

Adolescent Community Profiles

Summary sheet for the Shire of Melton

Note: LGA data has been presented where available. Otherwise broader DEECD regional level data has been substituted. This resource is intended to compliment the Adolescent Community Profiles. Please refer to the relevant pages in the profile for explanation of terms used and data caveats.

Population and projections

- At 30 June 2009, there was an estimated 11,262 adolescents aged 10 to 17 residing in Melton, representing 11.3 per cent of the area's total population.
- Based on DPCD projections, the population aged 10 to 17 years in Melton is expected to increase by 159.2 per cent from 9,689 in 2006 to 25,113 by 2026.

Physical health and wellbeing

- In 2009, 16.9 per cent of adolescents in Melton reported eating the minimum recommended serves of fruit and vegetables each day. This was lower than the proportion reported across Victoria (19.0 per cent).
- During 2009 2010, the top three causes of hospitalisations for adolescents in Melton were: 'Desensitisation to allergen, dust mite' (rate of 372.9 per 100,000 adolescents), 'Chronic tonsillitis' (rate of 337.4 per 100,000 adolescents) and 'Other and unspecified abdominal pain' (rate of 204.2 per 100,000 adolescents).
- In 2009, 13.1 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton did the recommended amount of physical activity every day. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (12.3 per cent).
- In 2009, 68.4 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton used electronic media for more than two hours per day. This was significantly higher than the proportion reported across Victoria (58.7 per cent).

Behaviour and mental health

- In 2009, 54.2 per cent of adolescents in Melton reported being recently bullied. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (44.6 per cent).
- During 2008 2009, the hospitalisation rate for intentional self harm was 0.5 per 1,000 adolescents in the Western Metropolitan region. This was similar to the rate in Victoria (0.6 per 1,000 adolescents).
- During 2009 2010, there were 4.0 psychiatric hospitalisations per 1,000 adolescents in Melton. This was lower than the rate in Victoria (6.7 per 1,000 adolescents).
- In 2009, 12.1 per cent of adolescents in Melton reported very high levels of psychological distress. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (13.0 per cent).
- In 2009, 54.6 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton had positive psychological development. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (61.1 per cent).



Learning

- In Melton, 91.2 per cent of Year 5 students, 94.6 per cent of Year 7 students and 91.0 per cent of Year 9 students achieved the national minimum standard in reading in the 2010 NAPLAN.
- 92.7 per cent of Year 5 students, 92.0 per cent of Year 7 students and 88.8 per cent of Year 9 students in Melton achieved the national minimum standard in writing in the 2010 NAPLAN.
- In Melton, 93.4 per cent of Year 5 students, 95.6 per cent of Year 7 students and 92.6 per cent of Year 9 students achieved the national minimum standard in numeracy in the 2010 NAPLAN.
- In 2010, the Year 10 12 apparent retention rates of full-time equivalent students in the Western Metropolitan region was 83.1 per cent. This was greater than the apparant retention rate across Victoria (82.4 per cent).
- In 2009, 68.3 per cent of young people aged 19 years in Melton had attained Year 12 or its equivalent. This was lower than the proportion across Victoria (79.8 per cent).
- Based on the 2010 On Track cohort, 20.0 per cent of early school leavers in Melton were looking for work six month later. This was greater than the percentage across Victoria (16.6 per cent).

Safety

- In 2009 2010, 14.9 per 1000 adolescents in Melton were victims of a reported crime. This was lower than the rate across Victoria (17.5 per 1000 adolescents).
- In 2009 2010, 36.8 per 1000 adolescents in Melton were alleged offenders of crime. Of the 415 alleged offences committed by an adolescent in Melton, 30.8 per cent were crimes against the person and 52.3 per cent were crimes against property.
- During 2009 2010, 1.1 per 1000 adolescents in Melton were placed on community based orders. This was lower than the rate across Victoria (1.5 per 1000 adolescents).

Teenage lifestyle

- In 2008, the rate of babies born to teenage women in Melton was 14.1 per 1000 women aged 15 to 19 years. This was greater than the rate in Victoria (10.6 per 1000 teenage women).
- In 2009, 45.7 per cent of adolescents aged 12 to 14 surveyed in Melton had ever consumed alcohol, while 21.2 per cent had consumed alcohol in the past 30 days. Among older adolescents aged 15 to 17 years, the proportions were significantly higher, with 77.2 per cent having ever consumed alcohol and 58.7 per cent having done so in the last 30 days.
- In 2009, 13.8 per cent of adolescents aged 12 to 14 years in Melton and 40.4 per cent of older adolescents (aged 15 to 17 years), reported that they had smoked cigarettes.
- In 2009, 2.8 per cent of adolescents aged 12 to 14 years in Melton had tried marijuana, 5.9 per cent had sniffed glue or chromed and 1.1 per cent had tried another form of illegal drugs. Among older adolescents aged 15 to 17 years in Melton, 13.8 per cent had tried marijuana, 5.7 per cent had sniffed glue or chromed and 1.6 per cent had tried another form of illegal drugs.
- In 2009, 4.6 per cent of 12-14 year old students and 21.0 per cent of 15-17 year old students in Melton reported that they have had sexual intercourse. The mean age of initiation of sexual intercourse for adolescents in Victoria was 15 years old.



Teenage lifestyle ... continued

- In 2009, 73.3 per cent of sexually active adolescents surveyed in Melton reported that they practiced safe sex by using a condom. This was higher than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (58.1 per cent).
- In 2009, 76.6 per cent of sexually active adolescent females in Melton have used contraception to avoid pregnancy. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (78.9 per cent).
- In 2009, 62.5 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton had a trusted adult in their life. This proportion was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (70.8 per cent).

Promoting adolescent wellbeing

• In 2009 - 2010, the rate of child protection substantiations in Melton was 6.0 per 1000 adolescents. This was greater than the rate across Victoria (4.4 per 1000 adolescents).

Financial hardship and family functioning

- As there were less than 10 public housing allocations to households with adolescents in Melton during 2008 2009, a public housing retention rate could not be derived for this area.
- In 2009, 81.3 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton were living in families with healthy family functioning. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion across Victoria (83.1 per cent).

Physical and social environment

- In 2009, 81.0 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton said they had someone to turn to for advice. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (86.1 per cent).
- In 2009, 74.3 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Melton were satisfied with the quality of their life. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (77.1 per cent).
- In Melton, 63.9 per cent of adolescents reported that they help make decisions at school, while 57.2 per cent reported that they helped make decisions at home.

Neighbourhood facilities and safety

- In 2009, 9.5 per cent of adolescents in Melton felt that lack of access to transport impacted on their ability to work, study, see a doctor or socialise. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (9.3 per cent).
- In 2009, 74.5 per cent of adolescents in Melton reported feeling safe in their neighbourhood. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (82.4 per cent).
- In 2009 2010, there were 6,120 reported crimes in Melton, representing a rate of 61.2 per 1000 population. This was lower than the crime rate in Victoria during this period.



Children attend and enjoy school

- On average, adolescent students attending government schools in Melton were absent 20.4 days during the 2009 school year. In 2009, the average number of absence days was highest for Year 9 students (24.6 average absence days), and lowest for Year 5 students (16.4 average absence days).
- In 2010, the highest mean school connectedness results for adolescent students in Melton was observed for Year 5 students (mean school connectedness score of 4.27) and the lowest mean score observed for Year 11 students (mean school connectedness score of 3.23).

Adequate supports for vulnerable teenagers

- In 2009, 78.9 per cent of adolescents in Melton felt that they could access physical health services if needed. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (79.4 per cent).
- In 2009, 69.3 per cent of adolescents in Melton felt that they could access mental health services if needed. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (70.4 per cent).
- In 2009, 67.8 per cent of adolescents in Melton felt that they could access dental health services if needed. This was significantly lower than the proportion reported across Victoria (78.3 per cent).