

Adolescent Community Profiles

Summary sheet for the City of Knox

Note: LGA data has been presented where available. Otherwise broader DEECD regional level data has been substituted. This resource is intended to compliment the Adolescent Community Profiles. Please refer to the relevant pages in the profile for explanation of terms used and data caveats.

Population and projections

- At 30 June 2009, there was an estimated 17,490 adolescents aged 10 to 17 residing in Knox, representing 11.2 per cent of the area's total population.
- Based on DPCD projections, the population aged 10 to 17 years in Knox is expected to decrease by 20.8 per cent from 18,339 in 2006 to 14,531 by 2026.

Physical health and wellbeing

- In 2009, 16.8 per cent of adolescents in Knox reported eating the minimum recommended serves of fruit and vegetables each day. This was lower than the proportion reported across Victoria (19.0 per cent).
- During 2009 2010, the top three causes of hospitalisations for adolescents in Knox were: 'Acute appendicitis unspecified' (rate of 223.0 per 100,000 adolescents), 'Other and unspecified abdominal pain' (rate of 177.2 per 100,000 adolescents) and 'Gastroenteritis & colitis unspecified' (rate of 171.5 per 100,000 adolescents).
- In 2009, 16.4 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox did the recommended amount of physical activity every day. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (12.3 per cent).
- In 2009, 66.0 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox used electronic media for more than two hours per day. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (58.7 per cent).

Behaviour and mental health

- In 2009, 46.2 per cent of adolescents in Knox reported being recently bullied. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (44.6 per cent).
- During 2008 2009, the hospitalisation rate for intentional self harm was 0.3 per 1,000 adolescents in Knox. This was lower than the rate in Victoria (0.6 per 1,000 adolescents).
- During 2009 2010, there were 7.8 psychiatric hospitalisations per 1,000 adolescents in Knox. This was greater than the rate in Victoria (6.7 per 1,000 adolescents).
- In 2009, 13.9 per cent of adolescents in Knox reported very high levels of psychological distress. This was higher than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (13.0 per cent).
- In 2009, 60.7 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox had positive psychological development. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (61.1 per cent).



Learning

- In Knox, 93.6 per cent of Year 5 students, 96.8 per cent of Year 7 students and 93.8 per cent of Year 9 students achieved the national minimum standard in reading in the 2010 NAPLAN.
- 94.3 per cent of Year 5 students, 94.1 per cent of Year 7 students and 89.3 per cent of Year 9 students in Knox achieved the national minimum standard in writing in the 2010 NAPLAN.
- In Knox, 96.3 per cent of Year 5 students, 98.0 per cent of Year 7 students and 96.7 per cent of Year 9 students achieved the national minimum standard in numeracy in the 2010 NAPLAN.
- In 2010, the Year 10 12 apparent retention rates of full-time equivalent students in the Eastern Metropolitan region was 90.3 per cent. This was greater than the apparant retention rate across Victoria (82.4 per cent).
- In 2009, 79.5 per cent of young people aged 19 years in Knox had attained Year 12 or its equivalent. This was lower than the proportion across Victoria (79.8 per cent).
- Based on the 2010 On Track cohort, 19.6 per cent of early school leavers in Knox were looking for work six month later. This was greater than the percentage across Victoria (16.6 per cent).

Safety

- In 2009 2010, 12.4 per 1000 adolescents in Knox were victims of a reported crime. This was lower than the rate across Victoria (17.5 per 1000 adolescents).
- In 2009 2010, 54.0 per 1000 adolescents in Knox were alleged offenders of crime. Of the 945 alleged offences
 committed by an adolescent in Knox, 15.4 per cent were crimes against the person and 71.0 per cent were
 crimes against property.
- During 2009 2010, 1.6 per 1000 adolescents in Knox were placed on community based orders. This was similar to the rate across Victoria (1.5 per 1000 adolescents).

Teenage lifestyle

- In 2008, the rate of babies born to teenage women in Knox was 6.8 per 1000 women aged 15 to 19 years. This was lower than the rate in Victoria (10.6 per 1000 teenage women).
- In 2009, 55.2 per cent of adolescents aged 12 to 14 surveyed in Knox had ever consumed alcohol, while 35.4 per cent had consumed alcohol in the past 30 days. Among older adolescents aged 15 to 17 years, the proportions were significantly higher, with 80.5 per cent having ever consumed alcohol and 54.2 per cent having done so in the last 30 days.
- In 2009, 25.8 per cent of adolescents aged 12 to 14 years in Knox and 40.9 per cent of older adolescents (aged 15 to 17 years), reported that they had smoked cigarettes.
- In 2009, 7.6 per cent of adolescents aged 12 to 14 years in Knox had tried marijuana, 13.2 per cent had sniffed glue or chromed and 3.8 per cent had tried another form of illegal drugs. Among older adolescents aged 15 to 17 years in Knox, 17.1 per cent had tried marijuana, 6.6 per cent had sniffed glue or chromed and 7.1 per cent had tried another form of illegal drugs.
- In 2009, 6.4 per cent of 12-14 year old students and 37.1 per cent of 15-17 year old students in Knox reported that they have had sexual intercourse. The mean age of initiation of sexual intercourse for adolescents in Victoria was 15 years old.



Teenage lifestyle ... continued

- In 2009, 54.8 per cent of sexually active adolescents surveyed in Knox reported that they practiced safe sex by using a condom. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (58.1 per cent).
- In 2009, 72.1 per cent of sexually active adolescent females in Knox have used contraception to avoid pregnancy. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (78.9 per cent).
- In 2009, 69.3 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox had a trusted adult in their life. This proportion was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (70.8 per cent).

Promoting adolescent wellbeing

• In 2009 - 2010, the rate of child protection substantiations in Knox was 4.4 per 1000 adolescents. This was similar to the rate across Victoria (4.4 per 1000 adolescents).

Financial hardship and family functioning

- In Knox, there were 10 public housing allocations to household with adolescents during 2008 2009. Of these, 100.0 per cent remained in that public housing allocation 12 months after the inital allocation.
- In 2009, 78.0 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox were living in families with healthy family functioning. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion across Victoria (83.1 per cent).

Physical and social environment

- In 2009, 84.2 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox said they had someone to turn to for advice. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (86.1 per cent).
- In 2009, 74.5 per cent of adolescents surveyed in Knox were satisfied with the quality of their life. This was lower than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (77.1 per cent).
- In Knox, 59.2 per cent of adolescents reported that they help make decisions at school, while 55.9 per cent reported that they helped make decisions at home.

Neighbourhood facilities and safety

- In 2009, 8.9 per cent of adolescents in Knox felt that lack of access to transport impacted on their ability to work, study, see a doctor or socialise. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (9.3 per cent).
- In 2009, 82.7 per cent of adolescents in Knox reported feeling safe in their neighbourhood. This was higher than, but not significantly different to that reported across Victoria (82.4 per cent).
- In 2009 2010, there were 8,241 reported crimes in Knox, representing a rate of 52.8 per 1000 population. This was lower than the crime rate in Victoria during this period.



Children attend and enjoy school

- On average, adolescent students attending government schools in Knox were absent 16.1 days during the 2009 school year. In 2009, the average number of absence days was highest for Year 10 students (21.6 average absence days), and lowest for Year 12 students (11.9 average absence days).
- In 2010, the highest mean school connectedness results for adolescent students in Knox was observed for Year 5 students (mean school connectedness score of 4.42) and the lowest mean score observed for Year 9 students (mean school connectedness score of 3.30).

Adequate supports for vulnerable teenagers

- In 2009, 74.5 per cent of adolescents in Knox felt that they could access physical health services if needed. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (79.4 per cent).
- In 2009, 69.2 per cent of adolescents in Knox felt that they could access mental health services if needed. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (70.4 per cent).
- In 2009, 72.3 per cent of adolescents in Knox felt that they could access dental health services if needed. This was lower than, but not significantly different to the proportion reported across Victoria (78.3 per cent).