Personal Leave
Teaching Service
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Overview

Personal leave is available to an employee when they are absent due to personal illness or personal injury; or to care for an immediate family or household member who is sick or injured and requires the employee’s care or support or who requires care or support due to an unexpected emergency; or to support a person experiencing family violence in order to accompany them to court, to hospital, or to care for children.

Immediate family includes:

- the spouse or domestic partner (including a former spouse or former domestic partner) of the employee. A domestic partner means a person to whom the employee is not married but with whom the staff member is living as a couple on a genuine domestic basis (irrespective of gender) and
- a child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a stepchild or an ex nuptial child), parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee or spouse of the employee.

Personal leave is not available to an employee:

- during a period of leave without pay. However personal leave can be accessed immediately following the expiration of the approved period of leave without pay;
- on account only of being pregnant or giving birth. However personal leave can be accessed for illness resulting from pregnancy or childbirth;
- as a result of an illness or injury due to the misconduct of an employee or if an employee is absent from duty without sufficient cause.

Personal leave entitlement

Employees are credited with 114 hours personal leave on full pay on commencement of employment. Employees employed on a part time basis have access to the personal leave provisions on a pro rata basis according to the time fraction worked.

Prior service with an approved employer may be recognised for personal leave purposes. In this case personal leave credits will be calculated as if the approved prior service had been with the Department including the deduction of any personal leave taken during the period of prior service.

If in the first year of employment an employee’s personal leave credits are exhausted, the employee may access personal leave credits which would later accrue up to a maximum of 114 hours. Employees employed on a fixed term basis for one or more periods can only accrue 114 hours personal leave in respect of each completed year of service.

Personal leave accrues at the rate of 114 hours on full pay for each completed year of service. Unused personal leave credits accumulate. To determine the current net personal leave entitlement for an employee, all personal leave with pay granted during the employee’s service is deducted from the amounts credited during their service and the period remaining is the net amount of personal leave credit.

Personal leave (carer’s) is deducted from an employee’s accrued personal leave credits. An employee whose personal leave credits are exhausted in any calendar year has access to a further 22.8 hours paid personal leave (carer’s).

The National Employment Standards provide that where all paid personal leave entitlements have been exhausted, an employee is entitled to up to two days of unpaid carer’s leave per occasion.

This leave may be taken for a particular occasion as:

- a single continuous period of up to two days; or
- any separate periods which are agreed between the employee and the principal.

An employee who has exhausted all paid personal leave entitlements may make an application for other leave, paid or unpaid, such as long service leave or leave without pay.

Generally, two employees would not be granted personal leave (carer’s) to provide care for the same person at the same time.

The date on which personal leave is credited is deferred when:

- an employee has taken any period of leave without pay (of any type that does not count as service) in excess of one month in any twelve month period unless otherwise approved by the delegate.
• an employee has taken a period of leave, either continuous or in aggregate, of greater than 261 working days in respect of a particular injury or incapacity, where the employee is in receipt of workers’ compensation payments under the Workplace Injury Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2013.

An employee eligible to be absent on personal leave may elect in writing to use some or all of their personal leave credits on half pay. The basis of the conversion is that one hour on full pay equals two hours on half pay. An employee granted personal leave without pay or on half pay is restored to full pay from the day the employee actually resumes duty.

If there is occasion to doubt the cause or the reason for a personal leave absence the Medical Advisory Service may be contacted for advice.

Payment in lieu of accumulated personal leave credits is not available on cessation.

Applications for personal leave

Applications for personal leave must be supported by a required document.

Provided that,

(a) up to 38 hours personal leave in aggregate may be granted in any calendar year without production of a required document subject to any one continuous absence without a required document not exceeding three days. Where the delegate has a reasonable belief that the employee was unfit for duty and was unable to obtain a required document, the delegate may approve personal leave of more than 38 hours or three days in one continuous absence without production of a required document.

(b) a required document must be provided for personal leave which occurs either immediately before and/or after a period of long service leave, school vacation or public holiday. Where the delegate has a reasonable belief that the employee was unfit for duty and was unable to obtain a required document, the delegate may approve personal leave without production of a required document in these circumstances. If a part-time employee is absent on personal leave the day before or after a public holiday and that public holiday is not one of the employee’s his or her designated working days, a required document for that absence may not be required.

(c) a required document may be required for any particular absence.

(d) a required document is required for personal leave:

(i) that occurs on a day of stop work action authorised by a relevant union;

(ii) where the delegate doubts the authenticity of an illness or injury or the reason for absence.

Where a required document is provided for personal leave (carer’s) it must state that the person requiring care and support is suffering from an illness which requires care by another or requires care or support due to an unexpected emergency.

Where an application for personal leave is granted and a required document is required and is not provided, the absence will be without pay. Where the delegate has a reasonable belief that the employee was unfit for duty and was unable to obtain a required document, the delegate may approve personal leave with pay.

Where there is cause to doubt the cause of an illness or injury or the reason for absence the delegate may refer any required document to a medical practitioner for report or contact the Medical Advisory Service for advice.

REQUIRED DOCUMENT

In the case of an application for personal leave (illness or injury) a required document is a medical certificate or, if it is not reasonably practicable to provide a medical certificate, a statutory declaration. The judgement as to whether it is practicable to provide a medical certificate is a matter for decision by the Principal having regard to the circumstances of the individual case.

In the case of an application for personal leave (carer’s) a required document is a medical certificate or a statutory declaration.

For the purposes of this Guide:

• Medical certificate means a certificate issued by a registered health practitioner, other than a registered student, within the meaning of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Victoria) Act 2009 (Vic).

• Statutory declaration means a statement or declaration which is sworn or affirmed (depending on religious beliefs) to be true by the deponent (person making the declaration) in the presence of an authorised witness. Further information is available on HRWeb at Statutory Declarations and Affidavits.

• Where personal leave (carer’s) is taken to support a person experiencing violence evidence of family violence can be in the form of an agreed document issued by the Police Service, a Court, a registered health practitioner,
a Family Violence Support Service, district nurse, maternal and child health nurse or lawyer. A signed statutory declaration can also be offered as evidence.

**Medical assessment**

An examination by a medical practitioner approved by the delegate is required where:

(a) an employee has been continuously absent due to illness or injury for thirteen weeks or longer, to assess whether the employee is fit to resume work or should be granted further personal leave (illness or injury), or

(b) an employee resumes or intends to resume duty following an absence due to illness or injury of less than thirteen weeks and the delegate is of the opinion that the employee is not fit to resume duty, or

(c) the delegate has reason to believe that an employee’s state of health may make the person a risk to the health, safety or welfare of other employees or persons at the workplace including students.

The Secretary has approved all medical practitioners for the purpose of providing medical assessments in relation to employees in the teaching service. There may be circumstances where an assessment by the employee’s treating medical practitioner is sufficient to satisfy the delegate in relation to an employee’s fitness or otherwise. It remains open to the delegate to seek an independent medical assessment.

In relation to (b) and (c) above the delegate may direct the employee to be absent from duty on personal leave (illness or injury), with or without pay, until the employee is examined by a medical practitioner approved by the Secretary. If the examination discloses that the employee is unfit for duty, the employee shall be granted such further personal leave (illness or injury) as the medical report indicates is necessary. If the examination discloses that the employee is fit for duty, the personal leave debited as a result of such direction shall be restored.

A direction by the delegate must not be for a period of more than ten working days. Provided that, where the employee unreasonably refuses to attend a medical examination, the delegate may direct the employee to absent themselves from duty on personal leave (illness or injury), with or without pay, until the employee attends the medical examination or the delegate is otherwise satisfied that the employee is fit to resume duty.

The Medical Advisory Service can assist with the provision of advice.

**Other related leave provisions**

**LONG SERVICE LEAVE**

An employee who becomes ill or is injured during long service leave may be granted personal leave (illness or injury) on provision of a required document.

Where this occurs an equivalent period of long service leave shall be re-credited or the period of long service leave extended by the amount of personal leave approved.

**ANNUAL LEAVE AND ADDITIONAL PAID LEAVE**

An education support class employee who becomes ill or is during annual leave or additional paid leave may be granted personal leave (illness or injury) for the period covered by a required document and have the equivalent period restored to their annual leave credits.

**PUBLIC HOLIDAYS**

Public holidays observed during an absence on paid personal leave are not regarded as part of that leave.

**SCHOOL VACATIONS**

An employee, other than an education support class employee, who is absent on leave through illness or injury immediately before and after the Christmas vacation, will be paid for the public holidays and one additional week, provided that the employee was on duty for four weeks of the preceding school term. Employees will need to apply for personal leave (illness or injury) to cover the remaining Christmas vacation period.

An employee, other than an education support class employee, who is absent on leave through illness or injury immediately before and after a school vacation period, other than the Christmas vacation, is entitled to receive pay for that vacation period if the employee has been on duty for at least four weeks in the preceding term.

An employee, other than an education support class employee, who is absent on leave through illness or injury immediately before a school vacation period is entitled to receive pay for that vacation period if the employee:
- returns to duty immediately after the school vacation period; or
- is granted leave immediately after the school vacation other than leave through illness or injury.

For the purpose of this policy, ‘leave through illness or injury’ means personal leave (illness or injury) or long service leave which is being used as a substitute for leave through illness or injury.

In any other case the employee will need to apply for personal leave (illness or injury) to cover the vacation period.

Further assistance

Further information, advice or assistance on any matters related to personal leave is available by:

- accessing the A-Z topic list on HRWeb.
- using the related topics list; or
- contacting Schools People Services on 1800 641 943.