS
Apollo Bay P-12 College	East Bentleigh PS	Lockwood South PS	Somers PS
Apsley PS	East Doncaster SC	Longford PS	Somerville PS
Ardmona PS	East Loddon P-12 College	Lorne P-12 College	South Oakley SC
Arthurs Creek PS	Echuca PS	Macarthur St PS	Specimen Hill PS
Ashby PS	Ellinbank PS	Macclesfield PS	Springvale Rise PS

Major works projects

⁶⁸ PS – Primary School, SC – Secondary College, CS – Consolidated School, SS – Specialist School

School ⁶⁸	School	School	School
Auburn South PS	Elmore PS	Maffra SC	St Albans Meadows PS
Axedale PS	Elsternwick PS	Mansfield PS	St Kilda Park PS
Baden Powell P-9 College (Tarneit Campus)	Emerald SC	McKinnon PS	St Kilda PS
Bairnsdale PS	Epsom PS	Meadow Heights PS	Strathewen PS
Bairnsdale SC	Euroa SC	Melrose PS	Strathfieldsaye PS
Ballam Park PS	Findon PS	Merino CS	Sunbury Heights PS
Ballarat PS (Dana Street)	Fish Creek and District PS	Merrijig PS	Sunnycliffs PS
Ballarat SC - BLX Campus	Fitzroy North PS	Mickleham PS	Sunshine PS
Balwyn PS	Footscray West PS	Mildura Senior College	Swan Hill College
Bandiana PS	Frankston East PS	Mill Park SC	Swifts Creek P-12
Banyan Fields PS	Frankston Heights PS	Millwarra PS	Tallygaroopna PS
Banyule PS	Furlong Park School for Deaf Children	Monbulk College	Tanjil South PS
Bayles Regional PS	Gardenvale PS	Monmia PS	Taradale PS
Bayswater South PS	Geelong East PS	Mont Albert PS	Tarneit Rise PS
Bealiba PS	Geelong South PS	Moolap PS	Tarwin Lower PS
Beaumaris North PS	George Street PS	Moonambel PS	Tate Street PS
Beechworth PS	Girgarre PS	Moonee Ponds PS	Tatura PS
Belle Vue PS	Gisborne SC	Mooroopna Park PS	Tawonga PS
Belmont High School	Glen Waverley South PS	Morang South PS	Tecoma PS
Belmont PS	Glendal PS	Moreland PS	Templestowe Valley PS
Bendigo South East 7-10 SC	Glengarry PS	Mornington Park PS	Templeton PS
Bendigo Special Developmental School	Goongerah Tubbut P- 8 College	Mount Egerton PS	Tempy PS
Berwick SC	Goornong PS	Mount Waverley Heights PS	The Grange P-12 College

School ⁶⁸	School	School	School
Beulah PS	Gowrie St PS	Mount Waverley North PS	The Lake PS
Billanook PS	Grahamvale PS	Mount Waverley SC	Thornbury High School
Black Rock PS	Greensborough PS	Moyhu PS	Timor PS
Blackburn High School	Grey St PS (Traralgon)	Mullum PS	Toolangi PS
Boisdale CS	Gunbower PS	Nangiloc Colignan and District PS	Toongabbie PS
Bolinda PS	Hamilton North PS	Nanneella Estate PS	Torquay P-6 College
Boort District P-12 School	Hamlyn Banks PS	Naranga SS	Traralgon College
Bourchier Street PS	Hampton PS	Natimuk PS	Trentham District PS
Brentwood SC	Harcourt Valley PS	Neerim District SC	Tungamah PS
Broadford PS	Harrietville PS	Newcomb Park PS	Tyres PS
Brunswick North PS	Harston PS	Newcomb SC	Tyrrell College
Buchan PS	Hartwell PS	Newstead PS	Undera PS
Bundoora PS	Hawkesdale P-12 College	Newtown PS	Underbool PS
Burwood East PS	Hazelwood North PS	Niddrie PS	University Park PS
Burwood Heights PS	Healesville PS	Nilma PS	Upper Plenty PS
Camberwell South PS	Heatherhill PS	Noble Park PS	Urquhart Park PS
Campbellfield Heights PS	Heywood CS	Numurkah PS	Valkstone PS
Camperdown College	Heywood District SC	Nyora PS	Wandin North PS
Cardross PS	Highton PS	Oatlands PS	Wandin Yallock PS
Carrisbrook PS	Highvale PS	Oberon HS	Wantirna PS
Carwatha College	Hoddles Creek PS	Oberon PS	Wantirna South PS
Ceres PS	Invergordon PS	Oberon South PS	Warragul and District
Chatham PS	Inverleigh PS	Orbost North PS	Warrnambool College
Cheltenham East PS	Irymple South PS	Orbost PS	Warrnambool East PS
Cheltenham PS	Jamieson PS	Orbost SC	Wedge Park PS

School ⁶⁸	School	School	School
Chewton PS	John Fawkner SC	Orrvale PS	Weeroona College Bendigo
Chilwell PS	Kallista PS	Osborne PS	Wesburn PS
Chirnside Park PS	Kaniva College	Overport PS	Western English Language School
Clarinda PS	Karoo PS	Pascoe Vale Girls SC	Westgrove PS
Clayton North PS	Kerrimuir PS	Penshurst PS	Wheelers Hill PS
Clayton South PS	Kew PS	Perseverance PS	Whitfield District PS
Clyde PS	Kialla Central PS	Pinewood PS	Williamstown High School Pasco Campus
Cobains PS	Kialla West PS	Plenty Parklands PS	Wilmot Road PS
Cobden PS	Kilmore PS	Pomonal PS	Winchelsea PS
Cobden Technical School	Kinglake PS	Preston West PS	Wodonga Middle Years College
Coimadai PS	Kinglake West PS	Princes Hill PS	Wodonga Senior SC
Colac SS	Kingston Heath PS	Queenscliff PS	Wonga Park PS
Colbinabbin PS	Knox Gardens PS	Rangeview PS	Wonthaggi PS
Copperfield College	Kongwak PS	Reservoir PS	Woori Yallock PS
Cranbourne PS	Koo Wee Rup PS	Richmond PS	Wurruk PS
Cranbourne South PS	Koonung SC	Riddells Creek PS	Wycheproof P-12 College
Cranbourne West PS	Korumburra PS	Ripponlea PS	Yaapeet PS
Creswick PS	Kurnai College	River Gum PS	Yallourn North PS
Croxton SS	Kyabram P-12 College	Romsey PS	Yarra Glen PS
Croydon PS	Lalor North SC	Rosanna PS	Yarra Hills SC
Currawa PS	Lalor PS	Rowellyn Park PS	Yarra PS
Dandenong PS	Lang Lang PS	Rowville SC	Yarraville West PS
Dandenong South PS	Langley PS	Sale SS	Yea PS
Darraweit Guim PS	Langwarrin Park PS	San Remo PS	

Number of building permits, occupancy permits or certificate of final inspection issued in relation to buildings owned by the department or entity

During 2018–19 the Department had 180 building permits, 166 occupancy permits, and 117 certificates of final inspection issued.

Mechanisms for inspection, reporting, scheduling and carrying out of maintenance works on existing buildings

The Department engages compliance program managers to carry out inspections, reporting, scheduling, and rectification works to ensure existing buildings comply with current building regulations. Compliance programs cover areas such as asbestos removal, fire service upgrades, integration (disability access), environmental (such as the removal of underground petroleum storage systems) and works aimed at preventing falls. The Department also operates an emergency maintenance program to respond to any unforeseen issues that pose an immediate and serious health and safety risk.

Number of emergency orders and building orders issued in relation to buildings

No emergency orders or building orders were issued in 2018–19.

Number of buildings that have been brought into conformity with building standards during the reporting period

During 2018–19, no buildings were required to be brought into conformity with building standards.

Competitive neutrality policy

Competitive neutrality requires government businesses to ensure, where services compete or potentially compete with the private sector, that any advantage arising solely from being government owned is removed if that advantage is not in the public interest. Government businesses must cost and price these services as if they were privately owned. Competitive neutrality policy supports fair competition between public and private businesses and helps government businesses make better resource allocation decisions. This policy does not override other policy objectives of government, and focuses on efficient service provision.

The Department continues to comply with the National Competition Policy. All new legislation and regulations enacted within the portfolio during 2018–19 were subject to a regulatory burden assessment, which included consideration of the National Competition Policy principles, including competitive neutrality.

Compliance with the Protected Disclosure Act 2012

The *Protected Disclosure Act 2012* encourages and assists people in making disclosures of improper conduct by public officers and public bodies. It protects people who make disclosures in accordance with the Act and establishes a system for investigation and rectification.

Improper employee conduct is not tolerated, nor are reprisals against those who disclose such conduct. The Department is committed to ensuring transparency and accountability in administrative and management practices and supports

disclosures that reveal corrupt conduct, conduct involving a substantial mismanagement of public resources, or conduct involving a substantial risk to public health and safety or the environment.

The Department takes all reasonable steps to protect people who make disclosures from reprisals. It also affords natural justice to the person who is the subject of the disclosure to the extent it is legally possible.

Reporting procedures

Disclosures of improper conduct or detrimental action by the Department or any of its employees may be made to the Department's:

- Secretary
- Protected Disclosure Coordinator or Protected Disclosure Officers
- manager or supervisor of the discloser
- manager or supervisor of the person who is the subject of the disclosure.

Alternatively, disclosures can also be made directly to the Independent Broadbased Anti-corruption Commission (IBAC):

Level 1, North Tower, 459 Collins Street Melbourne Vic 3000

Phone: 1300 735 135

Internet: www.ibac.vic.gov.au

Email: (See the website above for the secure email disclosure process, which also provides for anonymous disclosures).

Further information

The Department has published guidelines regarding the procedures it has instituted to comply with the Protected Disclosures Act at www.education.vic.gov.au/about/contact/Pages/reportingfraud.aspx

Disclosures under the Protected Disclosure Act 2012

Disclosures under the Protected Disclosure Act 2012	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17	2015–16
The number of disclosures made by an individual to the Department and notified to IBAC—assessable disclosures.	18	9	6	3

Compliance with Disability Act 2006

The *Disability Act 2006* reaffirms and strengthens the rights of people with a disability and recognises this requires support across government and community.

The Disability Act requires that public sector bodies (including all government departments) prepare a disability action plan and report on its implementation in their annual report.

A disability action plan is a strategy to remove barriers preventing people with a disability from using the organisation's goods, services and facilities, and from gaining and keeping employment. Disability action planning also strives to

promote inclusion and participation in the community and achieve changes in attitudes and practices that may result in discrimination.

The Department's Disability Action Plan 2018–2021 highlights how the Department's supports the Victorian Government's vision of an inclusive Victoria. It outlines the actions the Department takes to support people with a disability to use departmental services, engage with, or work for the Department.

Over time the Government will consider ways to align disability action plans to the State plan. Absolutely everyone: State disability plan for 2017–2020 is the Victorian Government's framework for enabling people with a disability to participate in and contribute to, the social, economic and civic life of their community.

Reducing barriers to accessing goods, services and facilities

Every year the Department delivers and regulates statewide learning and development services for at least one-third of all Victorians. The Department is building an inclusive education system that allows all students to learn and thrive on the same basis as their peers. In 2018–19 the Department continued to develop resources and deliver professional training across a range of areas including inclusive education practices, learning difficulties, and disability awareness. The accessible buildings program improved access to school buildings for students, staff and community members with disabilities. The Department's revised Building Quality Standard Handbook ensures that all school facilities for the inclusion of students with disabilities.

Reducing barriers to persons with a disability obtaining and maintaining employment

The Department, in conjunction with staff, developed a Disability Employment Plan 2019–2022. This asserts the Department's commitment to boosting employment opportunities and career experiences for people with disability. Its range of actions will ensure a strong foundation through policy and removing barriers for increased inclusion.

Promoting inclusion and participation in the community

The Department's Disability Action Plan identifies priorities and actions to build inclusive education for people with disability across Victoria – in early childhood centres, schools, and higher education settings. The inclusive schools fund helps Victorian government schools implement innovative projects that increase participation and strengthen inclusive learning environments. The inclusive kindergarten facilities program is upgrading early childhood infrastructure and equipment, including playgrounds for the inclusion of children with disability or additional needs.

Achieving tangible changes in attitudes and practices that discriminate against people with a disability

The Department's disability champion, the Deputy Secretary, PES continues to champion disability inclusion across the organisation. This included completing and releasing the Department's Disability Action Plan and Disability Employment Plan. Over the coming years these plans will reduce barriers to access and inclusion across all departmental work and workplaces.

Compliance with Carers Recognition Act 2012

The Department ensures that the rights and interests articulated in the *Carers Recognition Act 2012* are considered when delivering its services to clients in a care relationship. The Department has taken all practical measures to comply with its obligations under the Act.

Office-based environmental impacts

The Department's environmental management system provides a structured approach to planning and implementing environment protection measures across the Departments' offices. In line with government directives, the Department reports on

- energy and water consumption
- transportation
- waste generation
- paper purchasing
- green procurement
- greenhouse gas emissions for non-school office sites with at least 10 FTE.

The environmental management system objectives include:

- reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- reducing the amount of waste and maximising the amount of reused and recycled resources
- ensuring new capital works incorporate environmentally sustainable principles
- making environmentally sound purchasing decisions for capital items and consumables
- encouraging staff to reduce environmental impacts
- regularly reporting on environmental performance
- adopting an environmental management system based on ISO14001 to drive continual environment improvement across the Department.

Unless otherwise stated, all consumption data is for 1 April 2018–31 March 2019 to allow for a full reporting year and provide greater accuracy for the annual report.

Energy

The data below was collected through energy retailer billing information and represents 99 per cent of FTE staff and 99 per cent of office accommodation for electricity and 43 per cent of FTE and 44 per cent of office accommodation for gas, including all buildings in the Treasury Place Precinct.

Energy consumption

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total energy usage segmented by primary source (MJ)	31,530,055	34,468,860	29,717,864
Electricity (MJ) – excluding Green Power ⁶⁹	25,006,672	22,059,165	21,900,076
Natural gas (MJ)	6,523,383	12,409,695	7,817,788
Green Power (MJ)	0	0	0
LPG (MJ)	0	0	0
Total greenhouse gas emissions from energy consumption (tonnes CO ₂ -e)	8,453	7,918	7,672
Electricity (tonnes CO ₂ -e) – excluding green power	8,091	7,231	7,239
Natural gas (tonnes CO ₂ -e)	362	688	433
LPG (tonnes CO ₂ -e)	0	0	0
Percentage of electricity purchased as green power	0	0	0
Units of office energy used per FTE (MJ/FTE)	7,121	8,848	11,011
Units of office energy used per office area (MJ/m2)	444	704	709

Actions undertaken

Lighting in new office fit outs have improved energy efficiency functionality as standard. Standard computer settings include automatic computer and monitor shut-down.

Target

Reduce energy consumption per square metre by 15 per cent of 2013–14 levels by 31 March 2024, averaging an incremental reduction of 1.5 per cent each year for 10 years.

⁶⁹ The Department of Treasury and Finance shared services contractor manages government owned and leased properties. The shared services provider has established an online energy and sustainability platform for monitoring and reporting on energy consumption and emissions. This has resulted in more accurate data. Based on this more accurate data, 2017–18 natural gas consumption should have been 5,944,655 MJ.

Explanatory notes

Increased office space contributed to a 13 per cent increase in electricity consumption and resulting greenhouse gas emissions. However, more energy efficient new office space since 2017–18 has assisted in reducing emissions per square metre and per FTE.

Waste and recycling

The Department continues to address waste generation through a variety of reuse and recycling methods. The data below is based on collections at the central office at 2 Treasury Place, East Melbourne. This represents about 32 per cent of all reportable FTE. This data cannot be compared to previous years due to changed waste collection and measurement.

Waste and recycling

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total units of waste disposed of by destination (kg/yr)	88,343	151,531	113,714
Landfill (kg)	38,752	62,908	24,489
Comingled recycling (kg)	16,552	10,945	9,755
Paper and card (kg)	19,666	42,833	67,565
Secure documents (kg)	-	-	-
Organics (kg)	13,373	34,846	11,905
Total units of waste disposed of per FTE (kg/FTE)	51	117	85
Landfill (kg/FTE)	22	48	18
Comingled recycling (kg/FTE)	9	8	7
Paper and card (kg/FTE)	11	33	51
Secure documents (kg/FTE)	-	-	-
Organics (kg/FTE)	8	27	9
Recycling rate (%)	56	59	79

Note: The total units of waste figure for 2017–18 has been revised from that previously published

Actions undertaken

The Department has established three stream (landfill, recycling and organic) waste management practices in all new office accommodation.

Target

Increase recycling rate to a minimum of 75 per cent by 31 March 2024.

Explanatory notes

The recycling rate fell from 59 per cent of total waste in 2017–18 to 56 per cent in 2018–19.

A new shared services cleaning contract resulted in a change in waste measurement. The figures for 2018–19 are derived from two five-day audits of the Treasury Precinct. Regional sites previously included in 2017–18 were not included in the 2018–19 audits. Paper and card consumption was not included in the audit.

Paper

The data below was collected through the current Victorian Government mandated State Purchase Contract stationery supplier and represents 100 per cent of the Department's (non-school) office sites and 100 per cent of FTE staff.

Paper purchasing and usage

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total units of A4 equivalent copy paper used (reams)	42,025	42,722	35,175
Units of A4 equivalent copy paper used per FTE (reams/FTE)	11	10.7	13
Percentage of 75–100% recycled content copy paper purchased (%)	61	98	67
Percentage of 50–74% recycled content copy paper purchased (%)	0	2	0
Percentage of 0–49% recycled content copy paper purchased (%)	39	0	33

Target

Reduce copy paper usage to 10 A4 reams per FTE by 31 March 2020.

Increase the amount of copy paper purchased with 75–100 per cent recycled content to a minimum of 75 per cent by 31 March 2020.

Explanatory notes

Total copy paper usage in 2018–19 saw a slight reduction of 1.6 per cent on 2017–18 levels. However, copy paper used per FTE in 2018–19 increased slightly on 2017–18 levels from 10.7 to 11 reams per FTE.

The proportion of copy paper purchased with the highest recycled content decreased to 61 per cent in 2018–19 compared to 98 per cent in 2017–18.

Water

The data below is based on water meter readings at 47 per cent of office sites covering about 56 per cent of FTEs.

Water consumption

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total water consumption (kilolitres)	18,420	19,706	18,556
Units of office water used per FTE (kilolitres/FTE)	5.7	5.18	7.74
Units of office water used per office area (kilolitres/m ²)	0.42	0.43	0.53

Actions undertaken

New office fit outs and upgrades include water saving systems to reduce usage.

Target

Reduce water consumed per FTE by 15 per cent of 2013–14 levels by 31 March 2024, averaging an incremental 1.5 per cent reduction each year for 10 years.

Explanatory notes

Total water consumption has reduced by 0.7 percent from 2016–17 despite an increase in 2017–18. Consumption per FTE has reduced by 26 percent from the 2016–17 and 46 percent from the 2013–14 level. More efficient water usage systems in new offices have contributed to a decrease in water usage per FTE and per square metre.

Transport

Of the Department-owned operational fleet of 431 vehicles:

- 28.8 per cent are hybrid electric vehicles
- 0.2 per cent are LPG-fuelled
- 58 per cent are petrol-fuelled
- 0.5 per cent are diesel-fuelled.

The data below measures the kilometres, energy consumption and associated emissions for work-related travel by corporate employees, segmented by transport type, excluding public transport. This excludes executive vehicles.

Energy consumption of operational vehicles

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total energy usage consumption by fleet vehicles (MJ)	14,185,486	14,320,217	11,306,399
Diesel	187,516	352,974	460,986
LPG	14,641	10,427	251,198
Unleaded	10,804,335	9,780,106	8,146,226
Hybrid	3,178,994	4,176,710	2,447,989

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total distance travelled by fleet vehicles (km)	6,661,279	6,018,632	4,607,490
Diesel	57,257	102,737	155,821
LPG	5,148	4,503	80,490
Unleaded	4,832,091	3,870,641	2,994,667
Hybrid	1,766,783	2,040,751	1,376,512
Total greenhouse gas emissions from fleet vehicles (tonnes CO ₂ -e)	1,011	1,022	804
Diesel	14	27	34
LPG	1	1	16
Unleaded	769	696	580
Hybrid	226	298	174
Greenhouse gas emissions from fleet vehicles per 1,000km (tonnes CO ₂ -e)			
Diesel	0.50	0.52	0.22
LPG	0.18	0.35	0.20
Unleaded	0.34	0.37	0.19
Hybrid	0.24	0.27	0.13
Total distance travelled by air (km)	2,627,309	2,820,429	1,308,613
Percentage of staff using sustainable transport to get to and from work by locality			
CBD	92	96	95
Regional	26	30	80
Voluntary Indicators			
Number of petrol hybrid, electric and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles	124	166	-

Actions undertaken

The Department leases environmentally friendly operational vehicles (e.g. four cylinder, hybrids) through the Approved Vehicle List from Vic Fleet, when they are available and suitable for use. This has reduced the use of diesel-fuelled vehicles by 67 per cent.

The Department also uses pool vehicles where suitable. This minimises fleet expansion.

Target

Meets the cost reduction and environmental sustainability targets set by the Victorian Government (as per Whole of Government Standard Motor Vehicle Policy).

Explanatory notes

Total kilometres travelled by the operational vehicle fleet increased 11 per cent from 2017–18. This led to a corresponding rise in the energy consumed and a commensurate net emissions decrease of 1 per cent from 2017–18 levels.

The Department increased its personnel in regional locations in order to support the delivery of key front line services. This required 15 additional operational vehicles (up 3.6 per cent from 2017–18) and increase in the kilometres travelled.

The relative decrease in hybrid vehicles in the operational fleet was due to their limited supply when required.

Greenhouse gas emissions

The emissions disclosed in the section below are taken from the previous sections and combined to show the Department's greenhouse footprint.

Department emissions

Indicator	2018–19	2017–18	2016–17
Total greenhouse gas emissions from energy use (tonnes CO ₂ -e)	8,453	8,908	7,673
Total greenhouse gas emissions from vehicle fleet (tonnes CO2-e)	837	840	805
Total greenhouse gas emissions from air travel (tonnes CO2-e) ⁷⁰	538	645	284
Total greenhouse gas emissions from waste disposal (tonnes CO2-e) ⁷¹	47	76	34
Greenhouse gas emissions offset purchased (tonnes CO ₂ -e)	538	-	-
Voluntary indicators			
Total greenhouse gas emissions from water consumption (tonnes CO2-e)	25	27	25
Grand total greenhouse gas emissions created by the Department	10,438	10,496	8,821

⁷⁰ The Department has estimated the 2018–19 emissions from air travel based on the distance travelled, the seating class used by the passenger, and the emissions factors specified within the Australian Government's National Carbon Offset Standard (NCOS) for Organisations (Section 1.1.3 Emission Factors, p. 40).

⁷¹ Emissions for 2018–19 are based on waste from the Treasury Precinct five day audit. This data is not comparable to previous years.

Actions undertaken

In 2018–19, the Department had a net zero carbon footprint for its air travel by purchasing 538 tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions offset.

Target

Reduce by 15 per cent of 2013–14 levels the Department's office-based greenhouse gas emissions by 31 March 2024, averaging an incremental reduction of 1.5 per cent each year for 10 years.

Explanatory notes

Total greenhouse gas emissions saw a slight decrease from 2017–18. This is a result of a decrease in emissions from all emissions indicators across corporate office usage.

Greener procurement

The Department continues to promote the purchase of environmentally friendly products, specifically stationery/office products. Business units are encouraged to re-use stationery.

The Department continues to work with print management provider Finsbury Green to ensure sustainability is a consideration in all externally printed publications—for example, by using vegetable dyes and minimal packaging.

The Department has declared the procurement of environmentally sustainable outputs to be a priority objective under its social procurement strategy. As part of the strategy, the Department may include sustainability requirements and evaluation criteria into its approaches to market.

Infrastructure project tenders are also evaluated against the criteria of their 'ability to satisfy environmental sustainability requirements'.

Details of changes in prices, fees, charges, rates and levies

Details of current prices, fees, charges, rates and levies charged by the Department are outlined at

<u>www.education.vic.gov.au/about/working/Pages/fees.aspx</u>. In compliance with the requirements of the Standing Directions of the Minister for Finance, changes in these are available on request, subject to the provisions of the FOI Act.

Additional information available on request

Financial Reporting Direction (FRD) 22H requires the Accountable Officer to retain and make available specified information. This material may be made available to ministers, members of parliament and the public on request, subject to the provisions of the FOI Act.

The Department has made this information available (or provided details of how the material may be sourced) in the *Department's Annual Report 2018–19* or the *Department's Annual Report 2018–19 Additional Information*. Requirements covered in this Annual Report include:

- a statement that declarations of pecuniary interests have been duly completed by all relevant officers
- details of shares held by a senior officer as nominee or held beneficially in a statutory authority or subsidiary
- details of publications produced by the Department about itself and how these can be obtained
- details of assessments and measures undertaken to improve the OHS of employees
- a statement on industrial relations within the Department and details of time lost through industrial accidents and disputes
- details of changes in prices, fees, charges, rates and levies charged by the Department.

The requirements listed below are included in the *Department's Annual Report* 2018–19 Additional Information available from <u>www.education.vic.gov.au</u> and include:

- details of any major external reviews carried out on the Department
- details of major research and development activities undertaken by the Department
- details of overseas visits undertaken including a summary of the objectives and outcomes of each visit
- details of major promotional, public relations and marketing activities undertaken by the Department to develop community awareness of the Department and its services
- a list of major committees sponsored by the Department, the purposes of each committee and the extent to which the purposes have been achieved
- details of all consultancies and contractors including:
 - o consultants/contractors engaged
 - \circ services provided
 - o expenditure committed to for each engagement.

Attestation for financial management compliance with Ministerial Standing Direction 5.1.4

I, Jenny Atta, certify that the Department of Education and Training has complied with the applicable Standing Directions under the *Financial Management Act 1994* and Instructions except for the following Material Compliance Deficiencies in relation to:

Direction 4.2.3 Asset management accountability

The Department has established solid foundations for its framework to manage the school asset portfolio, including policies, and corporate systems and processes. Some components are being finalised however the deficiency relates primarily to deployment of the framework for individual schools.

A comprehensive program of activity is underway to address the deficiency. It is being progressively rolled out to 300 schools per year, over five years. On this basis, the deficiency will be addressed in full in early 2023, when the Department's asset management framework has been deployed to all Victorian government schools.

Direction 4.2.4 Public construction accountability

The Department has in place a range of contracts, programs and policies to support compliance with the Ministerial Directions for Public Construction Procurement in Victoria. However, there is currently inconsistency in the approach to supporting staff in the implementation and reporting of compliance with these requirements.

A number of remedial actions have been identified to embed these requirements into programs, policies and operations across the Department. These include the improvement of assurance systems, continuing refreshment of procurement templates and guidance, the rollout of learning and development, the formation of a new team to systematise compliance reporting, and the establishment of the new Portfolio Management Office and dedicated Procurement Reform team to focus on procurement processes, compliance and assurance. A detailed action plan, including timelines to address compliance deficiencies is under development. This plan will be finalised by November 2019.

Jenny Atta

Secretary Department of Education and Training

Melbourne

22 August 2019

Details of publications about the Department

Publications published by the Department about itself during 2018–19

Publication	Date produced	How to obtain a copy
The Department's 2018–2022 Strategic Plan	July 2018	www.education.vic.gov.au/about/department/Pages/stratplan.aspx
The Department's Annual Report 2017–18	September 2018	www.education.vic.gov.au/about/department/Pages/annualreports.aspx

About this report

In accordance with Ministerial Reporting Direction FRD10A, the Department is required to include a disclosure index in its annual report that:

- lists relevant clauses of Victorian legislation with statutory disclosure requirements the Department must comply with
- provides a short description of the relevant requirements
- provides a page reference for the annual report where the disclosure for each requirement is made.

Material not required under relevant legislation and pronouncements is not included in this report. A disclosure index that identifies the Department's compliance with statutory requirements is provided in Appendix 1.